PRESENTATION AND INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

WESTPAC

2025 FULL YEAR FINANCIAL RESULTS

FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2025



WESTPAC 2025 FULL YEAR RESULTS INDEX

2025 Full Year Results Presentation **Investor Discussion Pack** 36 **Earnings drivers** 39 UNITE 50 Credit quality and provisions 53 Capital, funding and liquidity 76 Supporting our customers 88 Segment results 99 106 Sustainability 112 **Economics Appendix** 118 Contact us 124 125 **Disclaimer**





ANTHONY MILLER

Chief Executive Officer





SUPPORTING COMMUNITIES

\$199m

in community investment¹

>500

charities supported via employee donations

~\$350m

cost to support cash services

100

scholarships awarded each year²

FINANCIAL LITERACY

programs in Australia, New Zealand and the Pacific \$11m

contributed by the Westpac and Regional Foundations²

65,538

hours volunteered by employees

\$56.1m

spent with diverse suppliers³

\$3.5bn

income tax expense and bank levy

¹ Figure includes foregone fee revenue and commercial sponsorships. 2 In FY25, Westpac Group provided support to the Westpac Community Trust and the Westpac Buckland Fund (known as the Westpac Foundation), Westpac Scholars Trust and the St George Foundation Trust (known as St George Foundation, BankSA Foundation and the Bank of Melbourne Foundation). While Westpac was involved in establishing these foundations, they are non-profit organisations that are separate to the Westpac Group. The trustee of St George Foundation Trust (St George Foundation Limited) is a related body corporate of Westpac. 3 Refer to the 2025 Sustainability Index and Datasheet for information.



FY25 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

\$7.0bn

Net profit ex Notable Items¹

✓ 2% to FY24

84.9%

Deposit to loan ratio

▲ 137bps to FY24

7%

Deposit growth

to \$723bn

153

FY25 ordinary dividends

^ 1% to FY24

11.0%

ROTE ex Notable Items¹

24bps to FY24

53.0%

Cost to income ratio ex Notable Items¹

3ppts to FY24

6%

Loan growth

to \$856bn

12.5%

CET1 capital ratio

↑ 4bps to FY24

¹ Refer to page 20 for statutory net profit. Net profit ex Notable Items, ROTE ex Notable Items and cost to income ex Notable Items are used for internal management reporting as they better reflect underlying performance and are not defined by nor audited or reviewed in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AAS). These non-AAS measures are identified and described in the 'Introduction – Non-AAS financial measures' section in the 2025 Annual Report.



MEASURING PROGRESS

SER	ICE
EXCEL	LENCE

Metric	Sep-25	Sep-29 Target
Consumer: NPS¹	=#2	#1
Business: NPS¹	#3	#1
Institutional: RSI ²	=#3	#1

BEST WAY

Complete UNITE on time	In progress	Complete
Complete UNITE on budget	\$807m ³	~40% of total investment over FY25 to 1H29
Employee engagement	80 (top quartile)	Top decile

PERFORM

Cost to income ratio 3.7ppts above⁵ relative to peers4

Less than peer average

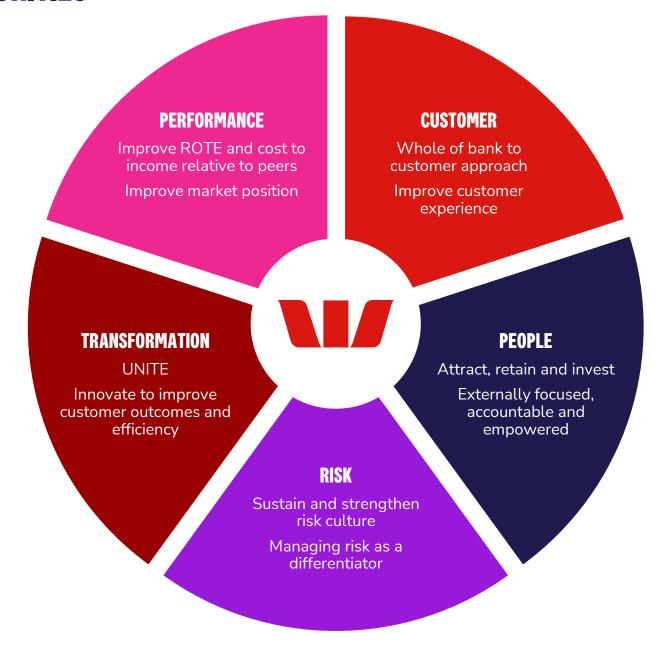
Return on tangible equity relative to peers⁴ 1.5ppts below⁵

Greater than

peer average

¹ For definitions see page 122. 2 Coalition Greenwich Voice of Client 2025 Australia Large Corporate Relationship Banking Study. 3 Cumulative spend Oct-23 to Sep-25. 4 Excludes Notable Items. 5 Based on 1H25. The information on this page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation reflecting Westpac's current views on future events. They are subject to change without notice and certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions which are, in many instances, beyond its control. They have been based upon management's expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effect on Westpac. Should one or more of the risks or uncertainties materialise, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and statements of expectation. Except as required by law, Westpac is not responsible for updating, or obliged to update, any matter arising after the date of this presentation. The information in this page is subject to the information in Westpac's ASX filings, including in its 2025 Annual Report and elsewhere in this presentation.

STRATEGIC PRIORITIES





IMPROVING CUSTOMER SERVICE



















¹ Time to decision. 12 month median (50th percentile) time to unconditional approval. 2 Financial Markets onboarding for Commercial customers. 3 The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2025, Q3 2024 and Q3 2023.



INVESTING IN OUR PEOPLE

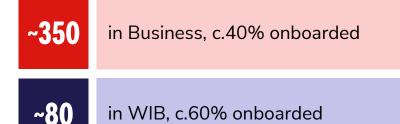
ATTRACTING AND RETAINING TALENT

- Refreshed Executive leadership team
- 'Employer of Choice' award for large organisations¹
- 49% women in leadership²
- 92%³ employee retention

VALUE PROPOSITION

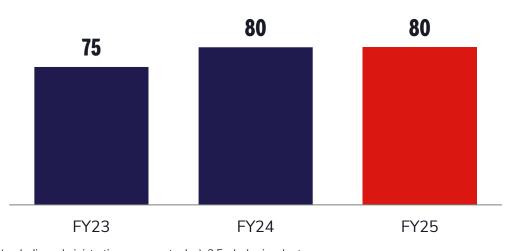
- New leadership program including dedicated female advancement programs
- Business Performance Academy relaunched –
 35k hours in professional development completed
- Expanded employee banking, health and leave benefits

Investing in front line bankers



~180 in Consumer, c.40% onboarded

Organisational Health Index



¹ Australian HR Awards. 2 Senior Leadership includes Executive Team, General Managers and their direct reports (excluding administrative or support roles). 3 Excludes involuntary.



STRONG DEPOSIT GROWTH

CONSUMER DEPOSITS

\$366bn up 10%1

- Transaction account growth 6%¹
- Ability to apply for a transaction account before arriving in Australia

BUSINESS DEPOSITS³

\$152bn up 6%1

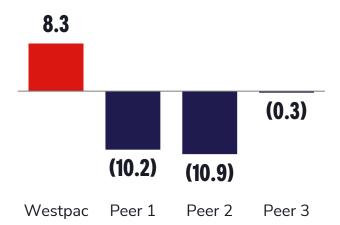
- Transaction account growth 13%¹
- OnlinePay launched in Apr-25 1,000 businesses onboarded

INSTITUTIONAL DEPOSITS

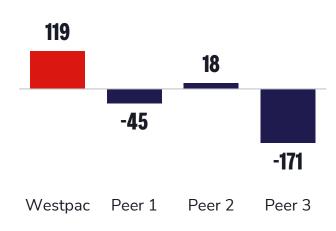
\$131bn up 10%1

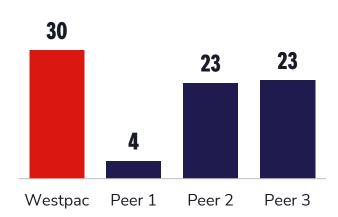
- Public sector deposit growth 11%^{1,2}
- Strong growth in corporate deposits

Household growth² (\$bn)



FY25 change in Business MFI⁴ (bps) Public sector market share² (%)





¹ Compared to Sep-24. 2 ADI System published by APRA in the Monthly ADI statistics. 3 Business & Wealth segment. 4 For further details see page 122.



BUSINESS & INSTITUTIONAL LENDING MOMENTUM

BUSINESS LENDING¹

\$115bn up 15%²

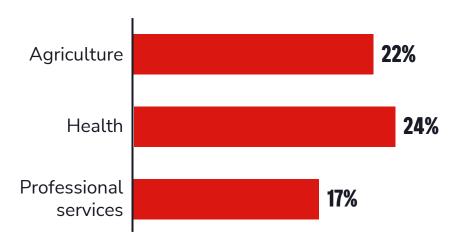
- 69% of new lending with existing customers
- Investing to grow proprietary lending
- Stressed exposures to TCE down 43bps to 4.81%

INSTITUTIONAL LENDING

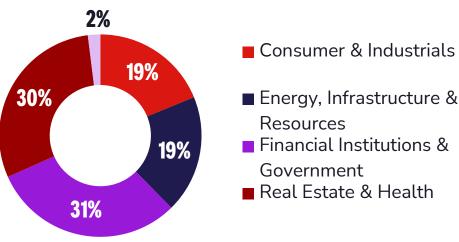
\$118bn up 17%²

- 78% of new lending with existing customers
- #1 in renewable energy financing³
- Stressed exposures to TCE down 6bps to 0.70%

Growth in target sectors



Diversified portfolio



¹ Business & Wealth segment. 2 Compared to Sep-24. 3 IJ Global league table database, Australia, 12 months to 30 September 2025. Charts may not add due to rounding

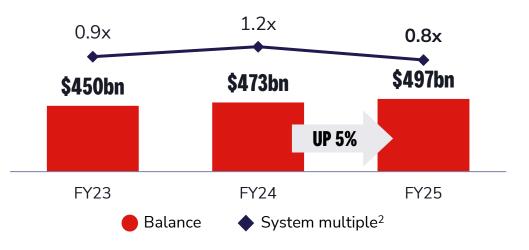


MORTGAGES: BALANCING GROWTH AND RETURN

Targeted growth

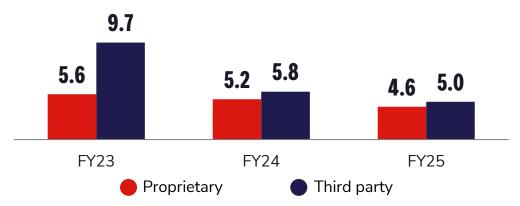
- Targeting higher returning segments and channels
 - Investor lending flow up c.4ppts
 - <80% LVR lending flow up c.3ppts</p>
- Continuing to improve service and efficiency
 - Unit costs down
 - RWA optimised

Mortgages¹



Improved service across all channels

Time to Decision by channel (days)³



IMPROVING PROPRIETARY PERFORMANCE

- Investing in an additional 180 Home Finance Managers
- Reward and recognition revised
- 'Book a Banker' launching in early 2026
- Optimising lead quality
- Brand investment driving higher consideration

This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125. 1 Westpac ex. RAMS. 2 Sep-24. 3 12-month median (50th percentile) time to unconditional approval.



UNITE: ONE BEST WAY

PROGRAM DISCOVERY COMPLETE

- Scope set
- Single deposit ledger decision impacts incorporated
- Downstream impacts and interdependencies scoped
- Plan extends into FY29

INVESTMENT SPEND

- Expect to invest \$850 \$950 million in FY26
- c.40% of total investment spend¹ FY27 FY28
- Lower spend in FY29
- · c.75% of spend to be expensed

PROGRAM IN EXECUTION

- Centralised UNITE delivery team c.1,600 people
 - Common skillsets and capability
 - Clearer accountabilities
- Initiatives amalgamated into 10 work packages
- Program structure and delivery approach designed to
 - Manage challenges as they arise
 - Optimise cadence and capacity

This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125. 1 Total investment expected to be c.\$2bn p.a.

GOVERNANCE

BOARD

Active Director engagement through Directors oversight working group and regular Board reporting at every meeting



EXECUTIVE LEADERSHIP

Weekly CEO meeting – risk and performance tracking to committed outcomes



PROGRAM LEADERSHIP

A team of functional experts focused on initiative delivery with external partners providing technical advice to support the program and Board



DELIVERY

Business accountable for outcomes



14

UNITE: ONE BEST WAY

FY25 achievements

- One chat platform Consolidated 2 platforms to 1
- Extended functionality for multiple offset accounts
- 6,000 additional bankers migrated onto Digital Banker
- Transitioned customers to a single Private Bank
- One Trade Finance system for Institutional clients

Program status

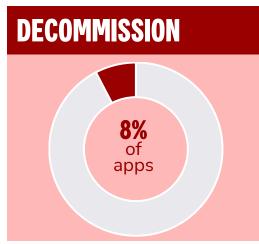
- \$660m invested in FY25, 76% expensed
- 8 initiatives complete
- 51 initiatives underway, initiative status¹:
 - 13 scope confirmed
 - 20 Green
 - 13 Amber
 - 5 Red

Percentage complete by project stage









This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125. 1 Status rating changes with the identification and resolution of issues.



BIZEDGE: FAST, SIMPLE, DIGITAL LENDING ORIGINATION

Expected outcomes¹

Reduce banker loan processing time by

~50%

Reduce TTD² by

~60%

Decommission Legacy systems and tools

27+

Total Investment FY24 to FY29

c.\$300m

Achievements to date

2 releases

>5k applications

\$4.8bn
New lending

>1hr

banker time saved per application

~45%

TTD² reduced

5 systems and tools

removed

CUSTOMER BENEFITS

- Digital experience
- Reduces customer input by 50%
- Real time application tracking

BANKER BENEFITS

- Guided processes
- Automated searches³
- Streamlined document management

¹ These expected outcomes contain 'forward-looking statements' and are subject to assumptions, risks and other important information in the Disclaimer on page 125. 2 Time to decision. 3 Company and Personal Property Securities Register (PPSR) searches.



WESTPAC ONE - NEXT GENERATION BANKING CAPABILITY

Expected outcomes¹





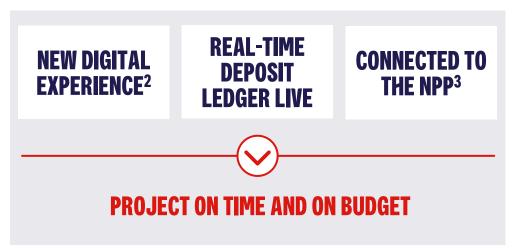




INVESTMENT COST c.\$400m

PROGRESSIVE THREE YEAR ROLLOUT

FY25 achievements



Westpac One platform launch Dec-25

- Integrated accounts, payments and FX risk management to be rolled out to FX customers
- Real time Treasury management pilot with small number of pilot clients



¹ These expected outcomes contain 'forward-looking statements' and are subject to assumptions, risks and other important information in the Disclaimer on page 125. 2 Including Westpac One mobile app, eTokens and eSignatures. 3 Domestic payment scheme.



AI: ENABLING DEEPER CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS

Al is delivering

JESS AI ASSISTANT

Helps spot scams in real time Assisted >20k calls

MORTGAGE AI ASSESSOR

Faster lending decisions Supporting 700 assessors

GEN AI TOOLS

Transforming how we work Used by >15,000 employees

AI SHARK TANK

1,200 ideas to improve customer experience, productivity & knowledge management

Westpac Intelligence Layer

- Leveraging data from 251 systems in one place to deliver smarter decisions
- 5x faster to deploy models so we can better anticipate customers' needs
- Conversational intelligence supporting bankers to deliver excellence in customer service

DELIVERING A
SMARTER, SAFER AND
MORE PRODUCTIVE
BANK WITH AI



NATHAN GOONAN

Chief Financial Officer

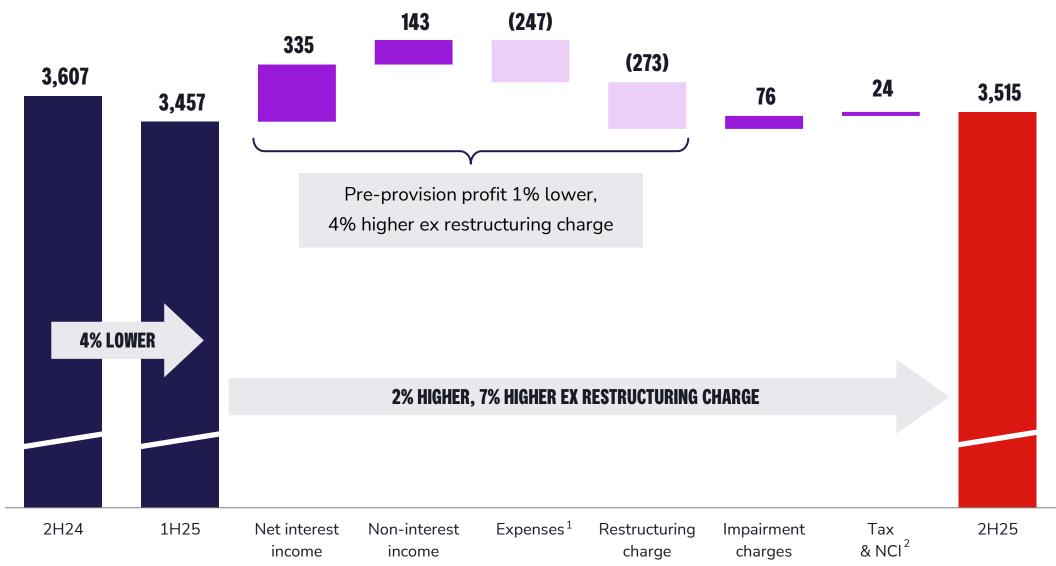


FY25 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	FY24	FY25	Change
Net profit	\$6,990m	\$6,916m	(1%)
Notable Items	(\$123m)	(\$56m)	(54%)
Excluding Notable Items:			
Net profit	\$7,113m	\$6,972m	(2%)
Earnings Per Share	204c	204c	Flat
Revenue	\$21.8bn	\$22.5bn	3%
Expenses	(\$10.9bn)	(\$11.9bn)	9%
Expenses excluding restructuring charge	(\$10.9bn)	(\$11.6bn)	6%
Pre-provision profit	\$10.8bn	\$10.5bn	(3%)
Impairment charges to average loans annualised	7 bps	5 bps	(2 bps)



1H25 - 2H25 NET PROFIT EXCLUDING NOTABLE ITEMS (\$M)



¹ Excludes the restructuring charge. 2 Non-controlling interests.



DEPOSIT GROWTH (\$BN)

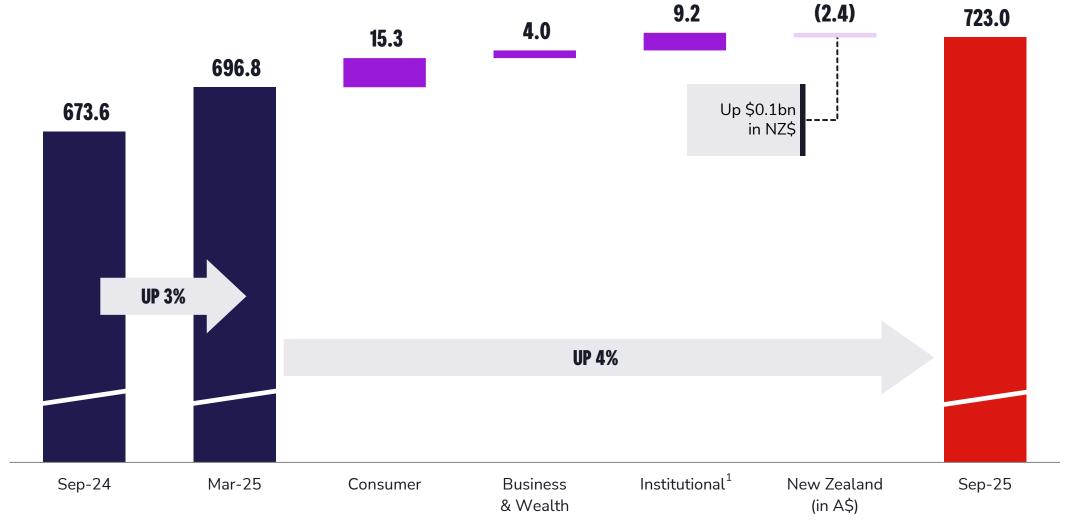


Chart may not add due to rounding. 1 Includes Treasury.



GROSS LOANS (\$BN)

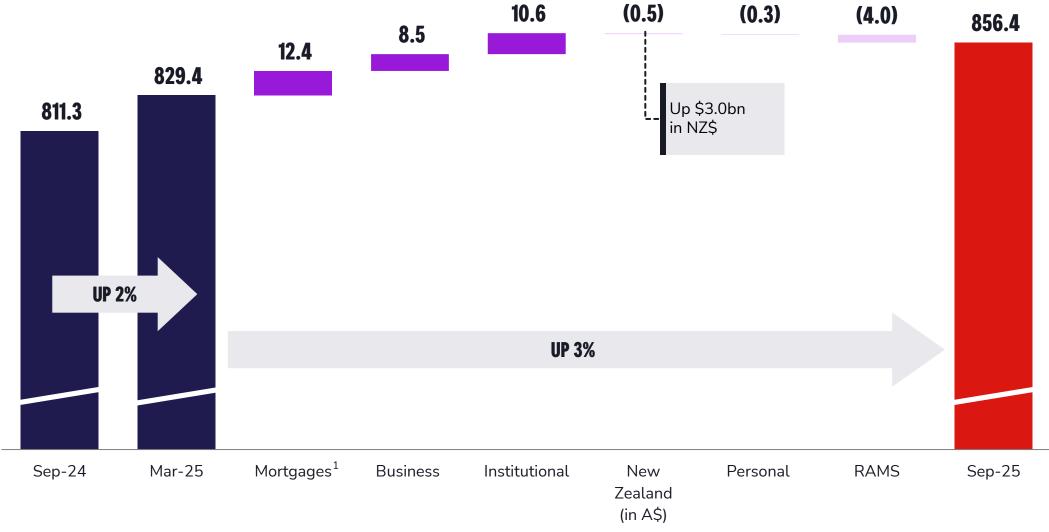
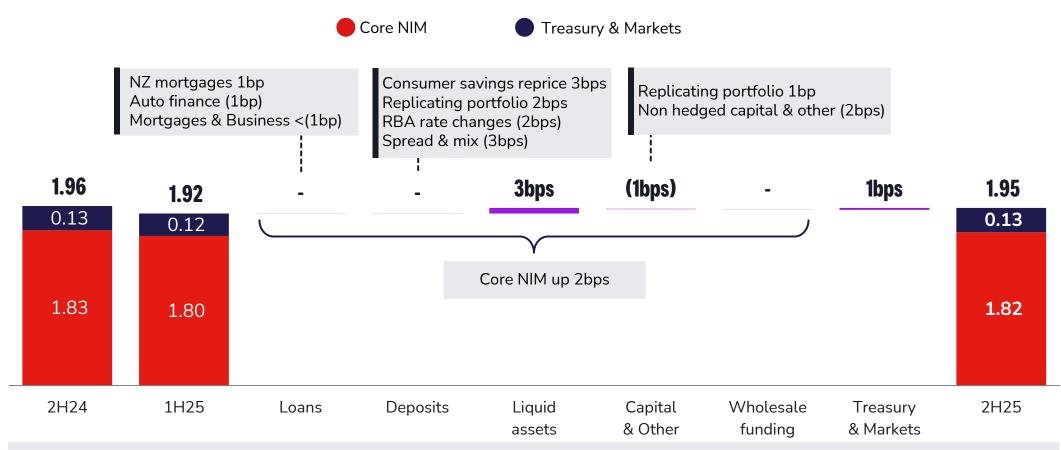


Chart may not add due to rounding. 1 Australian, excluding RAMS.



NET INTEREST MARGIN (%)



Key considerations 1H26

- Hedged deposits up \$3bn in Sep-25 and \$7bn in Oct-25
- Net replicating portfolio benefit ~1bps¹

Sensitivities

- 25bps RBA rate cut on unhedged low rate deposits and capital: ~1bp² annualised
- 5bps move in 3mth Bills/OIS: ~1bp³ annualised

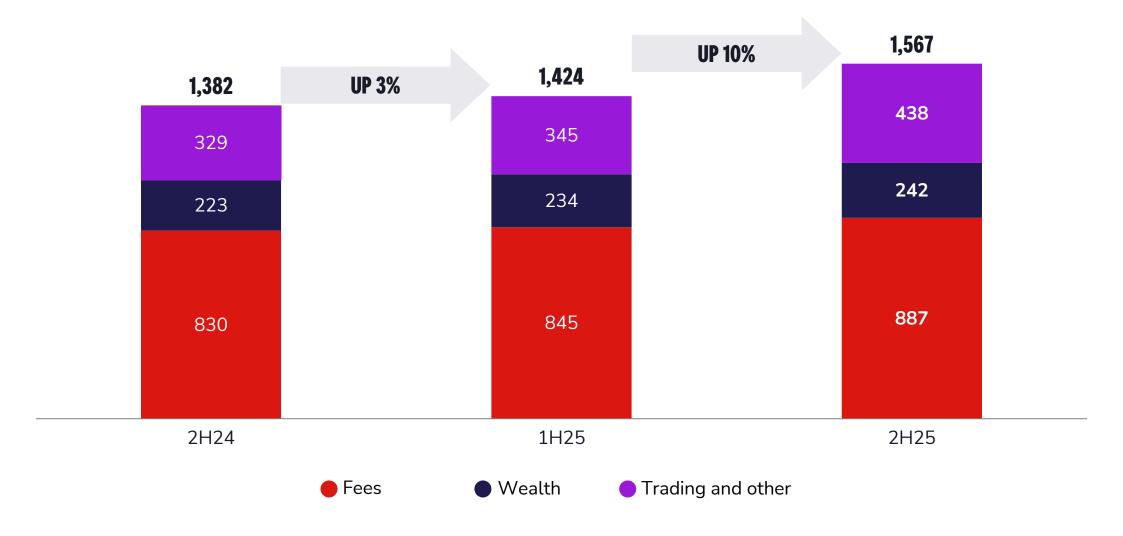
This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125.

1 Excludes benefit from \$10bn increase in deposit hedge (+3bps) which is offset by a reduction in non hedged balances (-3bps). Based on market implied 3 and 5 year swap rates trajectory as of 30 September 2025. 2 Based on 30-Sep-25 balances. 3 Based on 30-Sep-25 rates and balances.



NON-INTEREST INCOME

Non-interest income by type (\$m)





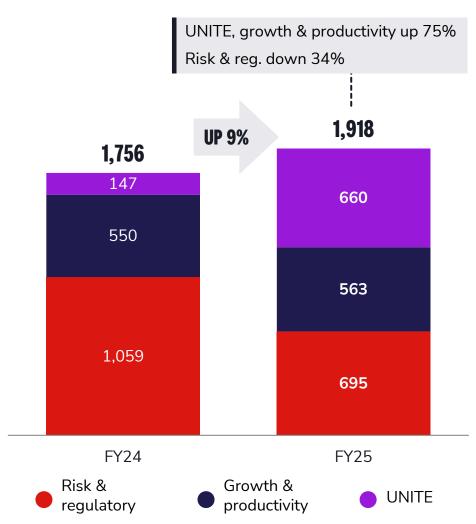
INVESTMENT SPEND

Investment spend	FY24	FY25
Total expensed	56%	60%
Capitalised software balance (\$m)	2,675	2,414
Amortisation expense (\$m)	889	995

Key considerations for FY26

- Investment spend ~\$2bn
- Increase in UNITE spend to \$850m \$950m, ~75% expensed
- Expect reductions in both growth & productivity and risk & regulation spend
- Increase in amortisation expense to moderate

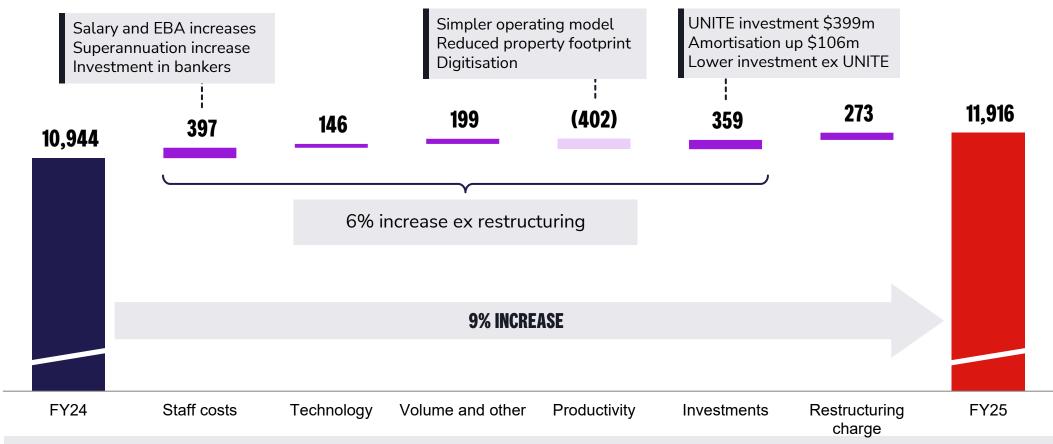
Investment spend (\$m)



This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125.



FY25 EXPENSES (\$M)



Key considerations for FY26

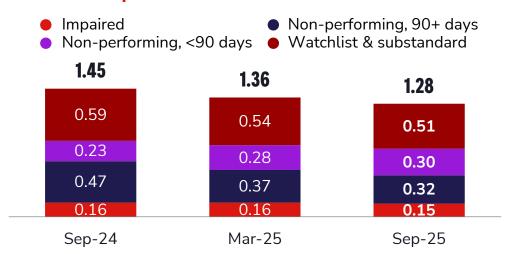
- EBA increase 3% to 4% and investment in bankers
- Increase in UNITE spend
- Fit for Growth benefits to contribute to targeted productivity of >\$500m in FY26

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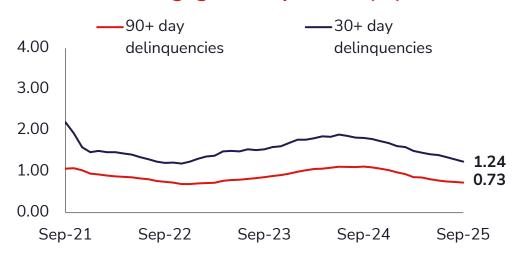


CREDIT QUALITY

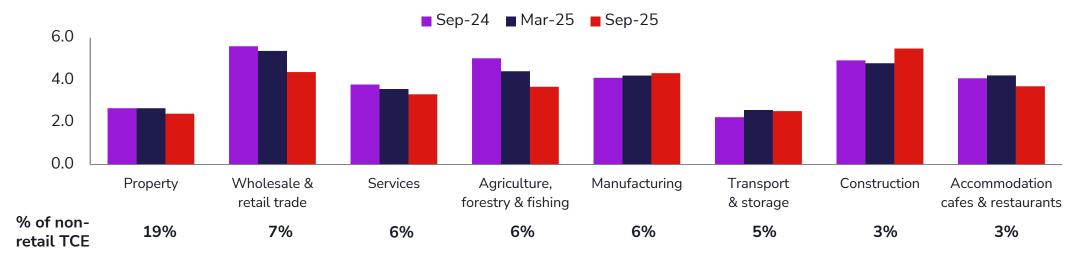
Stressed exposures as a % of TCE



Australian mortgage delinquencies (%)

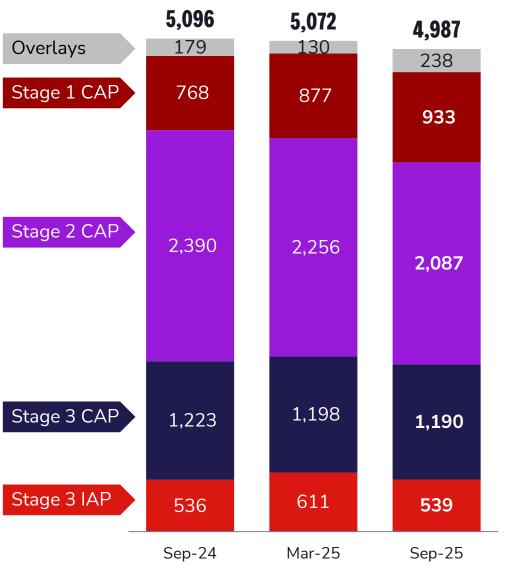


Corporate and business stressed exposures by industry sector (%)





IMPAIRMENT PROVISIONS \$1.9BN ABOVE BASE CASE (\$M)



CAP to credit RWA of 1.25%, down 1bps

CAP \$12m lower, key movements

- ✓ Commercial property prices & interest rate outlook
- ▼ Reduction in mortgage delinquencies
- ▲ Overlays increased \$108m
- ↑ 2.5ppt increase in downside scenario weight

IAP decreased \$72m due to a single name write-off

Impairment charges remain low, 4bps of average loans

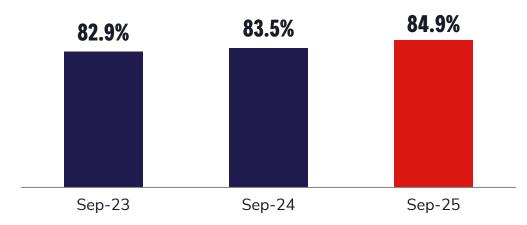
-	Base case		Downside
Forecasts for base case ECL ¹	2025	2026	Trough / peak
GDP growth	1.9%	2.4%	(6%)
Unemployment	4.4%	4.5%	11%
Residential property prices	5.6%	9.0%	(27%)
Commercial property prices	0.9%	3.8%	(32%)



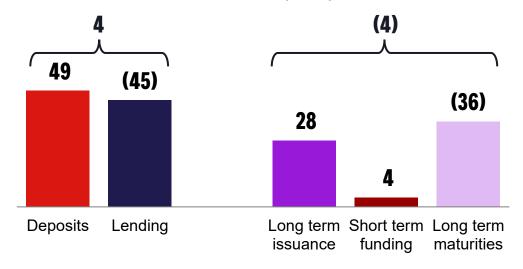
¹ Forecast date: 18 September 2025.

FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

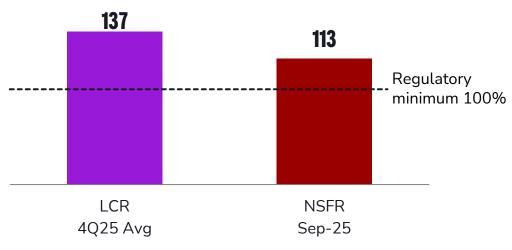
Deposit to loan ratio (%)



Sources and uses of funds (\$bn)



LCR and NSFR (%)



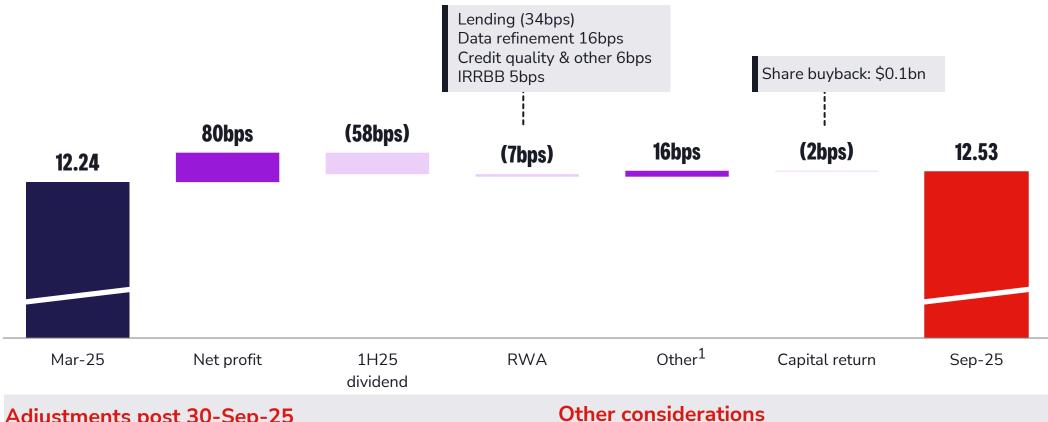
LCR deposit mix (%)





STRONG CAPITAL

CET1 capital ratio %



Adjustments post 30-Sep-25

- IRRBB standard changes 39bps
- Operational risk overlay removal 17bps

- Share buyback² (23bps)
- Standardised floor met



¹ Capital deductions and other items including FX translation impacts. 2 Remaining on market share buyback previously announced in Nov-23, May-24 and Nov-24.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

New target CET¹ capital ratio

>11.25%

Capital above target after 2H25 dividend

\$3.1bn

FY25 payout ratio of

75%

Target payout ratio range

65 - 75%

Dividend yield

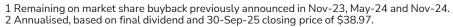
3.94%2

Fully franked

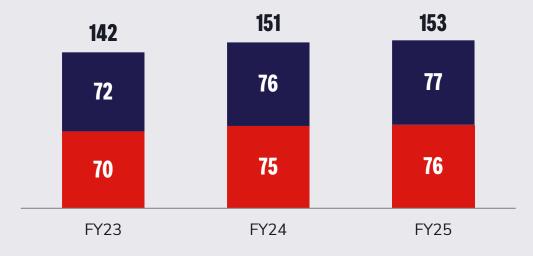
5.63%²

Neutralise

DRP



Ordinary dividends per share (cents)





ANTHONY MILLER

Chief Executive Officer



IMPROVING OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

OPPORTUNITIES

- · GDP recovering towards trend growth
- Real household disposable income on the rise
- Demand for credit robust

RISKS

- Ongoing trade and geopolitical tension
- Uneven transition from public to private sector activity
- Productivity growth remains elusive

Australian economics¹

	2025F	2026F
GDP	2.1%	2.4%
Housing credit	6.6%	6.5%
Business credit	9.0%	7.2%

Westpac insights¹

Consumer

GROWTH IN TOTAL SAVINGS BALANCES

8.4%

Sep-25, annual change

GROWTH IN CARD SPENDING

6.5%

Quarterly, annual change

Business industry cashflow gauge

Annual % change 4.8 3.8 3.7 Least improved -0.8 -1.5 Most improved -2.6 **Transport Business** Rec. Manuf. Agri. Health & Storage **Services Services**



This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125. 1 Source: Westpac DataX, Westpac Economics.

EXECUTION FOCUS – RIGHT PORTFOLIO MIX

CONSUMER

Personalised, digital-first experiences

Deepen customer relationships

Grow proprietary lending

33% Contribution to net profit

BUSINESS & WEALTH

Continue lending momentum

Leverage transaction banking capability

Expand banker presence, training and expertise

31% Contribution to net profit

INSTITUTIONAL

Invest in expert bankers

Deepen client relationships

Rollout Westpac One

23% Contribution to net profit

NEW ZEALAND

Improve position and returns

Personalised, digital-first experiences

Target growth in business lending

16%Contribution to net profit

DELIVER TRANSFORMATION AGENDA, INCLUDING UNITE

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INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

CREATING VALUE FOR OUR SHAREHOLDERS, CUSTOMERS, OUR PEOPLE, COMMUNITY AND THE ENVIRONMENT IN FY25

SHAREHOLDERS	CUSTOMERS	OUR PEOPLE	COMMUNITY	ENVIRONMENT
\$6.9bn Net Profit, down 1% on FY24	13 million Customers across the Group	80 Organisational Health Index in global top quartile	65,538 Hours volunteered by Westpac employees	89% Reduction in scope 1 and 2 emissions from our 2021 baseline ⁵
\$7.0bn Net Profit ex Notable Items, down 2% on FY24	#1 Mobile Banking App ¹	49% Women in senior leadership ²	\$3.5bn Income tax expense, including the bank levy	42% Reduction in scope 3 upstream emissions since 2021 ⁵
\$5.2bn To be returned to shareholders via dividends	+\$45bn Loans	35,236 Employees ³	\$56m Spent with diverse suppliers ⁵	37% Increase in sustainable finance lending ⁵
11.0% Return on tangible equity ex Notable Items, down 24 bps	+\$49bn Customer deposits	\$6.3bn Paid in salaries ⁴	100 New scholarships awarded in FY25 ⁶	40% Increase in sustainable bond facilitation ⁵

¹ The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2025. 2 Senior leadership includes executive team, general managers and their direct reports (excluding administrative or support roles). 3 Full time equivalent at 30 Sep-25. 4 Excluding restructuring charge. 5 Refer to the FY25 Sustainability Index and Datasheet for more information on the definitions and additional metrics. 6 Scholarships were awarded by Westpac Scholars Trust. Westpac Group provides support to Westpac Scholars Trust. While Westpac was involved in establishing this trust, it is a non-profit organisation that is separate to the Westpac Group



GENDER DIVERSITY

Females %	Sep-25	Target	Progress
Westpac Board	36	40:40:20 ¹	×
Executive Team	50	40:40:201	✓
General Managers	37	40 +/-2%	×
Senior Leadership ²	49	50 +/-2%	✓
Westpac workforce	54	50	✓

Median gender pay gap for total reward reduced by 1.2% to 28.1%.

Focus on reducing gender pay gap by improving gender diversity at all levels. Focus on increasing female representation in Technology, Finance, Institutional and Business Bank

Targeted initiatives:

- Illuminate program to develop aspiring female leaders. Every General Manager sponsors one participant
- New StepUP program launched to support career progression for women in mid-level roles. 220 participated in FY25
- New Career Sprints initiative connecting women to new areas in the bank, commenced with the institutional bank

INDIGENOUS REPRESENTATION

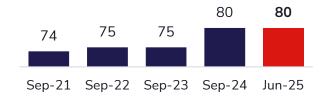
- Our Australian workforce identifying as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander increased to 1.15% at Sep-25 (Target: 1.5%)
- Our new RAP focuses on stronger leadership, retention, and long-term career growth for Indigenous employees. Our latest RAP is available on our website

OTHER INITIATIVES

- Supported 20 culturally diverse women with a dedicated program to advance their leadership
- Launched a new e-learning in NZ to help our people build cultural confidence and better understand Māori and Iwi customers and communities
- Cultural Diversity Shadowing program had 180+ participants in FY25
- Over 20 teams participated in training to improve ability to speak-up against exclusionary behaviours. Our Upstander Initiative
- Increased gender affirmation leave to 6 weeks; introduced family pathways leave; doubled Culture, Lifestyle & Wellbeing leave to 4 days

ORGANISATIONAL HEALTH

Organisational Health Index (OHI) score³



A new employee engagement survey has replaced OHI. Progress will be reported from FY26.

SUPPORTING MENTAL HEALTH

Chief Mental Health Officer overseeing Group mental health strategy since 2018

Mental Health Workplace Factors Review completed across Australian operations. Ongoing and targeted psychosocial risk assessments incorporated

10 Employee Advocacy Groups supporting inclusion, diversity and wellbeing

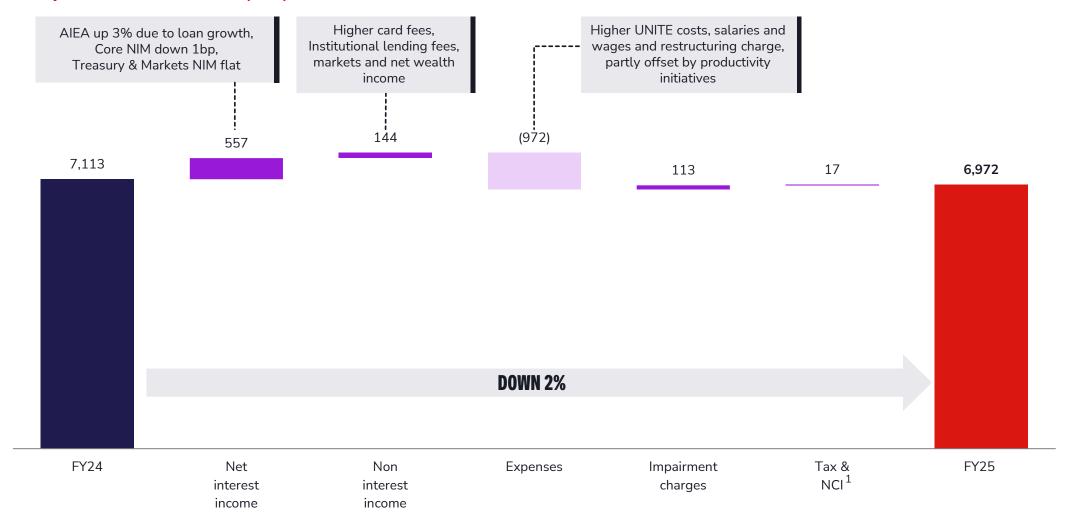
^{1 40%} women, 40% men and 20% of any gender. Westpac Board includes CEO. Executive team excludes CEO. 2 Senior leadership includes executive team, general managers and their direct reports (excluding administrative or support roles). 3 Our Voice+ survey includes McKinsey's Organisational Health Index – benchmarking Westpac's organisational health relative to global standards.



EARNINGS DRIVERS

FY25 NET PROFIT

Net profit FY24 - FY25 (\$m)

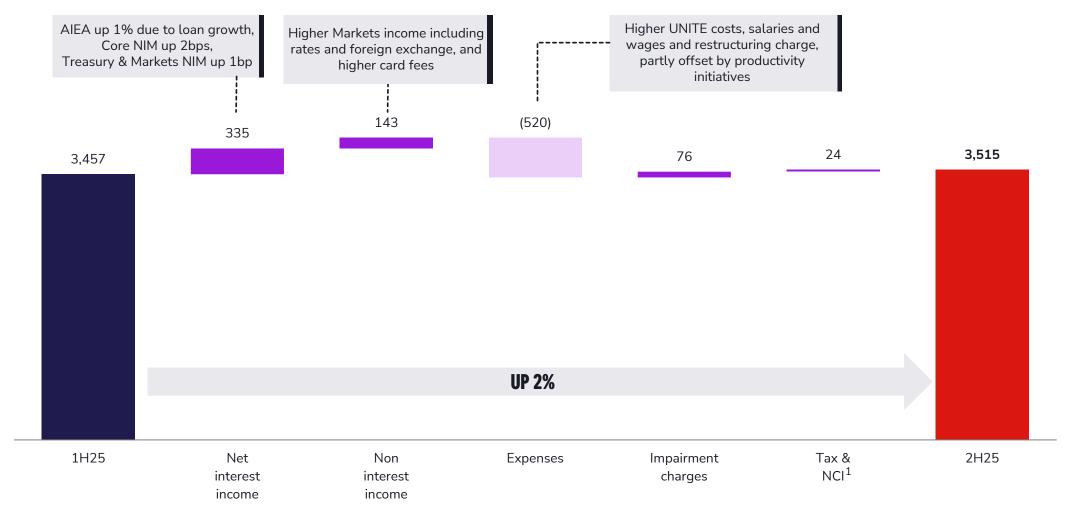


¹ Non-controlling interests.



2H25 NET PROFIT

Net profit 1H25 - 2H25 (\$m)



¹ Non-controlling interests.



NET PROFIT EXCLUDING NOTABLE ITEMS AND NET PROFIT RECONCILIATION

Net profit excluding notable items policy

- Net profit excluding Notable Items is a non-AAS financial performance measure used by Westpac for internal management reporting, as it provides a clearer view of the Group's underlying operational performance
- This measure is not defined under Australian
 Accounting Standards, nor is it audited or reviewed in
 accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and
 therefore does not represent a statutory financial metric

Notable Items (\$m after tax)	FY24	FY25	1H25	2H25
Asset sales and revaluations	-	-	-	-
Provisions for remediation, litigation, fines and penalties	-	-	-	-
Restructuring costs	-	-	-	-
Asset write-downs	-	-	-	-
Hedging items	(123)	(56)	(140)	84
Total Notable Items	(123)	(56)	(140)	84

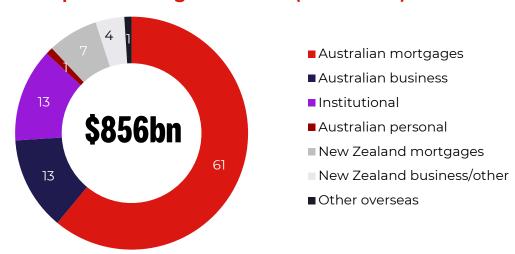
Reported net profit and net profit excluding notable item adjustments (\$m)

	FY24	FY25	1H25	2H25
Statutory net profit	6,990	6,916	3,317	3,599
Hedging items	(123)	(56)	(140)	84
Net profit excluding Notable Items	7,113	6,972	3,457	3,515
Earnings per ordinary share – ex Notables	204.4	203.6	100.8	102.8
Earnings per ordinary share – statutory	200.9	201.9	96.7	105.2

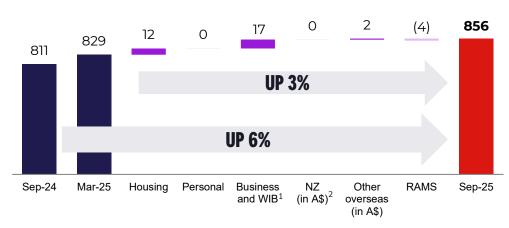


GROUP LOANS AND DEPOSITS

Composition of gross loans (% of total)

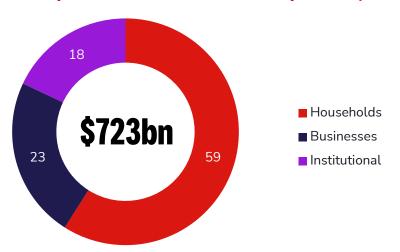


Movement in gross loans (\$bn)

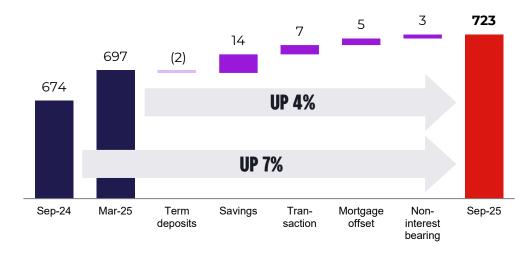


1 Only includes Australian lending. 2 Increase in local currency was NZ\$3.0bn.

Composition of customer deposits (% of total)



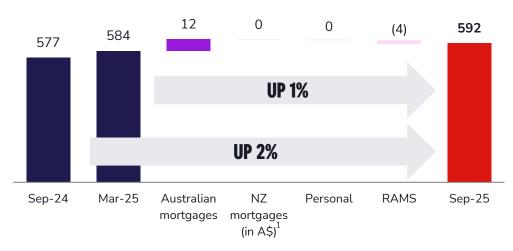
Movement in customer deposits (\$bn)



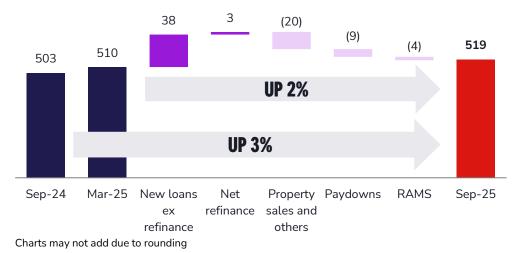


GROWTH IN LENDING

Mortgages and personal lending (\$bn)

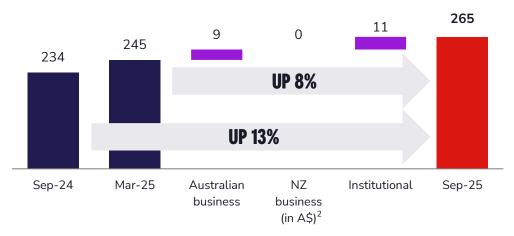


Australian mortgages (\$bn)

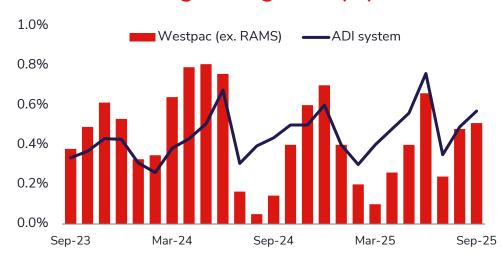


1 Increase in local currency was NZ\$1.8 billion. 2 Increase in local currency was NZ\$1.2 billion.

Business and institutional lending (\$bn)

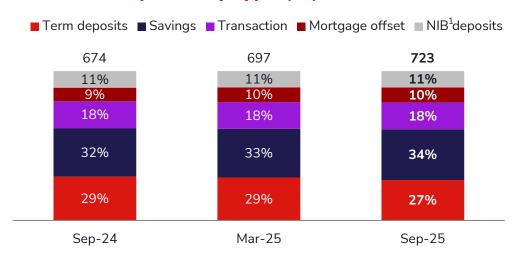


Australian housing credit growth (%)

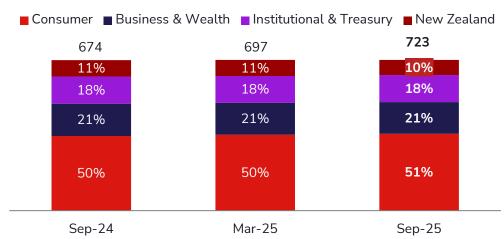




Customer deposits by type (%)



Customer deposits by segment (%)

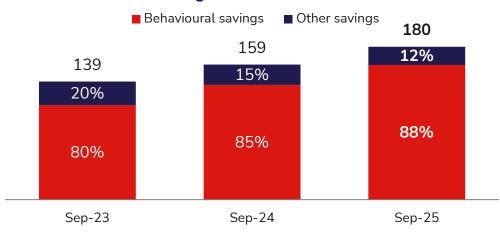


Australian household deposit growth (%)



Australian household savings deposit mix (%)2

84% of behavioural saving balances achieve the bonus rate



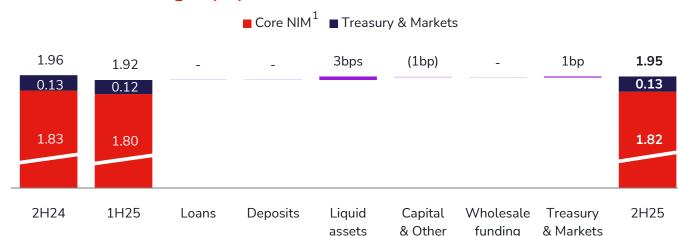
¹ Non-interest bearing. 2 Mix of Consumer savings accounts. Behavioural savings largely reflects Westpac Life and St.George Incentive Saver, other savings largely reflects Westpac E-saver and St.George Maxi.

Charts may not add due to rounding



NET INTEREST MARGIN

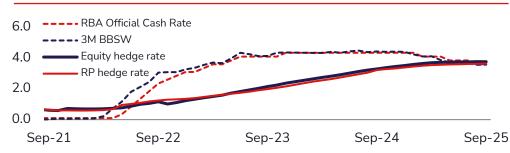
Net interest margin (%)



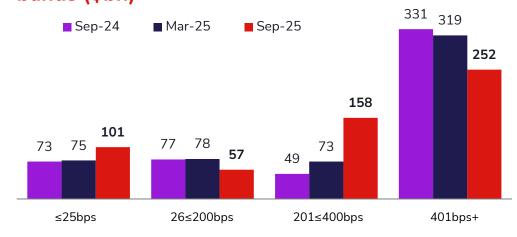
Composition of NIM (%)	FY24	FY25	1H25	2H25
Core NIM	1.82	1.81	1.80	1.82
Treasury & Markets	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.13
NIM	1.95	1.94	1.92	1.95

Replicating portfolio (RP) and equity hedge (%)

	Sep 25 balance	FY25 avg rate ¹	Spot rate ¹	Investment term	
Equity hedge	\$56bn	3.65%	3.77%	3 years	
Domestic deposit hedge	\$77bn	3.51%	3.65%	5 years	



Australian deposit balances² by interest rate bands (\$bn)

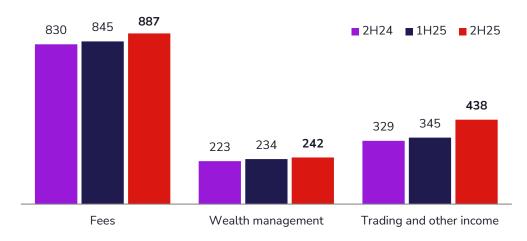


¹ Balance on equity and non-rate sensitive deposits at EOM Sep 25 to be earnt at the end of October 2025. The moving average hedge rate on equity and non-rate sensitive deposits. Spot rate represents the average rate for September 2025. 2 A\$ balances and excludes mortgage offset balances.

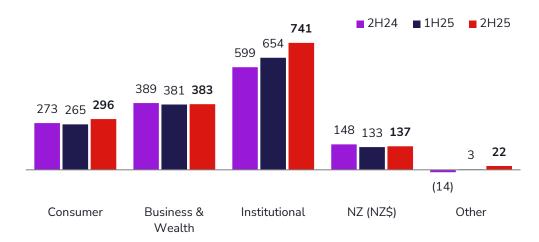


NON-INTEREST AND MARKETS INCOME

Non-interest income by type (\$m)



Non-interest income by segment (\$m)

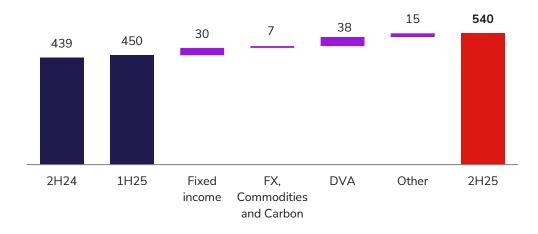


1 Includes Markets net interest income.

Net fee income by segment (\$m)

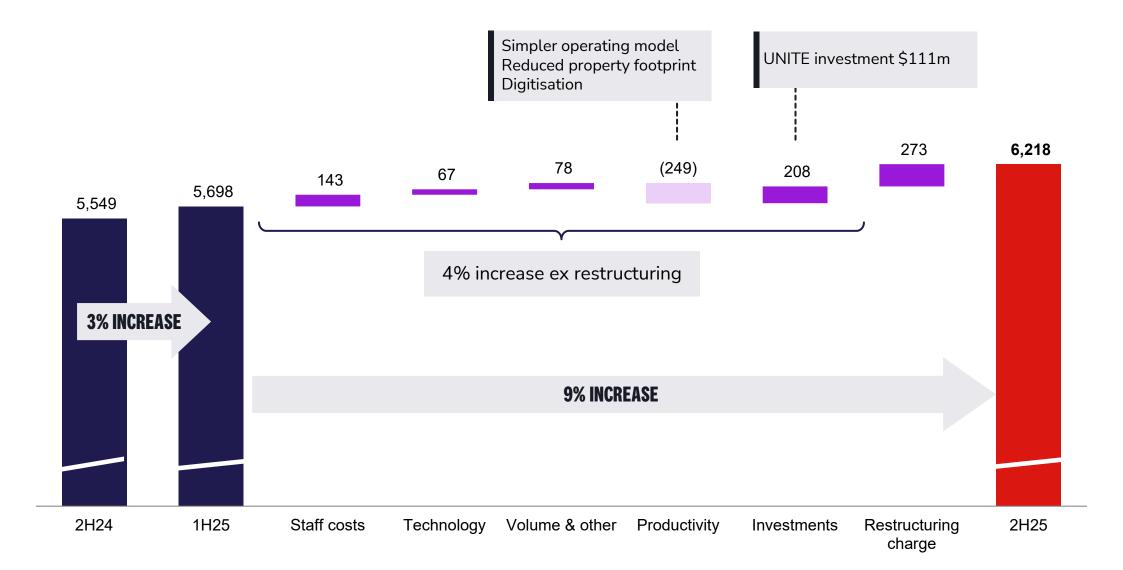


Total Markets income (\$m)¹





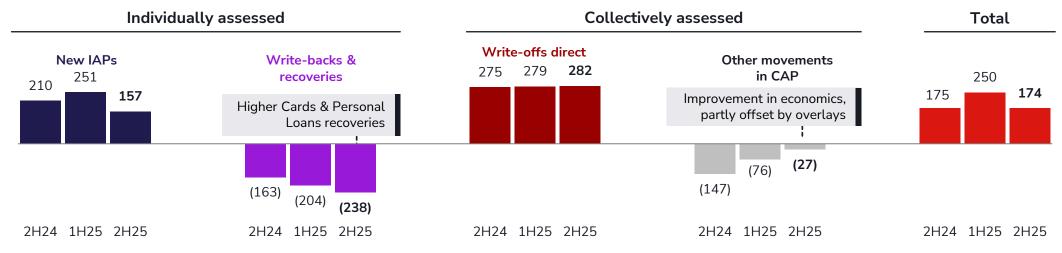
2H25 EXPENSES (\$M)



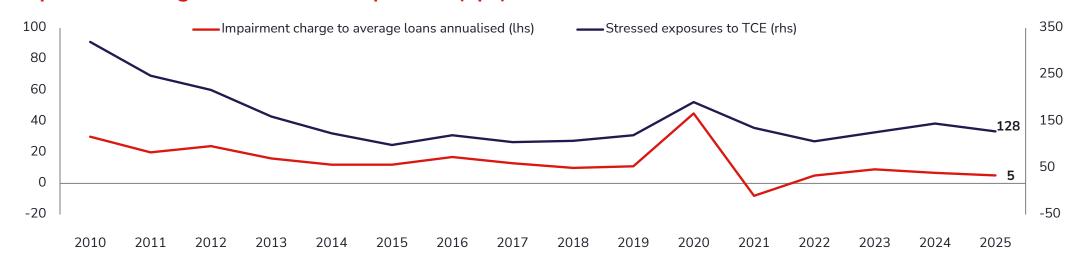


IMPAIRMENT CHARGES COMPOSITION

Impairment charges (\$m)



Impairment charges and stressed exposures (bps)







UNITE

ONE CHAT PLATFORM

- Consolidated 2 chat platforms to 1
- Customers enjoy secure conversations with their banker via the Westpac Live app
- Customers can resume chats for up to 30 days and receive push notifications when a response is available
- Conversations are encrypted through Westpac's secure messaging network

\$7m
Initiative cost

-\$4m
In annual cost savings

~8m

Customers migrated

ONE PRIVATE BANK

- > Enhanced digital customer experience and service offering
- > Streamlined processes and systems to reduce duplication
- Facilitates above market growth of balance sheet and investment funds under administration (FUA)
- Customer transitions completed

\$5m

Initiative cost

~\$5m

In annual cost savings

~50%

Reduction in related processes and systems

This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125.



UNITE: CURRENT FOCUS AREAS

	EXPECTED OUTCOMES	FY25 ACHIEVEMENTS	PLAN CHANGES	COST³ (NOV-25)	BENEFITS ⁴ (NOV-25)
MORTGAGE SIMPLIFICATION ¹	Establish products, fees and features on the target state mortgage ledger Implement a single consumer mortgage collateral register	Multi-offset capability enabled for all mortgage customers	Initiative scope and benefits refined: • RAMS mortgages descoped • Activities transferred to new initiatives to improve efficiency	c.\$265m (May-25: \$450m)	~\$70m (May-25: \$120m)
DIGITAL BANKER ²	Decommission CRM platform and extend capability to all bankers	Migrated 6,000 bankers onto Digital Banker	Initiative scope refined:Activities transferred to new initiatives to improve efficiency	c.\$150m (May-25: \$175m)	↑ BANKER PRODUCTIVITY
ONE COLLECTIONS PLATFORM - ASSISTNOW	Migrate Consumer Finance products onto the AssistNow Platform and decommission legacy collections platform	Moved Westpac Credit Cards, Flexiloans and RAMs mortgages	Expected initiative benefits increased: Reflects additional benefits from reduced complexity	c.\$130m	~\$40m (May-25: \$25m)
ONE WEALTH PLATFORM	Accounts on the Asgard platform migrated to Panorama Expect migration will complete in 1H26	Platform change readiness completed to commenced migration	No changes	c.\$70m	~\$40m
DEBIT CARD SIMPLIFICATION	Reduce the product set for debit cards from 34 to 2	Commenced our migration of HandyCard product to Debit Mastercard	No changes	c.\$35m	~\$15m



This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125.

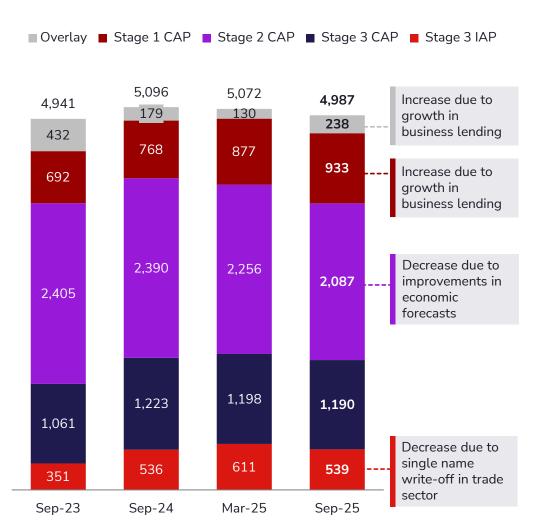
1 This includes 3 initiatives. One initiative was descoped in 2H25. 2 This includes 2 initiatives. 3 Estimated total initiative cost. 4 Expected full year benefit expected after the initiative is complete.



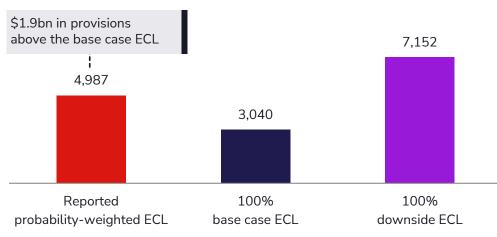
CREDIT QUALITY AND PROVISIONS

PROVISIONS FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS

Total provisions for expected credit losses¹ (\$m)



Expected credit loss (ECL) (\$m)



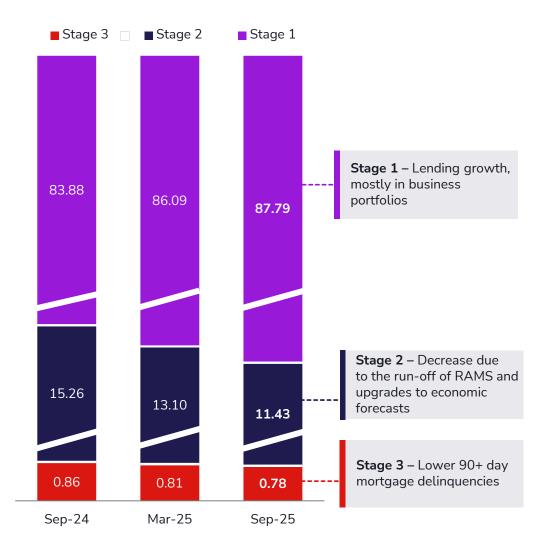
Forecasts for	Base	Downside	
base case ECL ²	2025	2026	Trough / peak ³
GDP growth	1.9%	2.4%	(6%)
Unemployment	4.4%	4.5%	11%
Residential property prices	5.6%	9.0%	(27%)
Commercial property prices	0.9%	3.8%	(32%)

¹ Includes provisions for debt securities. 2 Forecast date is 18 September 2025. 3 These key economic indicators represent trough or peak values that characterise the scenarios considered in setting downside severity. Residential and commercial forecasts represent cumulative reduction over a two-year period.



PROVISION COVER

Exposures as a % of TCE



Key ratios

	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
Provisions to gross loans (bps)	63	61	58
Impaired asset provisions to impaired assets (%)	41	41	40
Collectively assessed provisions to credit RWA (bps)	130	126	125

Provisioning to TCE (%)

	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
Stage 1	0.07	0.08	0.08
Stage 2			
Non-stressed	1.10	1.13	1.21
Stressed	7.94	8.32	9.24
Stage 3 (non-performing)			
Not impaired	10.48	10.99	11.22
Impaired	41.28	40.88	39.53
Total	0.41	0.39	0.38

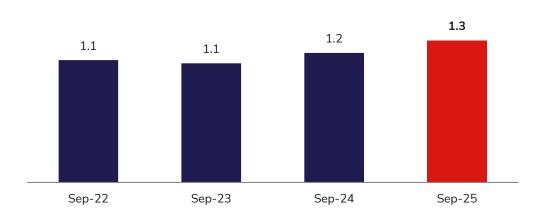


PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

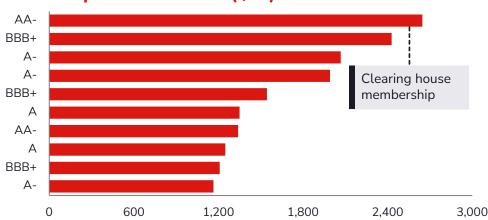
Total committed exposure (TCE) by risk grade at 30 September 2025 (\$m)

Standard and Poor's risk grade ¹	Australia	NZ / Pacific	Other overseas	Group	% of total
AAA to AA-	205,433	22,624	19,301	247,358	19%
A+ to A-	44,358	6,045	15,397	65,800	5%
BBB+ to BBB-	94,651	12,580	12,349	119,580	9%
BB+ to BB	108,814	15,226	1,708	125,748	10%
BB- to B+	42,680	6,369	186	49,235	4%
<b+< td=""><td>14,253</td><td>2,254</td><td>-</td><td>16,507</td><td>1%</td></b+<>	14,253	2,254	-	16,507	1%
Mortgages	579,979	73,997	-	653,976	50%
Other consumer products	24,015	3,445	-	27,460	2%
TCE	1,114,183	142,540	48,941	1,305,664	
TCE at 30 September 2024	1,075,520	143,546	33,275	1,252,341	
Exposure by region ² (%)	85%	11%	4%		100%

Top 10 institutional exposures to corporations and NBFIs³ (% of TCE)



Top 10 exposures to corporations & NBFIs at 30 September 2025 (\$m)⁴

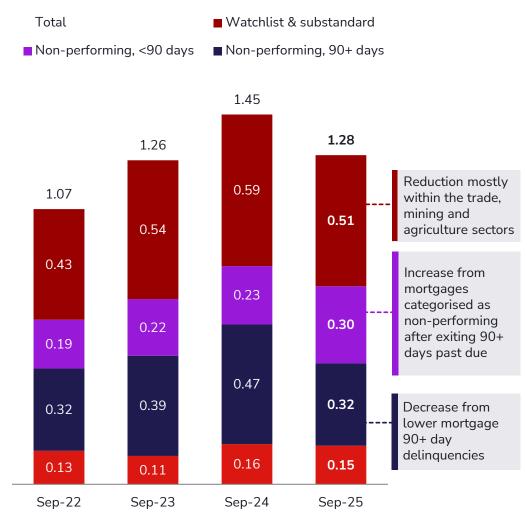


¹ Risk grade equivalent. 2 Region is based on booking office. 3 NBFI is non-bank financial institutions. 4 Institutional counterparties; S&P rating or equivalent.



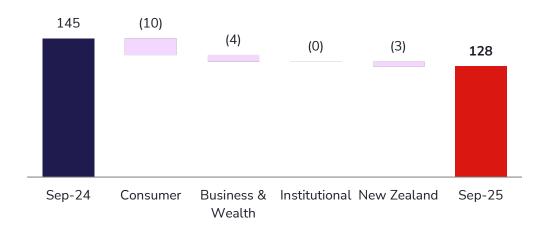
CREDIT QUALITY METRICS

Stressed exposures as a % of TCE

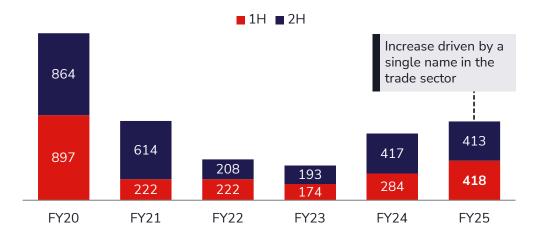


1 Includes exposures that are managed on a facility by facility basis.

Movement in stress by segment (bps)



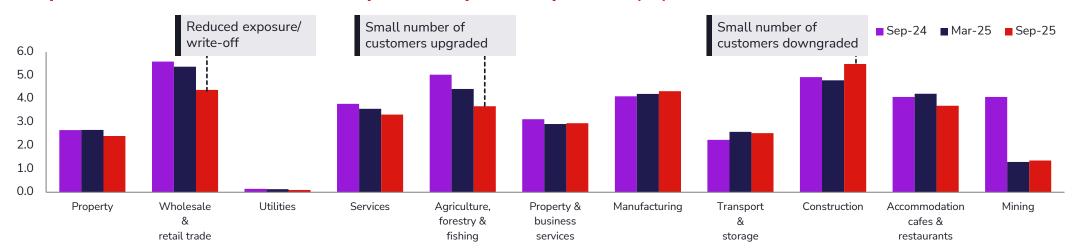
New and increased gross impaired assets (\$m)¹





CREDIT QUALITY ACROSS SECTORS

Corporate and business stressed exposures by industry sector (%)



Exposure and credit quality by sector

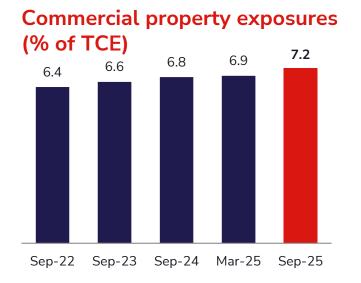
Sector		Finance & insurance ¹	Property ²	Wholesale & retail trade	Utilities	Services ³	Agriculture, forestry & fishing	Property & business services		Transport & storage	& Construction	Accomm, cafes & restaurants	Mining
TCF (Ch)	Sep-25	154.4	93.6	36.0	29.0	28.5	28.3	27.5	26.7	23.3	14.8	13.7	8.6
TCE (\$bn)	Mar-25	161.0	88.6	33.6	29.1	26.2	26.9	26.8	25.8	21.4	14.0	12.6	8.5
Stressed (%) ^{5,6}	Sep-25	0.1	2.4	4.4	0.1	3.3	3.7	3.0	4.3	2.5	5.5	3.7	1.4
	Mar-25	0.1	2.7	5.4	0.1	3.6	4.4	2.9	4.2	2.6	4.8	4.2	1.3
Impaired (%) ⁶	Sep-25	0.0	0.1	0.6	0.0	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2
	Mar-25	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2

¹ Finance and insurance includes banks, non-banks, insurance companies and other firms providing services to the finance and insurance sectors. Includes assets held for liquidity portfolio. 2 Property includes both residential and non-residential property investors and developers and excludes real estate agents. 3 Services includes education, health & community services, cultural & recreational and personal & other services. 4 Construction includes building and non-building construction, and industries serving the construction sector. 5 Includes impaired exposures. 6 Percentage of portfolio TCE.



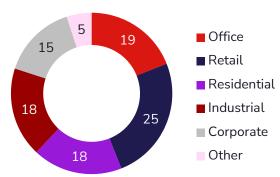
- Single credit policy, supported by industry sector concentration limits
- Maintained credit standards, with close oversight of portfolio
- Managed by specialist relationship teams, dedicated credit officers and subject matter experts
- Limited risk appetite for lower grade office buildings
- Weighted average LVR for the Australian secured portfolio <50%
- Credit policy maximum LVR at origination 65%¹
- 84% fully secured²

	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	85.5	88.6	93.6
% of Group TCE	6.83	6.88	7.17
Lending (\$bn)	68.8	71.5	75.1
Median risk grade (S&P equivalent)	BB	BB	ВВ
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{3,4}	2.66	2.67	2.41
% of portfolio impaired ⁴	0.09	0.11	0.07

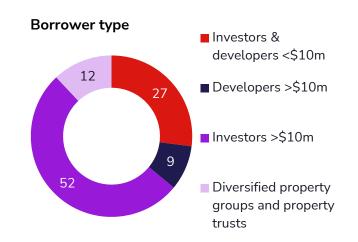


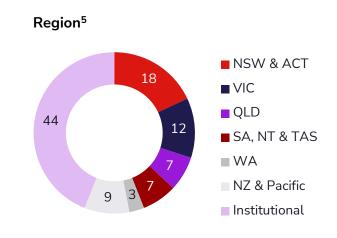
Commercial property portfolio composition (TCE) (%)





Commercial property portfolio composition (TCE) (%)





¹ Policy exception can be made under limited circumstances. 2 Fully secured is where the exposure is less than 100% of the bank extended value of the security, which is a discount of the market value of the security. 3 Includes impaired exposures. 4 Percentage of commercial property portfolio TCE. 5 Region is based on booking office.



SECTORS IN FOCUS: COMMERCIAL PROPERTY - OFFICE

Commercial property - office

	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	17.2	17.1	17.7
% of Group TCE	1.38	1.33	1.36
Lending (\$bn)	15.0	15.2	15.3
Median risk grade (S&P equivalent)	BB-	BB-	BB-
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	3.89	3.47	3.05
% of portfolio impaired ²	0.28	0.30	0.10

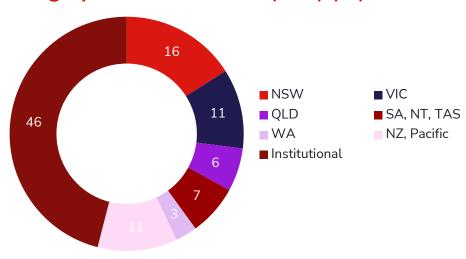
S&P equivalent risk grade



¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE.

Office exposure has reduced to 1.4% of Group TCE in Sep-25 from 2.1% in Sep-20

- Concentration to the Office Sector has declined marginally to 19.1% (Aug-25)
- Weighted towards premium, A & B grade office assets in major CBD locations
- Specialist property relationship teams manage all office exposures >\$10m TCE



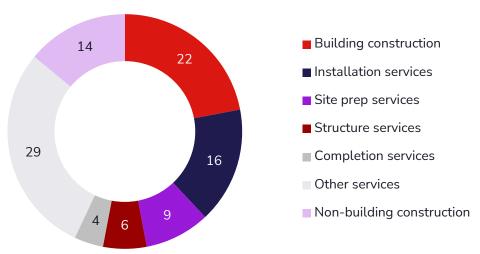


SECTORS IN FOCUS: CONSTRUCTION

Construction

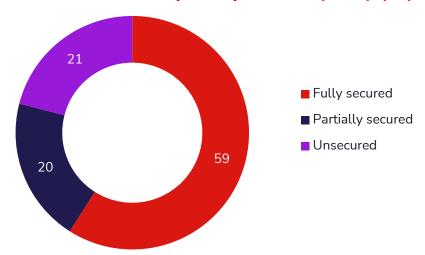
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	13.7	14.0	14.8
% of Group TCE	1.10	1.09	1.13
Lending (\$bn)	8.3	8.6	9.2
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	4.93	4.79	5.49
% of portfolio impaired ²	0.72	0.59	0.60

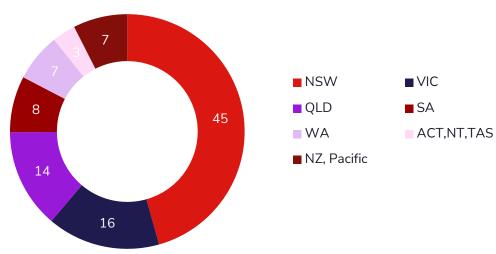
Portfolio by sub-sector (TCE) (%)



1 Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE.

Portfolio security composition (TCE) (%)





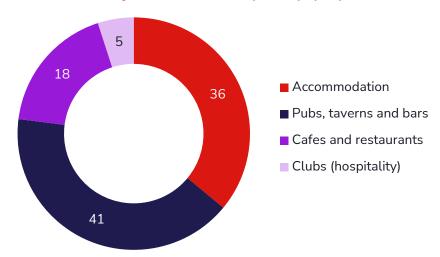


SECTORS IN FOCUS: ACCOMMODATION, CAFES AND RESTAURANTS

Accommodation, cafes and restaurants

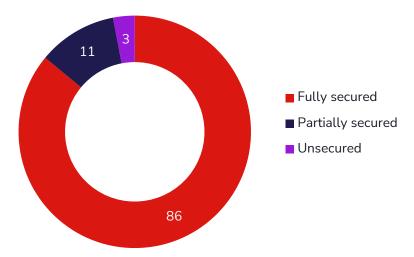
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	11.7	12.6	13.7
% of Group TCE	0.94	0.98	1.05
Lending (\$bn)	10.2	10.7	11.9
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	4.08	4.22	3.70
% of portfolio impaired ²	0.23	0.19	0.18

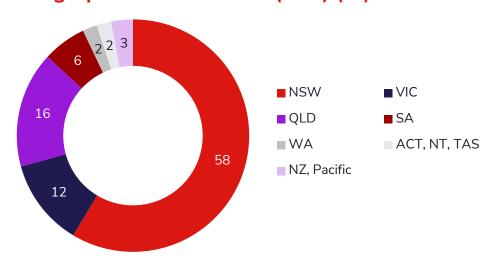
Portfolio by sub-sector (TCE) (%)



¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE.

Portfolio security composition (TCE) (%)





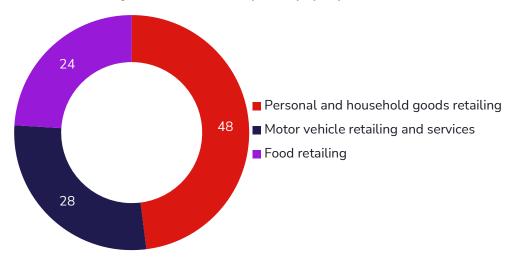


SECTORS IN FOCUS: RETAIL TRADE

Retail trade

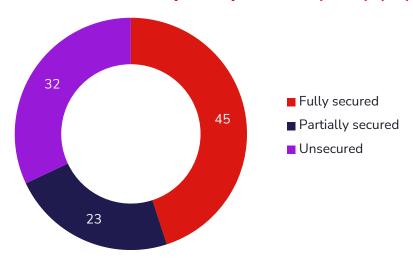
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	12.4	13.6	14.4
% of Group TCE	0.99	1.06	1.10
Lending (\$bn)	8.5	8.8	9.3
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	6.05	5.78	5.65
% of portfolio impaired ²	1.21	1.00	1.02

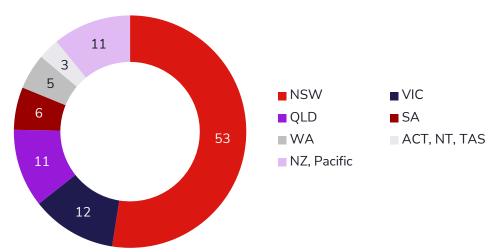
Portfolio by sub-sector (TCE) (%)



¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE.

Portfolio security composition (TCE) (%)





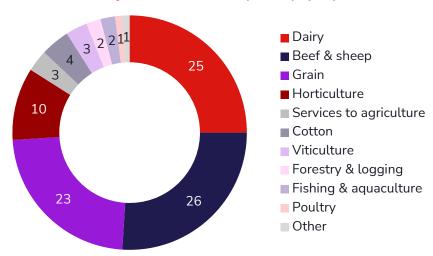


SECTORS IN FOCUS: AGRICULTURE

Agriculture

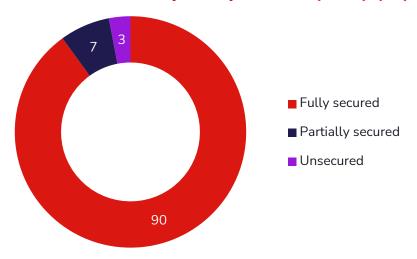
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	25.4	26.9	28.3
% of Group TCE	2.03	2.09	2.17
Lending (\$bn)	22.1	23.0	24.5
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	5.03	4.42	3.68
% of portfolio impaired ²	0.48	0.38	0.18

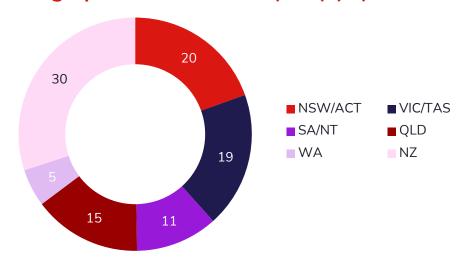
Portfolio by sub-sector (TCE) (%)



¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE.

Portfolio security composition (TCE) (%)





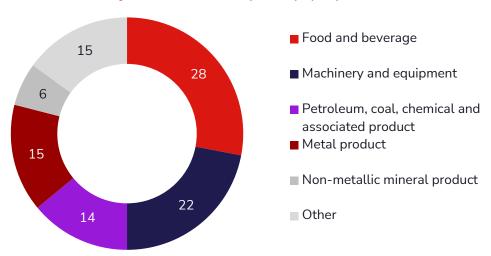


SECTORS IN FOCUS: MANUFACTURING

Manufacturing

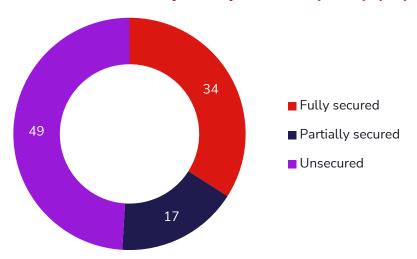
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
TCE (\$bn)	25.4	25.8	26.7
% of Group TCE	2.03	2.00	2.04
Lending (\$bn)	12.7	12.7	13.8
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	4.11	4.21	4.33
% of portfolio in impaired ²	0.90	0.81	0.74

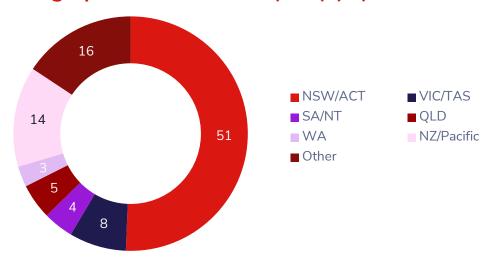
Portfolio by sub-sector (TCE) (%)



¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE.

Portfolio security composition (TCE) (%)



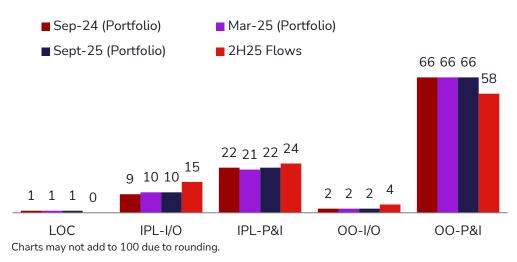




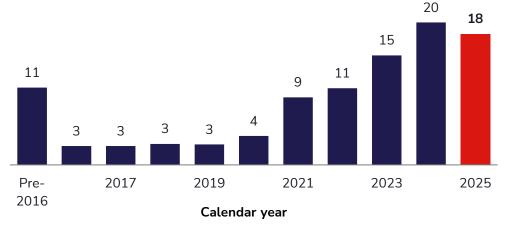
AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

Australian mortgage portfolio		Mar-25 balance	Sep-25 balance	2H24 flow ¹	1H25 flow ¹	2H25 flow ¹
Total portfolio (\$bn)	503.3	510.2	518.7	55.2	54.8	61.0
Owner occupied (OO) (%)	67.9	68.1	67.8	64.0	63.6	60.9
Investment property loans (IPL) (%)	31.1	31.0	31.4	36.0	36.4	39.1
Variable rate / Fixed rate (%)	91/9	95/5	97/3	99/1	99/1	99/1
Interest only (I/O) (%)	11.8	11.8	12.0	17.9	19.1	19.8
Proprietary channel (%)	48.2	46.6	45.1	36.4	32.5	32.7
First home buyer (%)	11.8	12.2	12.5	13.3	10.8	10.0
Mortgage insured (%)	11.7	10.1	8.8	4.5	3.0	2.5
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25	2H24 flow ¹	1H25 flow ¹	2H25 flow ¹
Average loan size ² (\$'000)	319	330	343	521	550	563
Customers ahead on repayments including offset account balances (%)						
By accounts	83	84	85			
By balances	80	82	84			

By product and repayment type (%)



By year of origination (% of total book)



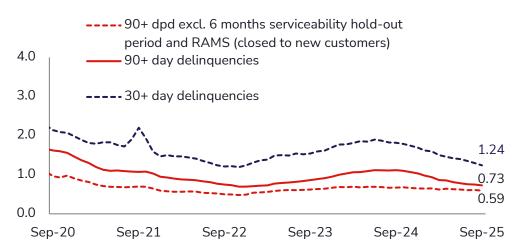
^{1 2}H24 flow is new mortgages settled in the 6 months ended 30 September 2024. 1H25 flow is new mortgages settled in the 6 months ended 31 March 2025. 2H25 flow is new mortgages settled in the 6 months ended 30 September 2025. 2 Includes amortisation. Calculated at account level, where split loans represent more than one account.



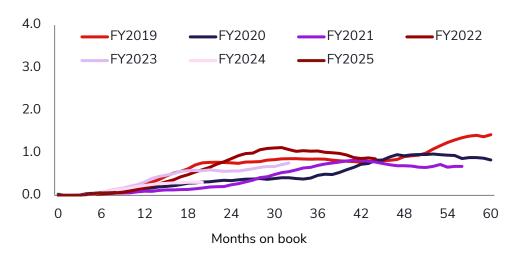
AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

Australian mortgage portfolio	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
90+ day delinquencies (bps):			
Total portfolio ¹ inc. impaired mortgages	112	86	73
Owner occupied loans	115	84	68
Investment property loans	99	85	79
Principal & interest loans	115	88	71
Interest only loans	69	54	64
First home buyers	120	89	72
30+ day delinquencies total portfolio (bps)	182	150	124
	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
Customers in hardship ² inc. 6 months serviceability hold-out period (by balances, bps)	114	76	53
Consumer properties in possession (number)	201	176	154
Impaired mortgages (by balances, bps)	10	11	11
Mortgage losses net of insurance (\$m, for 6 months ending)	23	15	22
Annual mortgage loss rate ³ (bps)	0.9	0.6	0.7

30+ day and 90+ day delinquencies⁴ (%)



90+ day delinquencies by vintage (%)

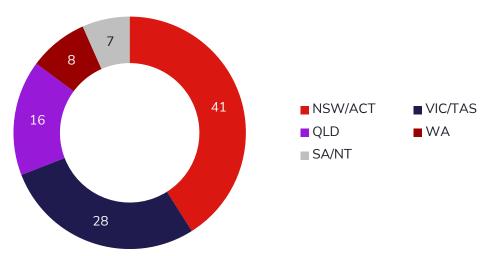


¹ Total portfolio includes Line of Credit loans. 2 Financial hardship assistance is available to customers experiencing temporary financial difficulty, including changes in income due to illness, a relationship breakdown or natural disasters. Hardship assistance often takes the form of a reduction or deferral of repayments for a short period. The 6 months serviceability hold-out period requirement was removed for new commercial hardships from September 2024. 3 Mortgage loss rates for March balances are annualised, based on losses for the 6 months. Mortgage loss rates for September are actual losses for the 12 months ending. 4 Delinquencies have been restated from 1 April 2025 to include \$170m of matured loans.



AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION AND PERFORMANCE

Portfolio by State (%)

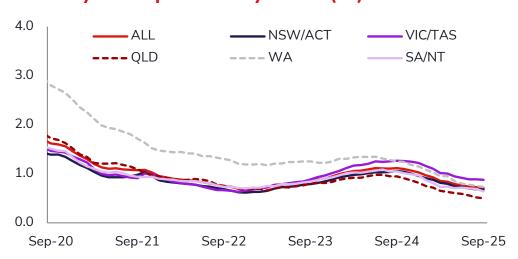


Debt-to-income >=6x at origination (%)

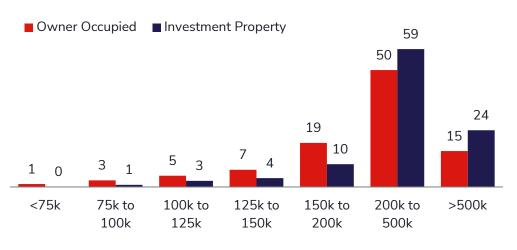


Charts may not add due to rounding.

90+ day delinquencies by State (%)



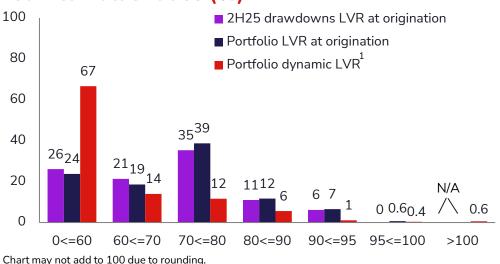
Applicant gross income band (2H25 drawdowns, % by approved limits)





AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO LOAN-TO-VALUE RATIOS (LVRS) AND OFFSET ACCOUNTS

Loan-to-value ratios (%)

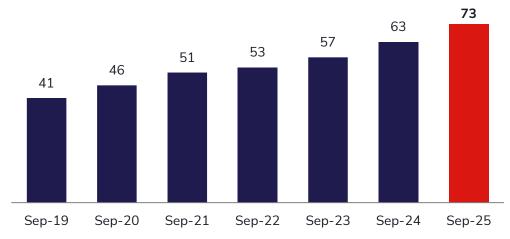


Australian mortga	nge portfolio LVRs	Sep-24 balance	Mar-25 balance	Sep-25 balance
	LVR at origination (%)	71	71	71
Weighted averages ²	Dynamic LVR ¹ (%)	49	49	48
	LVR of new loans ³ (%)	70	69	69

Serviceability assessment creates a buffer for borrowers

- · Loans are assessed at the higher of:
 - The customer rate, including any life-of-loan discounts, plus the serviceability buffer of 3.0%; or
 - The minimum assessment rate, called the "floor rate", currently 5.05%
- A serviceability buffer of 1.0% may be applied on an exceptions basis for certain customers seeking to refinance their loan, subject to eligibility criteria including LVR, bureau score and repayment amounts
- Interest only (I/O) loans: Assessed based on the residual principal and interest (P&I) term using the applicable P&I rate, plus a 3.0% buffer
- New fixed rate loans: Assessed on the variable rate to which the loan will revert after the fixed period, plus a buffer

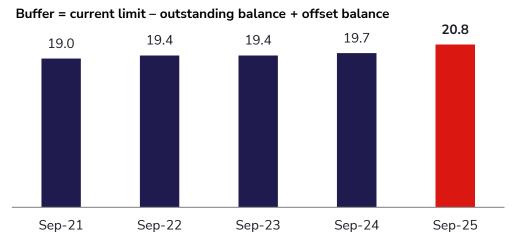
Offset account balances (\$bn)



¹ Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Cotality. 2 Weighted average LVR calculation considers size of outstanding balances. 3 Average LVR of new loans is on rolling 6 months.

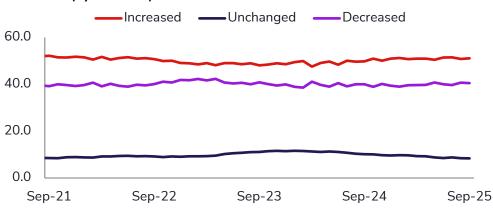


Buffer to balance ratio¹ (%)

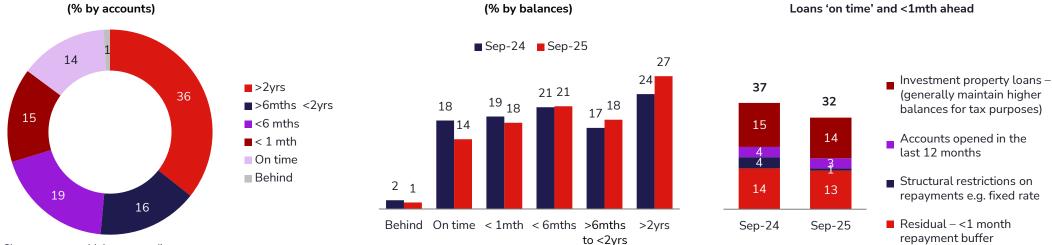


Changes in customer buffers¹ (%)

Owner-occupied variable rate customers change in buffer over 12 months (by balances)



Customers ahead on repayments²



Charts may not add due to rounding.

¹ Excludes Line of Credit. 2 Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments. Includes mortgage offset accounts. 'Behind' is more than 30 days past due. 'On time' includes up to 30 days past due.



AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO UNDERWRITING

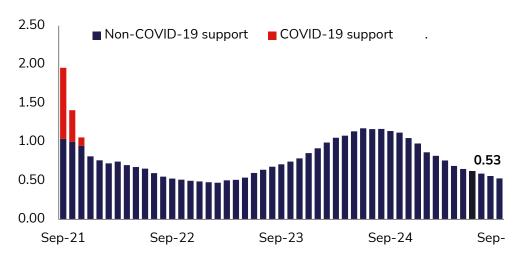
Credit policy at September 2025

	•
Income	 Verified via payslips, tax returns or salary credits, with other supporting documentation such as PAYG payment summaries or ATO Income Statements (minimum standards apply) Shading of at least 20% applies to less certain income sources i.e. overtime, bonuses
Credit Score & Credit Bureau	 Bespoke application scorecards segmented by new and existing customers Credit and score override rates tracked and capped Credit bureau checks required
Expenses	 Assessed as the higher of a borrower's declared expenses or HEM¹ comparable expenses plus any expenses that are not comparable to HEM (e.g. private school fees, life insurance) HEM is applied by income bands, post settlement postcode location, marital status and dependants 17 expense categories used, aligned with Melbourne Institute guidelines and LIXI standards
Serviceability assessment	For serviceability assessment, loans are assessed at the higher of: The customer interest rate, including any life-of-loan discounts, plus the serviceability buffer of 3.0%, or The minimum assessment rate, called the "floor rate", currently 5.05% • A serviceability buffer of 1.0% may be applied on an exceptions basis for certain customers seeking to refinance their loan, subject to eligibility criteria including LVR, bureau score and repayment amounts • For I/O loans, serviceability is assessed on a P&I basis over the residual term • New fixed rate loans assessed on the variable rate to which the loan will revert after fixed period, plus a buffer • All existing customer commitments are verified • Review Westpac Group accounts and Comprehensive Credit Reporting (CCR) to identify customer commitments • Limits apply to higher debt-to-income lending; >7x referred for manual credit assessment where LVR >80% • Credit card repayments assessed at 3.8% of limit or balance whichever is higher
Genuine savings deposit requirements	 Minimum 5% proof of genuine savings for higher LVR loans (typically LVR >90% or >80% for Home Guarantee Scheme Loans). Any Home Owner Grants are not considered genuine savings
Security	 LVR restrictions apply depending on location, property value and nature of security Restrictions on high-density apartments based in postcode defined areas, generally capital city CBD's and properties in towns heavily reliant on a single industry, e.g. mining, tourism
LMI	Mortgage insurance for higher risk loans, such as LVRs >80%. Special package policy waivers apply for certain professionals and Westpac Group staff

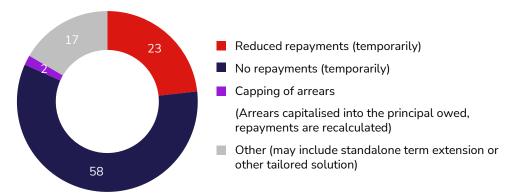
¹ HEM is the Household Expenditure Measure, produced by the Melbourne Institute.



Hardship¹ balances (% of portfolio)

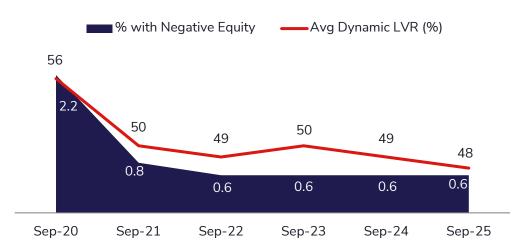


Hardship¹ balances by support solution (% FY25 new hardship accounts)

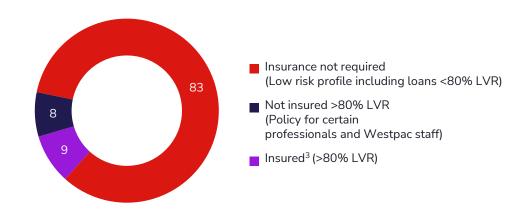


Charts may not add due to rounding.

Average dynamic LVR and negative equity



Total Portfolio by insurance profile² (%)



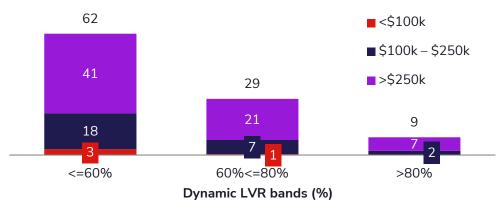
¹ Financial hardship assistance is available to customers experiencing temporary financial difficulty, including changes in income due to illness, a relationship breakdown or natural disasters. 2 In 2H21 Westpac Lender's Mortgage Insurance Limited was sold to Arch Capital Group. Westpac has entered into a 10-year exclusive supply agreement for Arch to provide lenders mortgage insurance to the Group. 3 Includes loans where LMI applies to >70% LVR loans, for example, single industry towns.



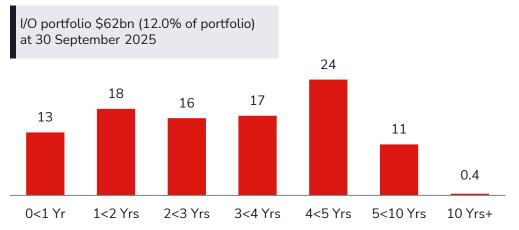
AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO INTEREST ONLY AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY LENDING

Interest only (I/O) lending by dynamic LVR and income bank (% of total I/O lending)

Applicant gross income bands

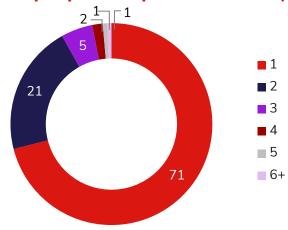


Scheduled I/O term expiry¹ (% of total I/O loans)



Charts may not add due to rounding

Investment property portfolio by number of properties per customer (%)



Investment	property lending (IPL) portfolio	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
Investment	property loans (\$bn)	155	158	163
	LVR of IPL loans at origination (%)	70	70	70
Weighted averages	LVR of new IPL loans in the period (%)	70	70	69
J	Dynamic LVR ² of IPL loans (%)	48	49	48
Average loa	n size ³ (\$'000)	351	360	374
	head on repayments set accounts ⁴ (%)	70	72	74
90+ day deli	nquencies (bps)	99	85	79
Annualised I	oss rate (net of insurance claims) (bps)	1.5	1.2	1.1

¹ Based on outstanding balance. Excludes line of credit loans and I/O loans without date (including bridging loans and loans with construction purpose). 2 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Cotality. 3 Includes amortisation. Calculated at account level where split loans represent more than one account. 4 Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments.

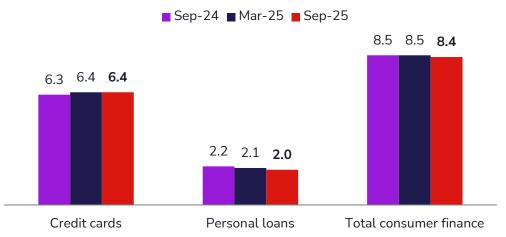


AUSTRALIAN CONSUMER FINANCE

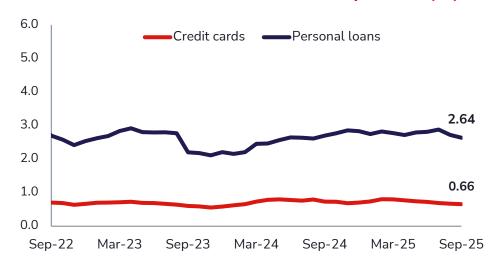
Australian consumer finance portfolio (\$bn)¹

	Sep-24	Mar-25	Sep-25
Lending (\$bn)	8.5	8.5	8.4
As a % of Group loans	1.0	1.0	1.0
30+ day delinquencies (%)	2.40	2.55	2.18
90+ day delinquencies (%)	1.23	1.30	1.13

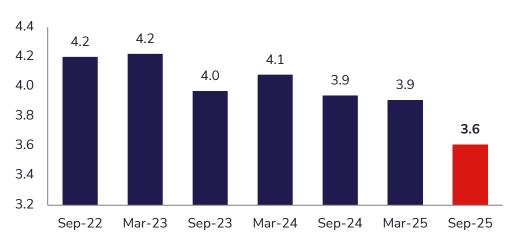
Australian consumer finance portfolio¹



Australian consumer finance 90+ delinquencies (%)



Credit card accounts paying minimum repayment (%)²

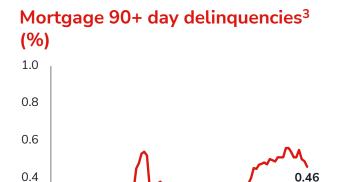


¹ Excludes margin lending and auto finance (sold in 1H25). 2 Minimum repayment over at least six consecutive months. Minimum repayment defined as <=5% of each months statement cycle balance.



NEW ZEALAND CREDIT QUALITY

Mortgage portfolio	Sep-24	Sep-25
Total portfolio (NZ\$bn)¹	68.0	71.3
Owner occupied (%)	74.4	74.3
Investment property loans (IPL) (%)	25.6	25.7
Broker introduced (%)	53.8	56.7
Proprietary channel (%)	46.2	43.3
Fixed/ variable split (%)	89/11	88/12
Interest only (I/O) (%)	15.5	14.7
Loan to Value Ratio (LVR) 80<=90	6.0	7.2
LVR >90%	2.6	3.0
Mortgage 90+ day delinquencies (%)	0.49	0.46
Mortgage 30+ day delinquencies (%)	0.96	0.88
Unsecured consumer portfolio (NZ\$bn)²	1.2	1.2



Sep-21

Sep-23

Sep-25

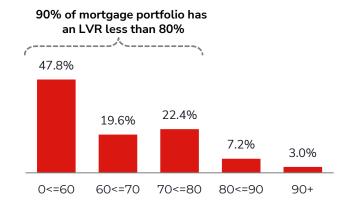


Sep-19

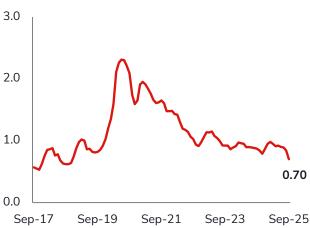
0.2

0.0

Sep-17



Unsecured consumer 90+ day delinquencies³ (%)



Business stressed exposures to business TCE (%)⁵



^{1.} Mortgage portfolio indicates gross loans. 2. Unsecured consumer portfolio indicates outstanding balance. 3. In May-19 we made changes to the reporting of customers in hardship to align to the method used by APRA. 4. LVR based on current loan property value at latest credit event. 5. Chart may not add due to rounding.





CAPITAL, FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

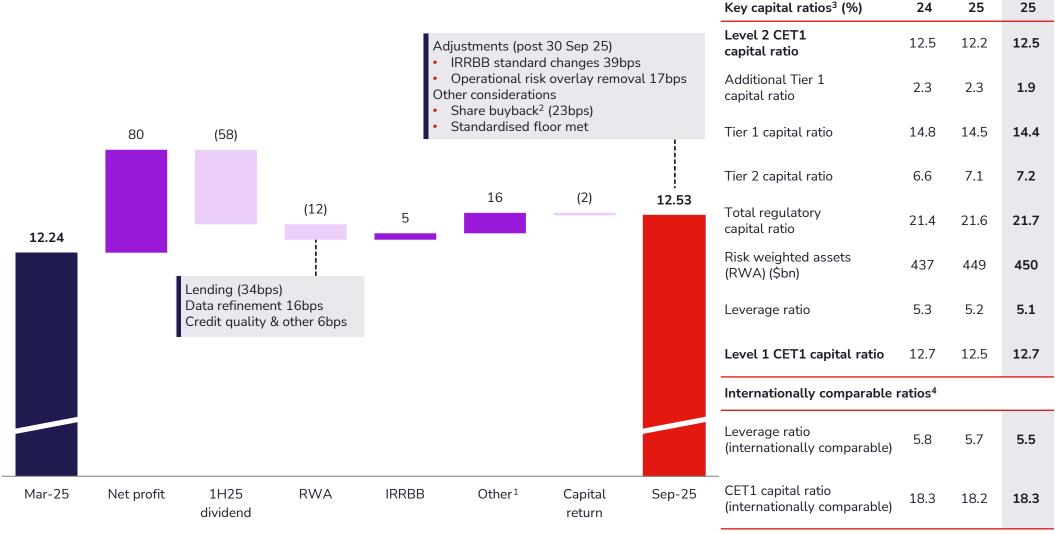
Mar-

Sep-

Sep-

CET1 CAPITAL RATIO 12.53%

Level 2 CET1 capital ratio movements (%, bps)

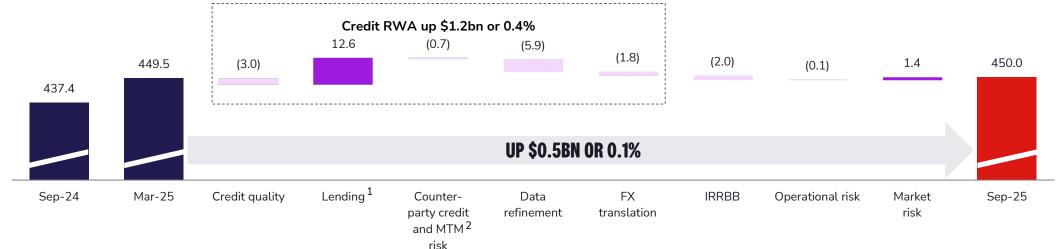


¹ Capital deductions and other items including FX translation impacts. 2 Includes remaining on market share buyback previously announced in Nov-23, May-24 and Nov-24. 3 Table may not add due to rounding. 4 Internationally comparable methodology references the Australian Banking Association (ABA) study on the comparability of APRA's capital framework and finalised reform released on 10 March 2023.

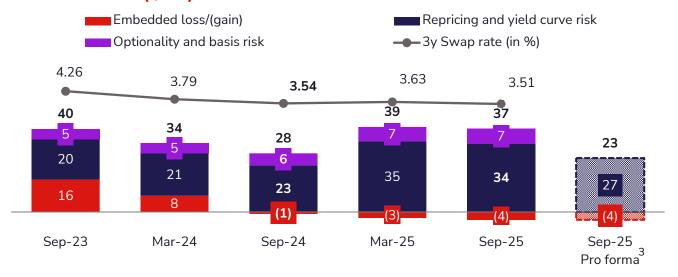


RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS

RWA (\$bn)



IRRBB RWA (\$bn)



Changes impacting IRRBB RWA

- \$14bn reduction in RWA following implementation of the revised APS 117, effective 1 October 2025
- Use of the modelled 5-year core deposit duration for regulatory purposes contributed \$7.8bn and a further \$6.2bn reduction from changes to the treatment of optionality and basis risk and other methodology changes
- A level of volatility in IRRBB will remain due to new capital considerations when determining the size and composition of our replicating portfolios

This page contains 'forward-looking statements' and statements of expectation. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125.

1 Includes other assets, securitisation exposures in the banking book and settlement risk. 2 Mark to market. 3 Based on the revised APS117 standard.

Chart may not add due to rounding

78



REGULATORY CAPITAL CHANGES

Implementation	Change	Details	Expected impact on the Group's Total Capital
1 Oct 2025	APS117 – IRRBB	 APRA's revised APS 117 – IRRBB came into effect on 1 October 2025. The revised requirements include implementation of APRA's reaccreditation outcomes for Westpac's IRRBB models 	Refer to page 78
		 Reporting under the revised standard will be reflected in the 31 December 2025 Pillar 3 report 	
	Loca Abaaybing	Total capital ratio requirement:	<u> </u>
1 Jan 2026	Loss Absorbing Capacity (LAC)	- Current 16.75%	T
	capacity (2) (c)	- 1 January 2026 18.25%	-
1 Jan 2027	Additional Tion 1 Constal	 AT1 capital instruments will be phased out. The changes will impact the CET1 minimum, CET1 buffers and Tier 2 requirements. There is no overall increase in total capital requirements for banks 	
1 Jan 202/	Additional Tier 1 Capital	 APRA has also proposed changes to the leverage ratio, large exposures and related entity limits, which will see these calculations based on CET1 capital rather than Tier 1 capital 	
Expected in 2027	APS116 – Market Risk	APRA is yet to commence consultation on Fundamental Review of the Trading Book	-
Review decision expected Dec 2025	RBNZ Capital Review	 In August 2025, the RBNZ released a consultation paper outlining potential amendments to the prudential framework and is seeking feedback from deposit takers (including WNZL). Proposed changes will impact standardised risk weightings, CET1 minimum, CET1 buffers, Tier 2 requirements and Total Capital Requirements 	-
•		 The RBNZ is expected to make its final decisions in December 2025 with the implementation timeline to be announced in the first quarter of the 2026 calendar year 	

This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125.



INTERNATIONALLY COMPARABLE CAPITAL RATIO RECONCILIATION¹

APRA's capital requirements are more conservative than those of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS), leading to lower reported capital ratios by Australian banks. The following details the adjustments and how Westpac's APRA CET1 capital ratio aligns to an internationally comparable ratio:

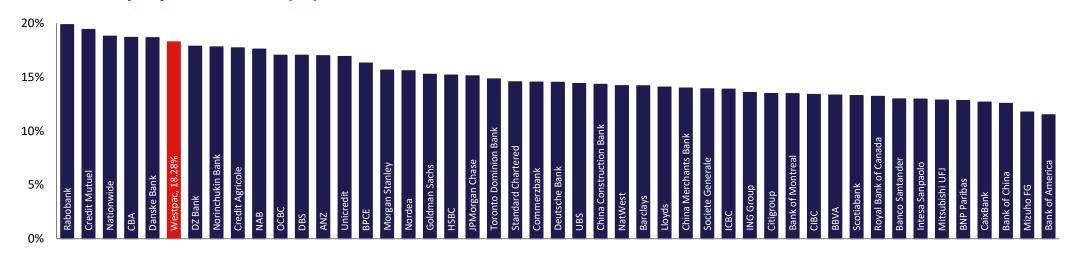
Westpac's CET1 capital	ratio (APRA basis)	12.5
Equity investments	Balances below prescribed threshold are risk weighted, compared to a 100% CET1 deduction under APRA's requirements	0.0
Deferred tax assets	Balances below prescribed threshold are risk weighted, compared to a 100% CET1 deduction under APRA's requirements	0.6
Capitalised expenses	APRA requires these items to be deducted from CET1. The BCBS only requires exposures classified as intangible assets under relevant accounting standards to be deducted from CET1	0.6
Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)	APRA requires capital to be held for IRRBB. The BCBS does not have a Pillar 1 capital requirement for IRRBB	1.4
RWA scaling factor	APRA applies a scaling factor to all Advanced IRB ² credit RWAs. The BCBS does not apply this scalar	0.9
Property finance	APRA applies an additional scaling factor to property finance RWA. The BCBS does not apply this scalar	0.5
Residential mortgages	APRA applies scaling factors to mortgage RWAs for higher risk segments such as interest only and investor mortgages and applies a standardised risk weight to certain mortgages. The BCBS does not apply this treatment	1.6
Non-retail Loss Given Default (LGD)	Non-retail LGD's under the Foundation IRB (F-IRB) and Advanced IRB approaches differ from the BCBS	(0.3)
New Zealand	APRA requires New Zealand RWAs to be largely calculated in accordance with the RBNZ rules. The RBNZ rules are more conservative than BCBS	0.5
Internationally compara	ble CET1 capital ratio	18.3
Internationally compara	ble Tier 1 capital ratio	20.8
Internationally compara	ble total regulatory capital ratio	30.3

¹ Internationally comparable methodology references the ABA study on the comparability of APRA's capital framework and finalised reform released on 10 March 2023. 2 Internal ratings-based approach (IRB).

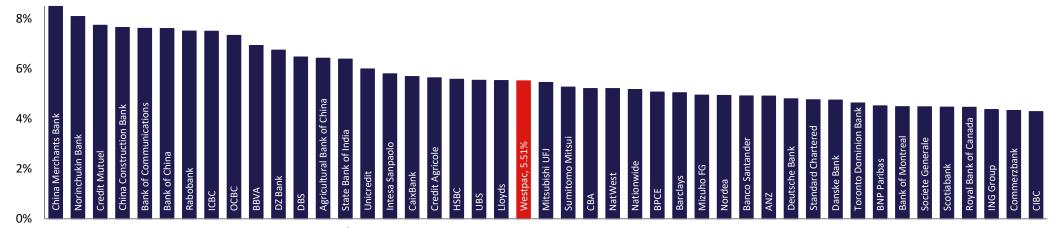


WELL PLACED ON INTERNATIONALLY COMPARABLE¹

Common equity tier 1 ratio (%)



Leverage ratio (%)



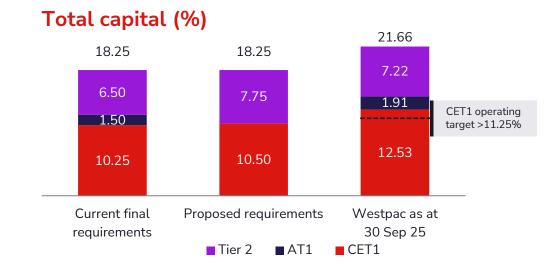
1 Comparison group comprises listed commercial banks with assets in excess of A\$700bn and which have disclosed fully implemented Basel III ratios or provided enough to estimate. Based on company reports/presentations. Ratios are at 30 June 2025, except for National Australia Bank and ANZ which are at 31 March 2025, Royal Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal, CIBC, Toronto Dominion Bank, Scotiabank as at 31 July 2025 and Westpac is at 30 September 2025. Where accrued expected dividends have been deducted and disclosed, these have been added back for comparability. US banks are excluded from leverage ratio analysis due to business model differences, for example from loans sold to US Government sponsored enterprises. NAB has not disclosed an internationally comparable leverage ratio since September 2017 and has therefore been excluded.



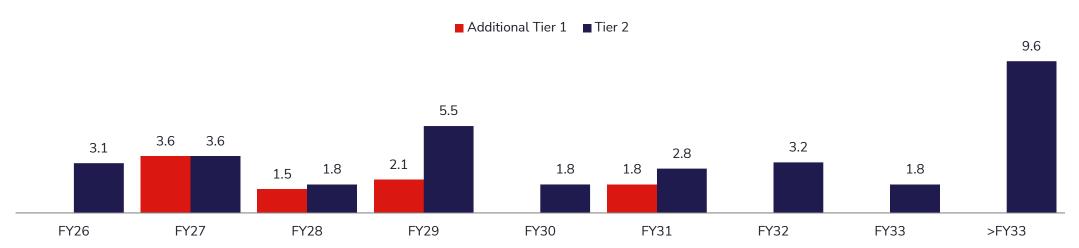
APRA TO PHASE OUT AT1 CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS

Changes to capital¹

- In December 2024, APRA confirmed it would proceed to phase out AT1
- The 1.5% of AT1 capital will be replaced with 1.25% of Tier 2 capital and 0.25% of CET1 capital, effective 1 January 2027
- In response, the CET1 operating target has been revised to a post dividend CET1 capital ratio of above 11.25% in normal operating conditions
- AT1 instruments will be eligible as Tier 2 capital from 1 January 2027 until their scheduled first call date
- Westpac AT1 instruments would reach their first scheduled optional redemption dates by 2031 at the latest
- Westpac expects the replacement of AT1 securities with CET1 capital and Tier
 2 capital securities over the transition period to be manageable¹



Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 Maturity Profile² (Notional Amount, A\$bn)



1 This page contains 'forward looking statements'. Please refer to the disclaimer on page 125. 2 Includes Westpac New Zealand Limited (WNZL). WNZL Tier 2 does not count for APRA Tier 2 or LAC requirements. WNZL AT1 also does not count for APRA AT1 requirements. Represents A\$ equivalent notional amount using spot FX translation at 30 September 2025 for redemptions/maturities. Securities in bullet format are profiled to maturity date, adjusted for any capital amortisation. Securities in callable format are profiled to the first call date. Securities in 11 non-call 10 format are profiled to the call date, adjusted for any capital amortisation. Any early redemption of capital securities would be subject to prior written approval from APRA, which may or may not be provided.

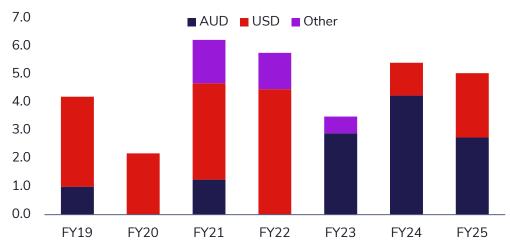


TIER 2 CAPITAL AND LAC

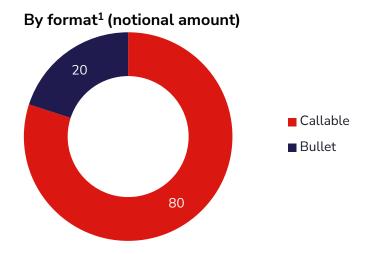
Loss-absorbing capacity (LAC) (% of RWA)



Tier 2 capital issuance by currency¹ (\$bn)

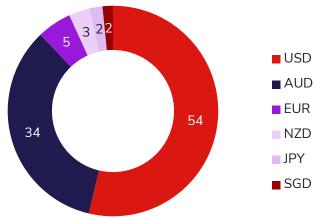


Tier 2 capital outstanding (%)



Tier 2 capital outstanding (%)





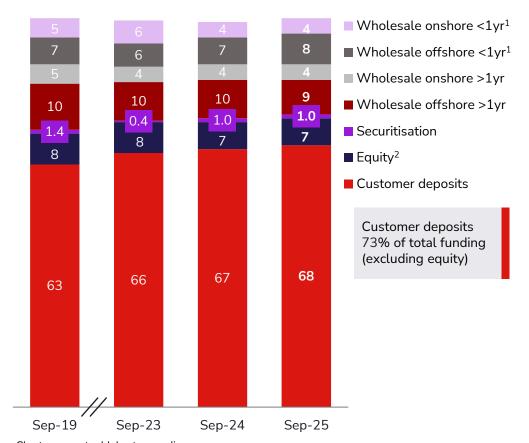
¹ Includes Westpac New Zealand Limited (WNZL). WNZL Tier 2 does not count for APRA Tier 2 or LAC requirements. Represents A\$ equivalent notional amount using spot FX translation at date of issue for issuance and spot FX translation at 30 September 2025 for capital outstanding.



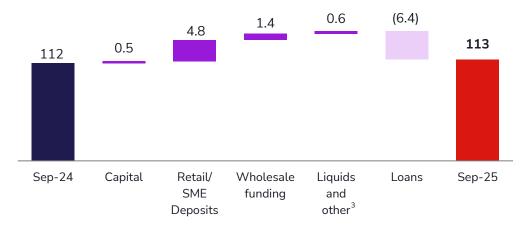
FUNDING COMPOSITION

Funding by residual maturity (%)

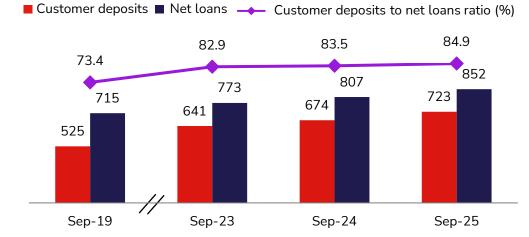
- Growth in stable funding sources
- Customer deposits 68% of total funding, up 1% since September 2024
- Additional 20% from stable sources of long-term wholesale and equity



NSFR (%)



Customer deposits and net loans (\$bn)



Charts may not add due to rounding

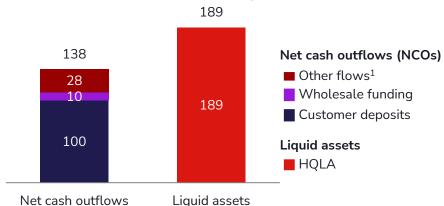
¹ Includes long term wholesale funding with a residual maturity less than or equal to 1 year. 2 Equity excludes FX translation, available-for-sale securities and cash flow hedging reserves. 3 Other includes derivatives and other assets.



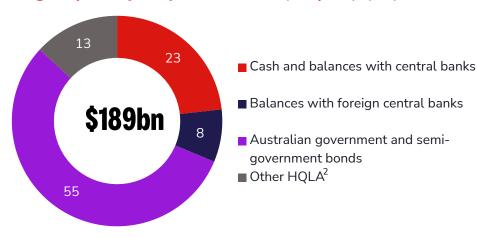
LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (LCR)

LCR (\$bn)

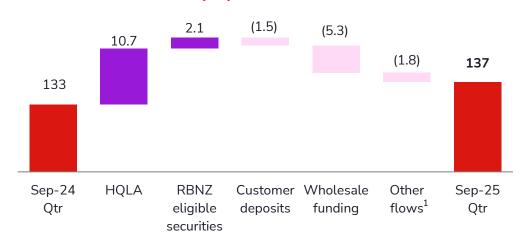
September 2025 quarterly average 137%



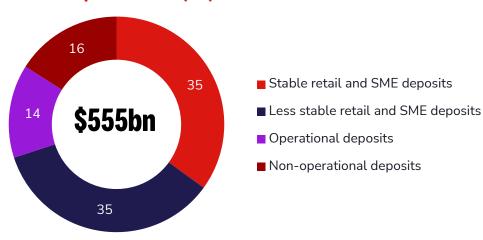
High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) (%)



Movement in LCR (%)



LCR Deposit mix (%)



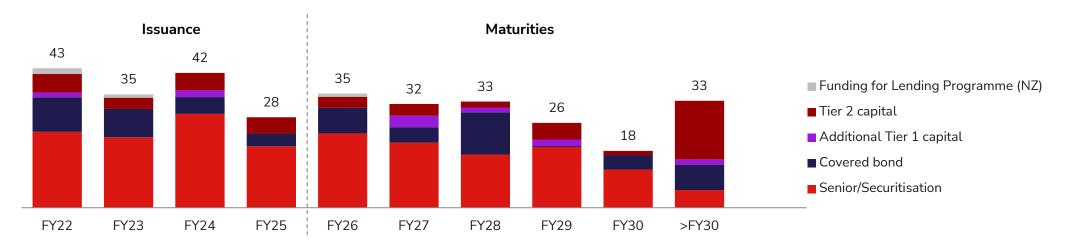
¹ Other flows include credit and liquidity facilities, collateral outflows and inflows from customers. 2 Other HQLA includes securities issued by foreign sovereigns and repo-eligible qualifying assets in foreign jurisdictions, including RBNZ eligible securities.

Charts may not add due to rounding

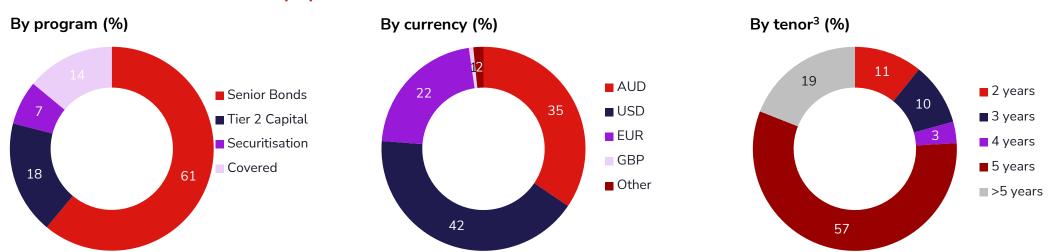


LONG TERM WHOLESALE FUNDING PROFILE

Term debt issuance and maturity profile¹ (\$bn)



FY25 term debt issuance^{1,2} (%)

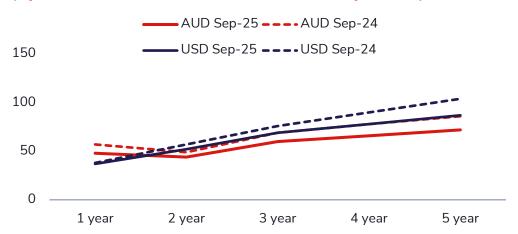


¹ Based on residual maturity and FX spot currency translation. Includes all debt issuance with contractual maturity greater than 13 months excluding US Commercial Paper and Yankee Certificates of Deposit. Contractual maturity date for Additional Tier 1 capital instruments and callable Tier 2 capital instruments is the first scheduled conversion date or call date for the purposes of this disclosure. Any early redemption would be subject to prior written approval from APRA, which may or may not be provided. Maturities exclude securitisation amortisation. 2 Charts may not add due to rounding. Data excludes Funding Programme.

3 Excludes securitisation.

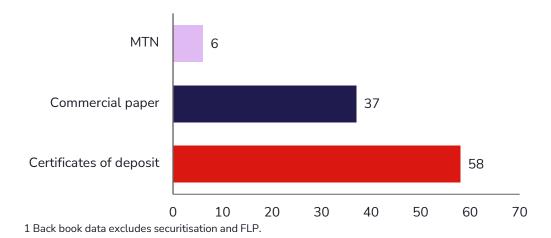


Indicative wholesale funding costs (spread above 3mth Bank Bill Swap Rate)



Short term funding back book (%)

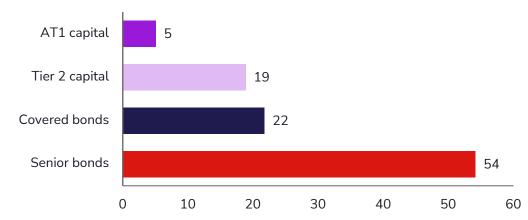
By product



Charts may not add due to rounding

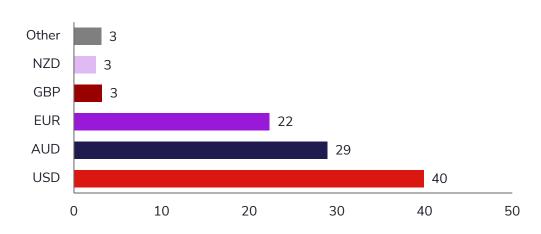
Long term wholesale funding back book¹ (%)

By program



Long term wholesale funding back book¹ (%)

By currency







SUPPORTING CUSTOMERS

CUSTOMER HIGHLIGHTS

#1 MOBILE BANKING APP1

Our banking app won awards for its simple design and rich functionality

COMMITTED TO SERVICING CASH

Spent ~**\$350m** in FY25 to support access to cash in Australian communities

LARGEST ATM NETWORK

Westpac customers have access to Australia's largest fee-free network at more than ~6,400 ATMs²

COMMUNITY PRESENCE

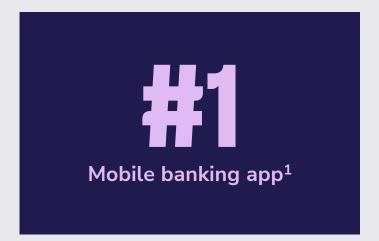
621 branches⁴ across Australia including 125 co-located branches and 3,300 Bank@Post locations

PROTECTING CUSTOMERS

Our suite of digital innovations helped prevent **\$360 million** in potential customer scam losses in FY25

Key highlights

13M Customers



#2

Consumer banking³



¹ The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2025. 2 ATM numbers include Westpac Group ATMs, Precinct, ATMx and ANZ. 3 Main Financial Institution (MFI) refer to appendix for definitions.4 Includes Westpac Branches, Staff Kiosks, Cashless Locations and Advisory centres.



#1 MOBILE BANKING APP1

\$159M

in value rewarded to customers

6.4M customer daily logins²

1.1M CUSTOMERS

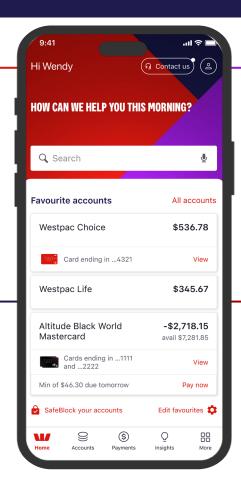
using money management tools³

MONEY MANAGEMENT TOOLS

- Financial management tools to help businesses track cash flows and reconcile expenses
- Shared Goals help customers save collaboratively without merging accounts
- Savings Finder usage increased 38%⁴, helping customers uncover saving opportunities

SUPERIOR FUNCTIONALITY

- Mobile wallet payments rose by 17% in the year, supported by the launch of business cards
- Introduced pocket money feature allowing parents to easily manage and reward children for chores
- Delivered personalised, relevant and timely insights powered by AI



SAFE AND SECURE

- Extended Westpac Verify capability introducing Confirmation of Payee, an industry initiative
- Launched SafeBlock, allowing customers to block their account if they suspect a scam
- SafeCall has been rolled out to ~1 million customers, helping prevent impersonation scams

SELF-SERVICING AND PAYMENTS

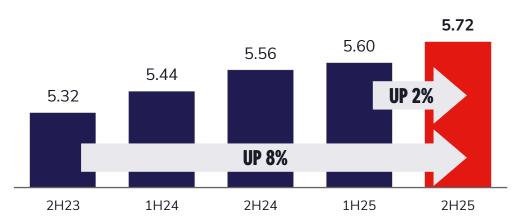
- Introduced multiple offset accounts providing more choice and control to manage finances
- Voice activated natural language search usage increased in the year
- Easily report and dispute transactions for fraud, scams and mistaken payment

1 The Forrester Digital Experience Review: Australian Mobile Banking Apps, Q3 2025. 2 Daily average of all experiences for FY25. 3 Monthly average for FY25. 4 Monthly average of 2H25 vs 2H24.

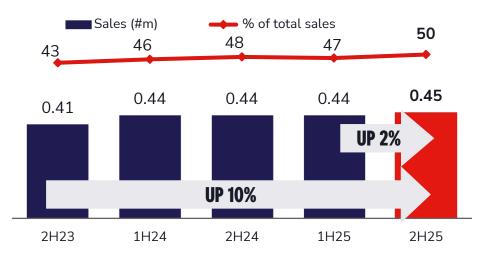


CUSTOMERS CONTINUE TO MIGRATE TO DIGITAL¹

Digitally active customers (#m)

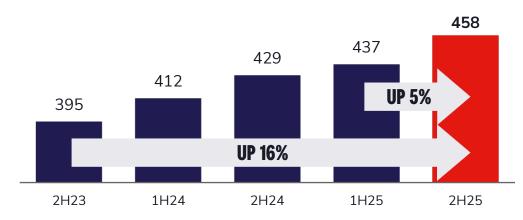


Digital sales^{2,3}

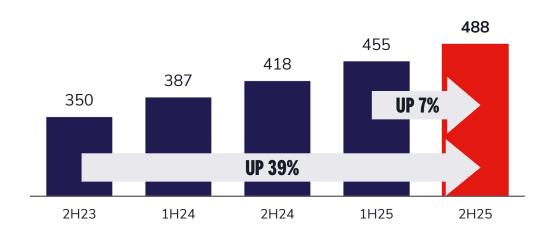


¹ For further details see page 122. 2 Consumer only. 3 1H24 sales restated.

Digital transactions (#m)



Mobile wallet payments (#m)





ENHANCING BANKING PROTECTION FOR CUSTOMERS¹



SAFECALL

Spot genuine Westpac calls

- Australian-first in-app calling capability to help prevent scammers impersonate us is now rolling out
- Available in the app to ~1 million customers



VERIFY

Payee name verification

- Confirmation of Payee capability added in June 2025 to include industry wide name & account verification
- Averted \$6m in customer scam losses in FY25



SAFERPAY

Alerts of potential scams

- Challenged over 1.2m transfers; customers abandoned \$506m in payments in FY25
- Averted \$81m in customer scam losses in FY25



SAFEBLOCK

Take control of your security

- Launched in September 2025
- Allows customers to immediately block their account when they suspect they are being scammed



JESS Al assistant

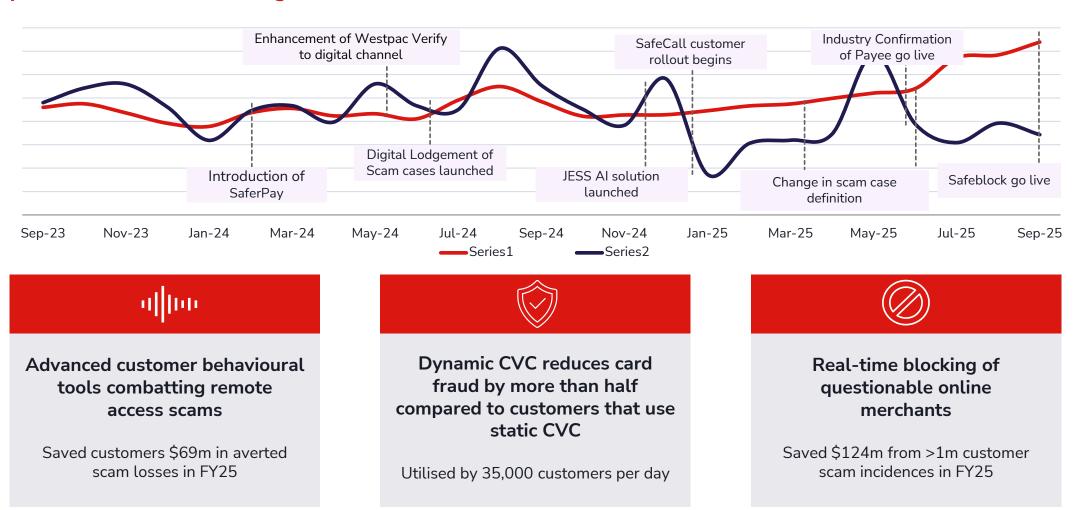
- Real time voice AI that assists staff spot scams
- JESS has assisted in >20k customer calls in FY25



¹ Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in the 2025 Risk Factors document.

BROAD SUITE OF SECURITY FEATURES DRIVING DOWN CUSTOMER LOSSES¹

FY25 customer reported scam losses 21% lower compared to FY24 and 44% lower than FY23, with prevention measures saving customers more than \$360m in FY25

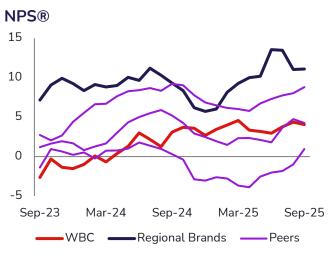


¹ Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in the 2025 Risk Factors document.



SERVICE EXCELLENCE: LEADERSHIP ACROSS SEGMENTS¹

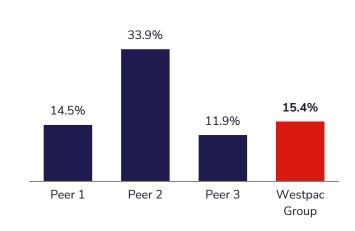
Consumer



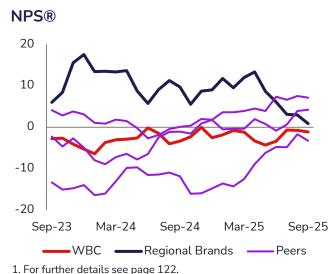
Channel NPS rankings



Consumer banking, MFI



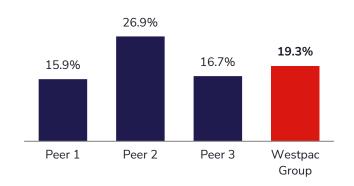
Business



NPS segment rankings



Business banking, MFI





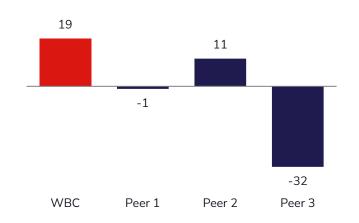
SERVICE EXCELLENCE: LEADERSHIP ACROSS SEGMENTS

Institutional

Relationship Strength Index (RSI)¹



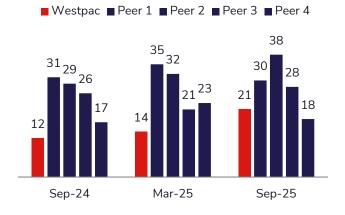
FY25 change in RSI¹ (pts)





New Zealand

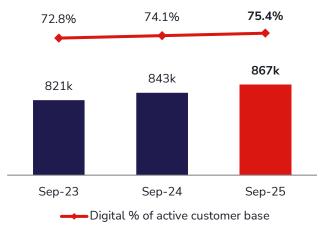
Consumer NPS®



Market leading relationship management⁴



NZ digitally active customers⁴

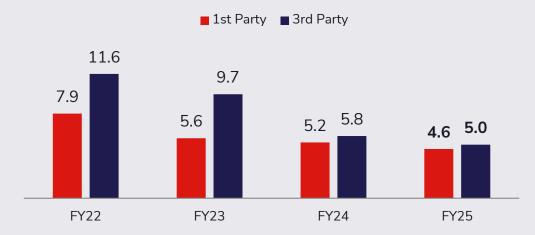


1 Coalition Greenwich Voice of Client 2025 Australia Large Corporate Relationship Banking Study. 2 IJ Global league table database, Australia, 12 months to 30 September 2025. 3 Source: Bloomberg \$A bond league table ex-self led as at 30/10/2025 + KangaNews \$A ABS league table as at 20/10/2025. 4 Refer page 123.

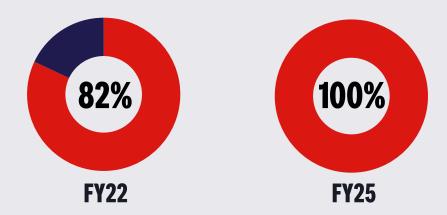


IMPROVEMENT IN MORTGAGES

Annual median time to decision (Days)¹



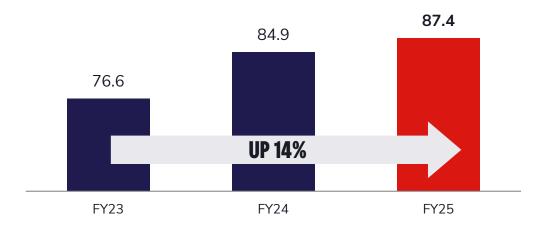
Mortgages processed on One Bank Platform



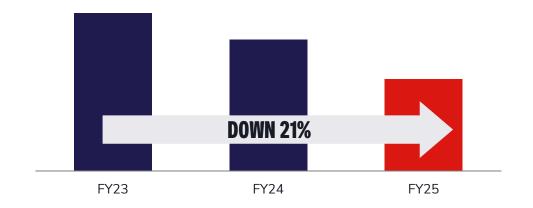
¹ Prior periods have been restated

On-Day Settlement (%)

Westpac Group ranks #1 among peers



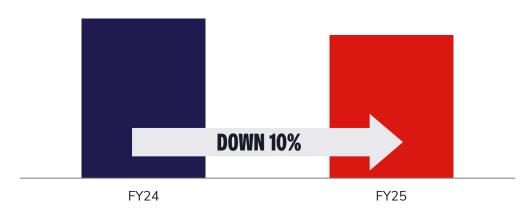
Unit cost per 3rd party applications (\$)



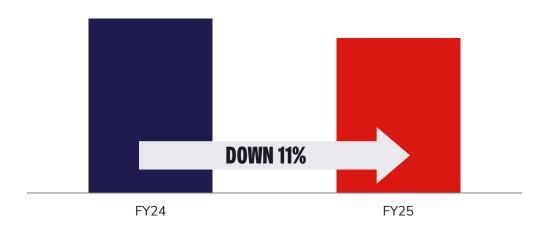


OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY

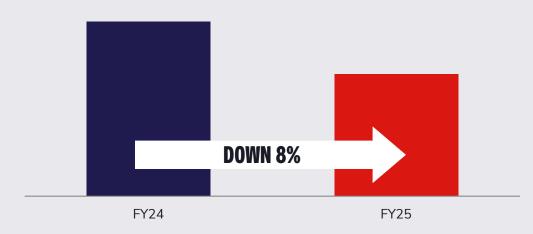
Credit card cost per origination (\$)



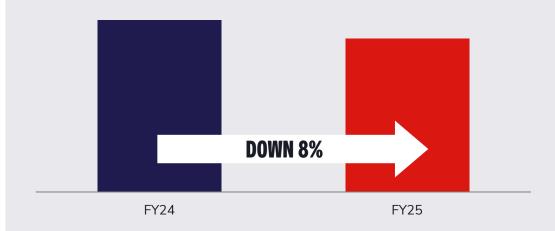
Personal lending cost per origination (\$)



Business lending cost per deal (\$)



Financial Market Ops cost per settlement (\$)



CYBER SECURITY - A LAYERED DEFENCE

EMPLOYEES

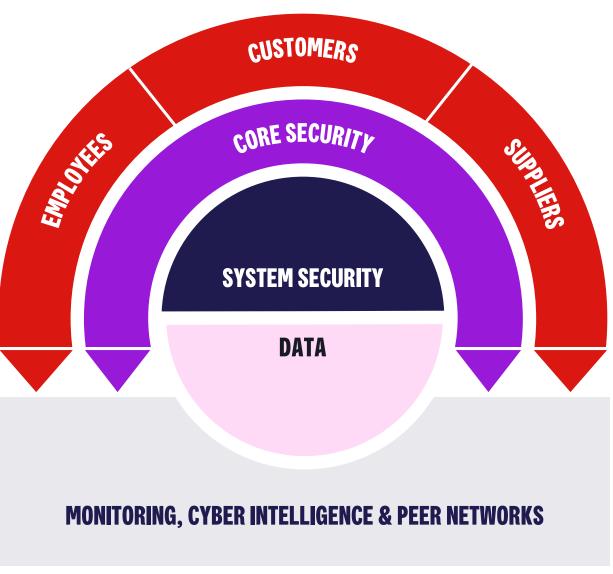
Controls underpin who we hire; how we grant access; and how we monitor system use

CUSTOMERS

Dedicated controls to help protect customers from fraud, including multifactor authentication

SUPPLIERS

Security reviews, limited access to systems and data, and continual performance monitoring



CORE SECURITY

Core security capabilities across all systems, e.g. malware prevention, firewalls, email security

SYSTEM SECURITY

Integrated approach to security of our systems, e.g. design reviews, patching and secure development

MONITORING, INTELLIGENCE AND NETWORKS

24/7 monitoring of attacks and control weaknesses. Threat detection supported by cyber threat intelligence and information sharing partnerships

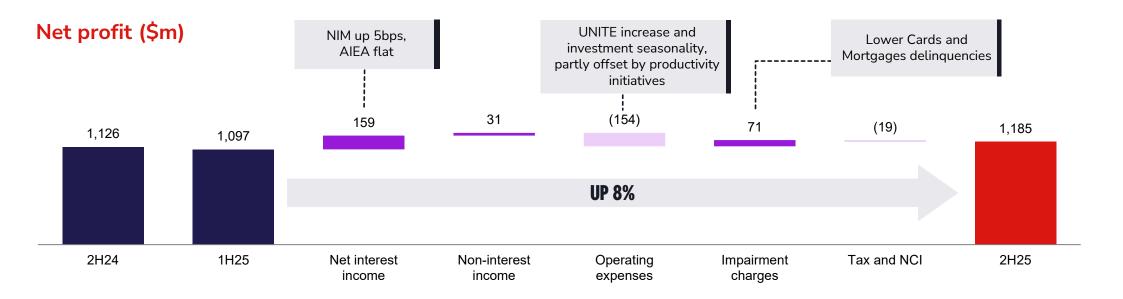
Westpac's systems and processes may not always be 100% effective and are subject to risks and other factors including those described in the 2025 Risk Factors document.





SEGMENT RESULTS

CONSUMER 2H25 PERFORMANCE

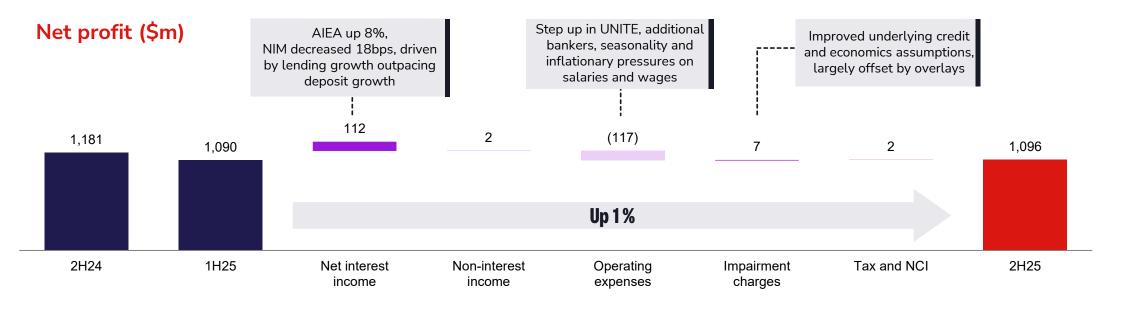


Key financial metrics ex Notable Items	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25	Key operating metrics	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25
Return on average tangible equity (%)	9.4	9.5	10.3	0.8ppts	Active digital banking customers ¹ (#m)	5.56	5.60	5.72	0.12
Expense to income (%)	58.6	58.0	59.0	100 bps	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Net interest margin (%)	1.70	1.70	1.75	5 bps	Main financial institution ² (%)	16.8	17.2	15.4	(1.8ppts)
Average interest-earning assets (\$bn)	454	454	456	0%	NPS® (rank) ²	#3	#2	=#2	-
Pre-provision profit (\$m)	1,712	1,728	1,764	2%	Branches ³ (#)	626	620	621	1
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	65.5	67.8	69.7	186 bps	2.3				
Mortgage 90+ day delinquencies (%)	1.12	0.86	0.70	(16 bps)	Co-location branches (#)	111	114	125	11

¹ Australian consumer and business customers who have had an authenticated session (including Quickzone) on Westpac Group digital banking platforms in the prior 90 days. 2 For further details see page 122. 3 Includes all points of presence including Advisory, Community Banking Centres and Kiosks. Co-located branches are considered two points of presence.



BUSINESS AND WEALTH 2H25 PERFORMANCE



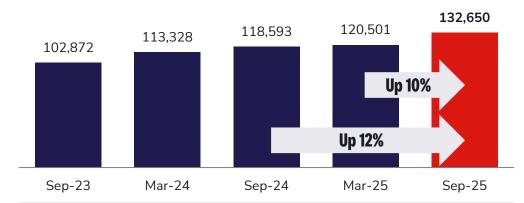
Key financial metrics ex Notable Items	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25	Key operating metrics	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25
Return on average tangible equity (%)	20.3	19.0	18.6	(0.4ppts)	Business lending time to decision (days)	9.0	8.0	7.9	(0.1)
Expense to income (%)	44.0	43.5	45.7	216 bps	Circula I animirata di Laura (#\)1	2.020	2.402	2.000	210/
Net interest margin (%)	5.37	4.94	4.76	(18 bps)	Simple + originated loans (#) ¹	2,020	2,403	2,909	21%
Average interest-earning assets (\$bn)	101.3	106.3	114.4	8%	Net loans (\$bn) ²	100.0	106.8	115.2	8%
Pre-provision profit (\$m)	1,741	1,693	1,690	(0%)	Deposits (\$bn)	144.3	148.3	152.3	3%
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	141.5	138.8	132.2	(Large)	, , ,	144.5	140.5	132.3	370
Stressed exposures to TCE (%)	5.56	5.26	5.01	(25 bps)	New Transaction Accounts Opened (#, 000s)	64.1	58.3	75.5	30%

¹ Simple +: Simplified lending pathway for originated loans to customers below \$5m TCE. 2 Excluding auto finance portfolio.



BT PANORAMA BUSINESS AND WEALTH

FUA (\$m)

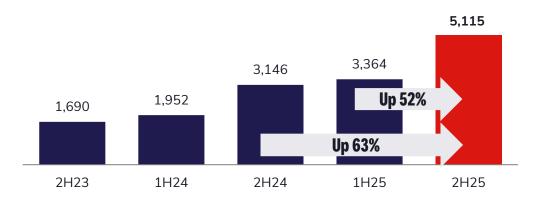


WINNER OF BEST CLIENT PORTAL AND MOBILE APP¹

Average FUA per account (\$'000)

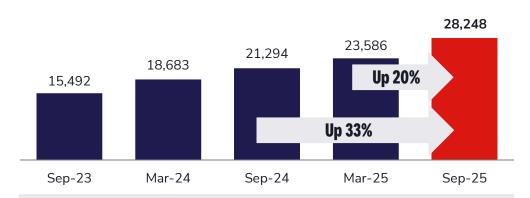


Net flows excluding benefit payments² (\$m)



LARGEST SHARE OF ADVISER RELATIONSHIPS FOR PRIMARY PLATFORM CHOICE³

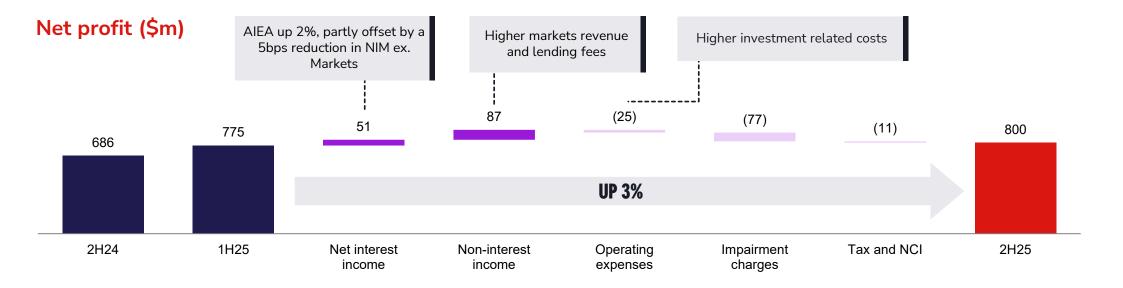
Managed accounts FUA (\$m)



HIGHEST BRAND AWARENESS FOR MANAGED ACCOUNTS⁵

1 Investment Trends Platform Competitive Analysis & Benchmarking Report (released Feb' 25). Best Client Portal seventh consecutive year (2018 – 2024) and Best Mobile App six years (2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2024). 2 Represents benefit payments from pension accounts; including benefit payments BT Panorama net flows were \$2.5b for the 6 months to Sep-25. 3 Investment Trends Adviser Tech Needs Report (June 25). 4 Chant West Platform rating (assigned Aug 2025), awarded Highly Recommended for 4th consecutive year. 5 Investment Trends SPDR ETFs/Investment Trends Managed Accounts Report (Mar 2025). See https://www.bt.com.au/about-bt/bt-financial-group/overview/awards.html for more awards.

INSTITUTIONAL 2H25 PERFORMANCE

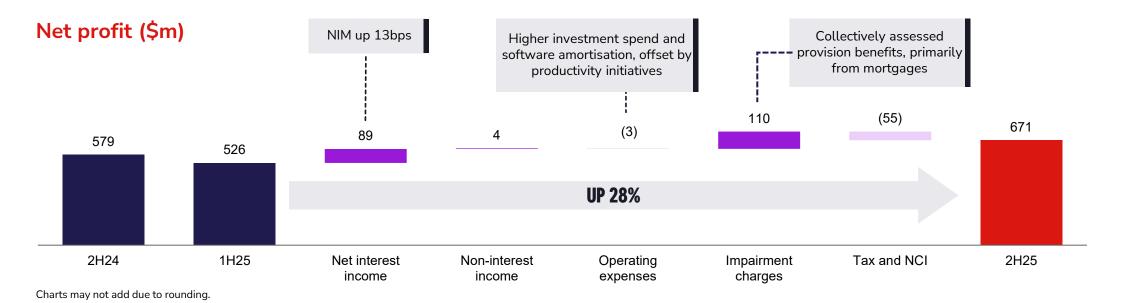


Key financial metrics ex Notable Items	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25
Return on average tangible equity (%)	14.1	14.8	14.8	-
Net interest margin (%)	1.82	1.76	1.79	3bps
Expense to income ratio (%)	43.2	44.2	42.4	(183bps)
Average interest-earning assets (\$bn)	126.6	134.2	137.4	2%
Pre-provision profit (\$m)	993	1,024	1,137	11%
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	119.1	114.3	111.6	(271bps)
Stressed exposures to TCE (%)	0.76	0.78	0.70	(8bps)

Key operating metrics	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25
Net interest margin ex. Markets (%)	2.13	2.03	1.98	(5bps)
Net loans (\$bn)	100.6	107.0	117.7	10%
Customer Deposits (\$bn)	119.8	122.3	131.4	7%
Lending and deposit revenue (\$m)	1,289	1,332	1,391	4%
Sales and risk management income (\$m)	391	421	458	9%



NEW ZEALAND 2H25 PERFORMANCE¹



Key financial metrics ex Notable Items	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25
Return on average tangible equity (%)	14.1	12.5	15.3	2.8 ppts
Expense to income (%)	45.5	49.0	46.3	(268 bps)
Net interest margin (%)	2.23	2.26	2.39	13 bps
Average interest-earning assets (\$bn)	119.4	121.3	121.5	0%
Pre-provision profit (\$m)	806	764	854	12%
Stressed exposures to TCE (%)	1.73	1.63	1.47	(16 bps)
Mortgage 90+ day delinquencies (%)	0.49	0.54	0.46	(8 bps)

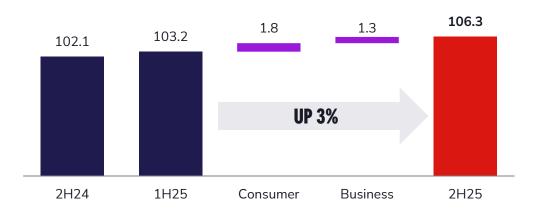
Key operating metrics	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change on 1H25	
Net loans (\$bn)	102.1	103.2	106.3	3%	
Customer Deposits (\$bn)	79.7	80.9	81.0	0%	
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	78.1	78.4	76.2	(219 bps)	
Customers (#m)	1.51	1.51	1.51	-	
Digital active customers (#m)	0.84	0.85	0.87	2%	
Branches (#)	106	106	98	(8)	
ATMs (#)	385	374	358	(16)	



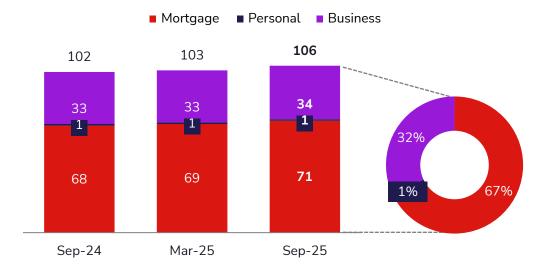
¹ In NZ\$ unless otherwise noted.

NEW ZEALAND BALANCE SHEET (NZ\$)

Net loans (\$bn)



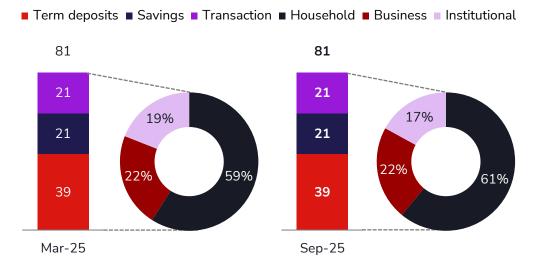
Loans and % of total



Customer deposits (\$bn)



Customer deposits and % of total







SUSTAINABILITY

TAKING ACTION NOW TO CREATE A BETTER FUTURE

WHAT

HOW

TO BE OUR CUSTOMERS' #1 BANK AND PARTNER THROUGH LIFE

CUSTOMER
CUSTOMER OBSESSED

Proactively support customers' sustainability goals through finance,

expertise and advocacy

PEOPLE

BEST TEAM. TRUSTED EXPERTS

Strengthen sustainability learning so our people bring expertise and balance into every decision and interaction **CHANGE**

BRILLIANT AT DELIVERY

Partner with customers to help deliver our positions on key sustainability topics, including climate, natural capital, human rights and equitable Indigenous participation **RISK**

SAFE AND STRONG

Actively manage material sustainability risks and impacts to customers, our business and community

PERFORMANCE

EXECUTION EXCELLENCE

Create Sustainability Outcomes for our customers, communities and shareholders

FOCUS AREAS

CLIMATE TRANSITION

Decarbonisation and resilience for customers and our operations

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

New housing supply, alternative pathways to ownership for customers and housing availability for underserved communities

REGIONAL PROSPERITY

Regional business growth, local employment, community and environmental outcomes

SUSTAINABILITY OUTCOMES

- Support the goals of the Paris Agreement by achieving our Scope 1, 2 and 3 greenhouse gas emissions targets by 2030
- Partner with customers to implement green, transition, social (including housing affordability) or sustainability activities by providing \$55bn sustainable lending and \$40bn sustainable bond facilitation activities by 2030
- Support customers' economic resilience and prosperity by increasing our footprint and growing lending to regional businesses and communities faster than in metro Australia

WE COMMIT TO

ALWAYS DELIVER, SAFELY

MAKE AN IMPACT

DWN IT

These Sustainability pages contain forward-looking statements and statements of expectation. Refer to the disclaimer at the back of this pack. Details on our sustainability commitments, targets and other supporting information is in our 2025 Annual Report, Sustainability Report and Sustainability Index and Datasheet. See website for more information on our sustainability strategy.

AMBITION

TO BECOME A NET-ZERO, CLIMATE RESILIENT BANK

FOCUS AREAS

NET-ZERO, CLIMATE RESILIENT OPERATIONS

PARTNERING WITH CUSTOMERS TO DECARBONISE

SUPPORTING OUR CUSTOMERS' PHYSICAL RESILIENCE

TARGETS

76% reduction in scope 1 and 2 absolute emissions by 2030 (2021 baseline)

50% reduction in upstream scope 3 absolute emissions by 2030 (2021 baseline)

2030 scope 3 financed emissions sector targets (see page 110 for details)

\$55 billion in sustainable finance lending at 30 Sep-30

\$40 billion in sustainable bond facilitation between 1 Oct-21 and 30 Sep-30

ASPIRATIONS

Maintain operational resilience to the physical impacts of climate change.

Transition our lending portfolios to support the goals of the Paris Agreement.

Adopt a portfolio-wide view of exposure and vulnerability to physical climate risks.

Key climate and sustainability disclosures

2025 Annual Report:

Details financial and nonfinancial performance



2025 Sustainability Report: Details our approach to managing climate-related risks and opportunities



2025 Sustainability Index and Datasheet: Details key sustainability performance metrics in one place

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Other sustainability disclosures include

Modern Slavery Statement

Human Rights Position Statement and Action Plan

Natural Capital Position Statement

Sustainable Finance Framework

Climate Transition Plan

New Zealand – 2025 Sustainability Update and Climate Report



Reports available at westpac.com.au/sustainability



Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by source (tco₂-e)

	FY24	FY25	% of total	Estimated FY24 financed emissions¹ (% of to	tal)
Scope 1: Direct emissions from				2% <u>2% 1%</u> 3% <u>-</u>	Agriculture, forestry & fishing
controlled facilities, including fleet fuels, refrigerants, gas, diesel, LPG.	6,262	4,714	<0.1		■ Manufacturing
				3% 18%	Utilities
<u>Scope 2</u> : Indirect emissions (market-based) from the generation of	2 200	1.000	2.4	6%	■ Residential Mortgages
energy we have purchased, including	2,303	1,963	<0.1	7%	■ Transport & storage
purchased electricity.				FY24 ABSOLUTE	Trade
Scope 3 upstream emissions:				SCOPE 1 & 2	■ Construction
Indirect emissions related to selected sources from our operations and	57,655	56,469	<0.5	FINANCED EMISSIONS: 31.6 MtCO ₂ -e	■ Mining
supply chain.				9%	■ Services
Scope 3 financed emissions:				10% 16%	Accommodation, cafes & restaurants
Indirect emissions related to our lending. Share of customers' scope 1	31.6 MtCO ₂ -e	Not Reported ²	>99		■ Commercial Real Estate
& 2 emissions.	MICO ₂ -e	Reported			Property services & business services
				Chart does not add to 100% due to rounding; Other not shown (<1%)	Finance & insurance

Refer to Appendix of our 2025 Sustainability Report for details of the methodologies for estimating our emissions.

¹ Sectors in our financed emissions analysis are based on ANZSIC codes. These sector definitions differ from those used for: (i) our financed emissions sector targets and, (ii) our reporting of Group Exposure by Sector included in our Sustainability Report and Sustainability Index and Datasheet. 2 Financed emissions are reported one year in arrears due to data availability. Data will be reported in FY26.

OUR EMISSIONS REDUCTION TARGETS

Progress on operational emissions targets¹

Reduction in market-based emissions from 2021 baseline (%)	FY24	FY25	2025 Target	2030 Target	Target Progress
Scope 1 and 2 emissions	(86)	(89)	(64)	(76)	Surpassed
Scope 3 upstream emissions	(41)	(42)	NA	(50)	On track

Progress on our financed emissions targets¹

Change in emissions from baseline year² (%)

Westpac sector	FY23	FY24	2030 Target Implied % change		
Power generation	(23)	(38)	(62)		
Upstream Oil and Gas	(45)	(55)	(23)		
Thermal coal mining	(81)	(94)	(100)		
Aviation (passenger aircraft operators)	(45)	(47)	(60)		
Steel production	Not reported (NR) - As at 30 Sep 24, we are on track to achieve				
Aluminium	2030 target and progress is below our emissions pathway. Given the small number of customers, this information is not publicly disclosed.				
Cement production	(5) NR		(14)		
Commercial Real Estate (Offices)	(18)	(27)	(59)		
Residential Real Estate (Australia)	(11)	(14)	(56)		
Australia Beef and Sheep ³	2	2	(9)		
Australia Dairy ³	(7)	(7)	(10)		
New Zealand Beef and Sheep ³	2	(4)	(9)		
New Zealand Dairy ³	(2)	(6)	(10)		

Carbon-intensive sector requirements

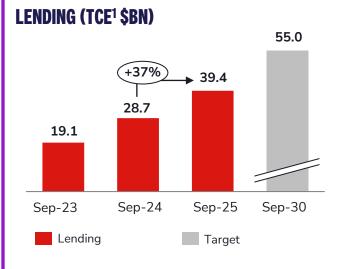
- From 30 Sep-25, new or renewed corporate lending and bond facilitation for in-scope customers⁴ are subject to Customer CTP Evaluation.
- The evaluation assesses emissions targets, strategy, capital allocation, and climate governance, and rates customers from A to D.
- Customers must have interim Scope 1 and 2 decarbonisation target/s aligned to the well below 2°C goal of the Paris Agreement to qualify for financing.
- Customers rated D would not be eligible for financing. If the finance supports National or Energy Security⁴, we may escalate to the appropriate governance committee for review.

Preliminary CTP assessment of new or renewed lending or bond facilitation (facilities)

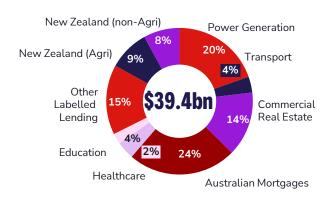
Rating	Action if new / renewed facilities are requested	% of customers assessed ⁵
А	Accept & monitor customer CTP execution.	55
В	Accept & engage to encourage further development of CTP	36
С	Escalate to governance committee. New/renewed facilities may be declined.	0
D	Decline new/renewed facilities	9

¹ Refer to the Appendix of our 2025 Sustainability Report for details of the methodologies for estimating our emissions. 2 Prior year baseline and progress for Residential Real Estate target are as at 31 August, and as at 30 September for FY24. Baselines: Commercial and Residential Real Estate – 2022; Aluminium – 2023; all other financed emissions – 2021.. 3 Prior year numbers restated for Australia and New Zealand Agriculture targets, refer to our 2025 Sustainability Report for details. 4 Customers within the oil and gas, metallurgical coal mining, and coal-fired power generation sectors. See our Sustainability Customer Requirements for more information including definitions for National or Energy Security. 5 Percentage of customers assessed in advance of their request for new/renewed corporate lending or bond facilitation.

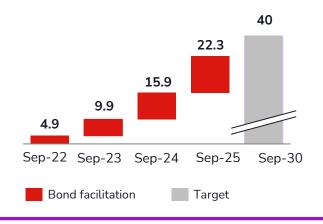
Our **Sustainable Finance Framework** defines how we classify sustainable finance transactions as Green, Transition, Social or Sustainability. We also have 2030 targets for lending and bond facilitation.



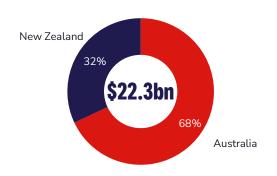
LENDING BY SECTOR (SEP-25 %)



BOND FACILITATION² (CUMULATIVE SBN)



BOND FACILITATION BY COUNTRY (%)



Sustainable finance highlights

- 89.2% of our electricity sector lending to renewables.
- Coordinating Arranger and Bookrunner for AirTrunk's SYD1 and SYD2 term loan financing, supporting biodiversity, conservation and disaster relief, delivered through its social impact program.
- Joint Sustainability Coordinator for Bluecurrent's NZ\$2.5bn Green Loan supporting smart electricity and water metering across Australasia.
- Sustainability Coordinator and Lead Manager for Auckland Council's first Sustainability-Linked Bond. Auckland Council is targeting to plant one million native forest stems by 2027.
- Ranked #1 in the 2025 NZ Sustainable Bond League Table⁴.

Other climate-related opportunities (Sep-25)³

- \$63.4m for EV/Hybrid vehicles loans in Australia.
- \$182.4m for the Greater Choices home loan and EV loan in New Zealand.

1 Total committed exposure (TCE) or balance (for residential mortgages) at 30 Sept. TCE is the sum of loan balance and other committed facilities. For this purpose, TCE must meet the requirements of our Sustainable Finance Framework, and so excludes pre settlement risk, secondary market trading and the underwriting of facilities. 2 Bond facilitation target and progress is measured as the cumulative sum of our proportionate share of qualifying bonds facilitated from 1 Oct-21. Prior years are restated following data quality reviews which identified additional bonds not previously included. 3 Includes loans that have not been assessed under our SEE 4 KangaNews, 2025 NZ Sustainable Bond – All Issuers – Incl Self-led Deals League Table at 30 Sep-25.



ECONOMICS

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND ECONOMIC FORECASTS – (%) AS AT 31 OCT 2025

Key economic indicators

		2024		2025				Calendar Years				
		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1E	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F	202	4 2025F	2026F	2027F
World	GDP ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2
Australia	GDP ²	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.1	1.3	2.1	2.4	2.6
	Unemployment – end period	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.4	4.5	4.5
	CPI headline – year end	3.8	2.8	2.4	2.4	2.1	3.2	3.7	2.4	3.7	2.7	2.6
	Interest rates – cash rate	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.10	3.85	3.60	3.60	4.35	3.60	3.10	3.10
New Zealand	GDP ²	-0.5	-1.7	-1.4	-0.6	-0.6	8.0	1.2	-1.4	1.2	3.0	3.4
	Unemployment – end period	4.7	4.9	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.1	5.4	4.9	4.3
	Consumer prices	3.3	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.2	2.9	2.3	2.1
	Interest rates – official cash rate	5.50	5.25	4.25	3.75	3.25	3.00	2.25	4.25	2.25	2.50	3.50

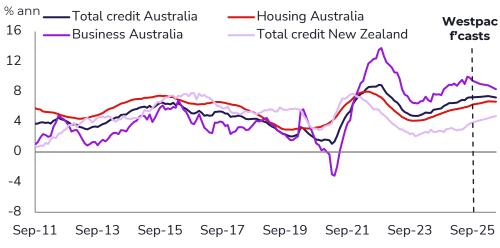
Sources: IMF, RBA, Statistics NZ, Westpac Economics

Key economic indicators

		2024	2025F	2026F	2027F
Australia	Credit growth				
	Total – year end	6.5	7.3	6.5	5.8
	Housing – year end	5.5	6.6	6.5	5.6
	Business – year end	8.9	9.0	7.2	6.6
New Zealand	Credit growth				
	Total – year end	3.1	4.2	5.0	4.9
	Housing – year end	3.8	5.7	6.3	5.7
	Business – year end	2.1	1.9	2.6	3.4

Sources: RBA, Statistics NZ, Westpac Economics.

Private sector credit growth (% Ann)

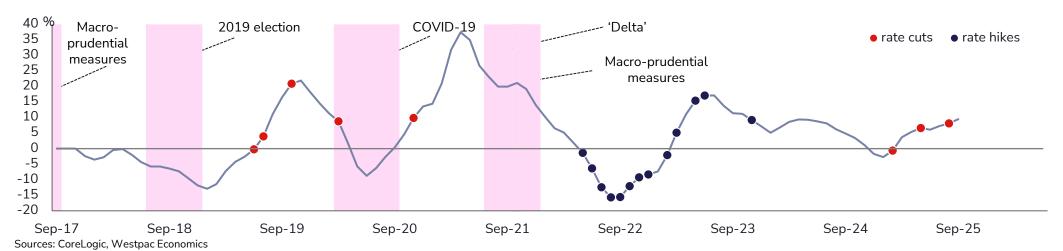


Sources: RBA, Westpac Economics.



¹ Year average growth rates. 2 Through the year growth rates.

Dwelling prices (3mth annualised)



Dwelling prices (%) – (to September 2025)

Capital city	Pop'n	Last 3 mths	Last 12 mths	Last 5 years
Sydney	5.6m	Up 2.1%	Up 3.0%	Up 37.9%
Melbourne	5.4m	Up 1.0%	Up 1.9%	Up 17.5%
Brisbane	2.8m	Up 3.5%	Up 8.8%	Up 80.1%
Perth	2.4m	Up 4.0%	Up 7.5%	Up 82.7%

dwelling prices (%, 3 month annualised) Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics

Dwelling prices (annual %)

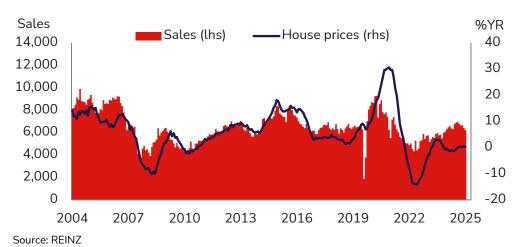
Capital city	Avg*	2022	2023	2024	2025F	2026F
Sydney	5.4	-11.4	11.3	2.7	5	8
Melbourne	4.1	-7.1	4.2	-2.1	4	10
Brisbane	6.7	-1.9	13.5	11.4	7	8
Perth	4.4	4.2	16.2	18.4	8	8
Australia	5.3	-6.6	10.1	5.1	6	9

^{*} Average last 10yrs. Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics

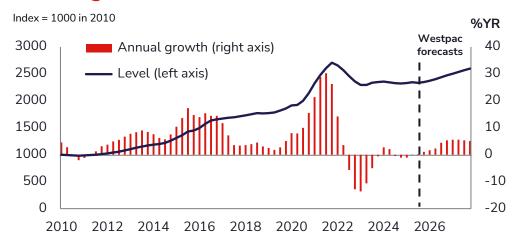


NEW ZEALAND HOUSING MARKET – ACTIVITY HAS STABILISED, STILL SUBDUED

Monthly house sales and prices (% Yr)

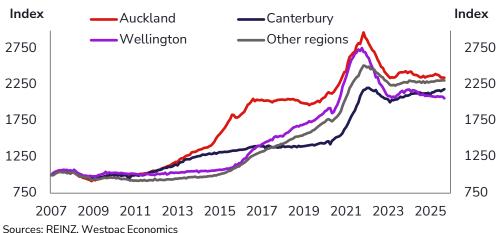


Dwelling Prices



Sources: REINZ, Westpac Economics

Dwelling prices (index)



Sources: REINZ, Westpac Economics

Dwelling prices (%) – (to Aug-25)

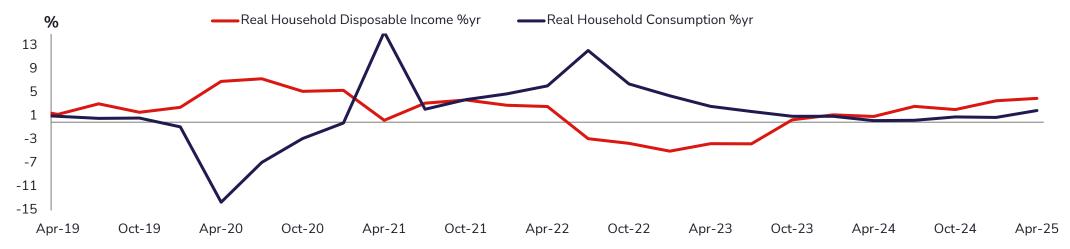
Capital city	Pop'n	Last 3 mths L		Last 12 mths	Last 5	years
Auckland	1.8m	Down 1%		Down 1%	U	p 4%
Wellington	0.5m	Down 1%		Down 3%	U	p 1%
Canterbury	0.7m	Up 1%		Up 3%	Up 42%	
Nationwide	5.3m	Flat	Flat		Uŗ	15%
Forecast (Annual %)	Ave. past 10 years	2022	2023	3 2024	2025F	2026F
Nationwide	7%	-13%	-1%	-1%	+1%	+5%

Sources: REINZ, Westpac Economics.

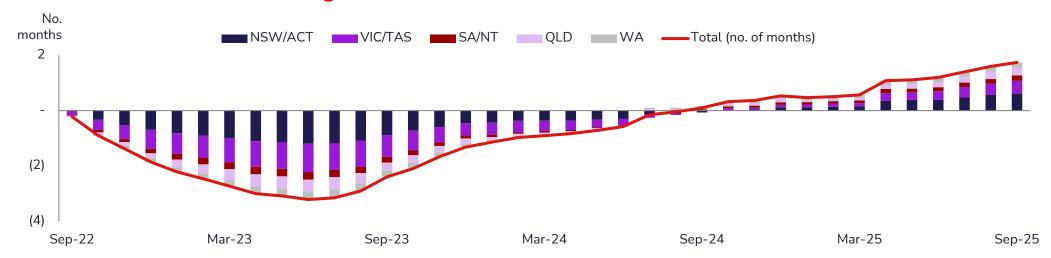


CONSUMER INCOME & SPEND¹

Real household disposable incomes and consumption are recovering



State contribution to annual change in buffers



¹ Source: Westpac DataX, Westpac Economics, ABS. 2 Mortgage holders only. Ratio of savings balance to essential expenses.

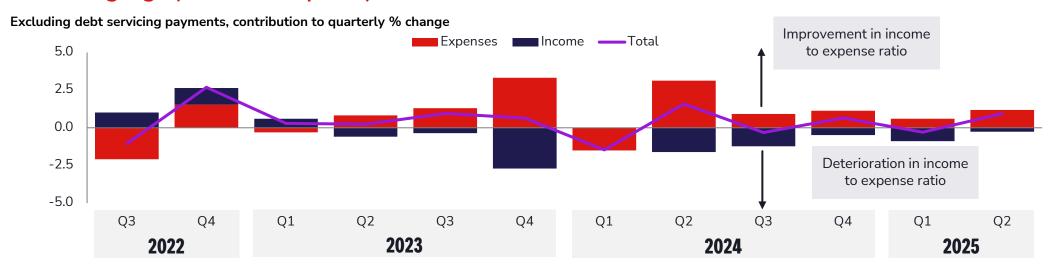


BUSINESS CUSTOMER CASHFLOW CONDITIONS IMPROVING

Cashflow trends



Cashflow gauge (income to expense)



1 Source: Westpac Economics, Macrobond.





APPENDIX

APPENDIX 1: NET PROFIT¹

\$m	2H24	1H25	2H25	Change 1H25 – 2H25 (%)
Net interest income	9,565	9,569	9,904	4
Non-interest income	1,382	1,424	1,567	10
Net operating income	10,947	10,993	11,471	4
Expenses	(5,549)	(5,698)	(6,218)	9
Pre-provision profit	5,398	5,295	5,253	(1)
Impairment charges	(175)	(250)	(174)	(30)
Tax and non-controlling interests (NCI)	(1,616)	(1,588)	(1,564)	(2)
Net profit	3,607	3,457	3,515	2

¹ For further information refer to Westpac's 2025 Full Year Financial Results.



APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS – CREDIT QUALITY

<90 days past due	Includes facilities less than 90 days past due and those credit exposures, that are in default, but where it is expected that the full value of principal and accrued interest can be collected, generally by reference to the value of security held
90+ days past due	Includes facilities 90 days or more past due, and those credit exposures that are in default, but where it is expected that the full value of principal and accrued interest can be collected, generally by reference to the value of security held
Provision for expected credit losses	Expected credit losses (ECL) are a probability-weighted estimate of the cash shortfalls expected to result from defaults over the relevant time frame. They are determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes and taking into account the time value of money, past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions
Collectively assessed provisions (CAP)	CAP for ECL under AASB 9 represent the ECL which is collectively assessed in pools of similar assets with similar risk characteristics. This incorporates forward looking information and does not require an actual loss event to have occurred for an impairment provision to be recognised
Individually assessed provisions (IAP)	Provisions raised for losses on loans that are known to be impaired and are assessed on an individual basis. The estimated losses on these impaired loans is based on expected future cash flows discounted to their present value and, as this discount unwinds, interest will be recognised in the income statement
Stage 1: 12 months ECL – performing	For financial assets where there has been no significant increase in credit risk since origination a provision for 12 months ECL is recognised. Interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset
Stage 2: Lifetime ECL – performing	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination but where the asset is still performing a provision for lifetime ECL is recognised. Interest revenue is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset
Stage 3 Lifetime ECL – non- performing	For financial assets that are non-performing a provision for lifetime ECL is recognised. Interest revenue is calculated on the carrying amount net of the provision for ECL rather than the gross carrying amount

Impaired exposures	 Includes exposures that have deteriorated to the point where full collection of interest and principal is in doubt, based on an assessment of the customer's outlook, cash flow, and the net realisation of value of assets to which recourse is held: Facilities 90 days or more past due, and full recovery is in doubt: exposures where contractual payments are 90 or more days in arrears and the net realisable value of assets to which recourse is held may not be sufficient to allow full collection of interest and principal, including overdrafts or other revolving facilities that remain continuously outside approved limits by material amounts for 90 or more calendar days; Non-accrual facilities: exposures with individually assessed impairment provisions held against them, excluding restructured loans; Restructured facilities: exposures where the original contractual terms have been formally modified to provide for concessions of interest or principal for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer; Other assets acquired through security enforcement (includes other real estate owned): includes the value of any other assets acquired as full or partial settlement of outstanding obligations through the enforcement of security arrangements; or Any other facilities where the full collection of interest and principal is in doubt.
Stressed exposures	Watchlist and substandard, non-performing not impaired, and impaired exposures
Total committed exposures (TCE)	Represents the sum of the committed portion of direct lending (including funds placement overall and deposits placed), contingent and pre-settlement risk plus the committed portion of secondary market trading and underwriting risk
Watchlist and substandard	Loan facilities where customers are experiencing operating weakness and financial difficulty but are not expected to incur loss of interest or principal



APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS – SEGMENTS, EARNINGS DRIVERS, CAPITAL AND LIQUIDITY

Segments

Consumer	Consumer provides banking products and services, including mortgages, credit cards, personal loans, and savings and deposit products to Australian retail customers
Business and Wealth	Business and Wealth serves the banking and wealth needs of Australian customers, including small business, Agribusiness and Commercial businesses
WIB	Westpac Institutional Bank (WIB) provides a broad range of financial products and services to corporate, institutional and government customers
Westpac NZ	Westpac New Zealand provides banking, wealth and insurance products and services for consumer, business and institutional customers in New Zealand

Earnings drivers

Average interest-earning assets (AIEA)	The average balance of assets held by the Group that generate interest income. Where possible, daily balances are used to calculate the average balance
Net interest margin	Calculated by dividing net interest income by average interest-earning assets (annualised where applicable)
Core net interest margin	Calculated by dividing net interest income excluding Notable Items and Treasury & Markets by average interest-earning assets (annualised where applicable)
Pre-provision profit	Net operating income less operating expenses
NCI	Non-controlling interests
Full-time equivalent employees (FTE)	A calculation based on the number of hours worked by full and part-time employees as part of their normal duties. For example, the full-time equivalent of one FTE is 76 hours paid work per fortnight

Capital and liquidity

Capital ratios	As defined by APRA (unless stated otherwise)
Committed liquidity facility (CLF)	The RBA makes available to Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions (ADIs) a CLF that, subject to qualifying conditions, can be accessed to meet LCR requirements under APS210 Liquidity. APRA announced in September 2021 that ADIs subject to the LCR should reduce their CLF usage to zero by 1 January 2023
High quality liquid assets (HQLA)	Assets which meet APRA's criteria for inclusion as HQLA in the numerator of the LCR
Internationally comparable ratios	Internationally comparable regulatory capital ratios are Westpac's estimated ratios after adjusting the capital ratios determined under APRA Basel III regulations for various items. Analysis aligns with the APRA study titled "International capital comparison study" dated 13 July 2015
Leverage ratio	As defined by APRA (unless stated otherwise). Tier 1 capital divided by 'exposure measure' and expressed as a percentage. 'Exposure measure' is the sum of onbalance sheet exposures, derivative exposures, securities financing transaction exposures and other off-balance sheet exposures
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	An APRA requirement to maintain an adequate level of unencumbered high quality liquid assets, to meet liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day period under an APRA-defined severe stress scenario. Absent a situation of financial stress, the value of the LCR must not be less than 100%. LCR is calculated as the percentage ratio of stock of HQLA and CLF over the total net cash out-flows in a modelled 30 day defined stressed scenario
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)	The NSFR is defined as the ratio of the amount of available stable funding (ASF) to the amount of required stable funding (RSF) defined by APRA. The amount of ASF is the portion of an ADI's capital and liabilities expected to be a reliable source of funds over a one year time horizon. The amount of RSF is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of an ADI's assets and off-balance sheet activities. ADI's must maintain an NSFR of at least 100%
Risk weighted assets (RWA)	Assets (both on and off-balance sheet) are risk weighted according to each asset's inherent potential for default and what the likely losses would be in case of default. In the case of non-asset-backed risks (ie. market and operational risk), RWA is determined by multiplying the capital requirements for those risks by 12.5



APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS – DIGITAL, MAIN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION, AND NET PROMOTER SCORE

Digital

Digitally active	Australia: Consumer and business customers who have had an authenticated session (including Quickzone) on Westpac Group digital banking platforms in the prior 30 days New Zealand: Customers that have logged into the Westpac NZ digital banking platform at least once in the prior 90 days
Digital sales	The percentage of quality sales that were digitally initiated in a 12-week period (percentage against the count of all quality sales in that 12-week period)
Digital transactions	Digital transactions including all payment transactions (Transfer Funds, Pay Anyone and BPAY) within Westpac Live and Compass, excl. Corporate Online and Business Banking online
Mobile Wallet Payments	Count of transactions that use a digital card via apple pay, fitbit pay, garmin pay, google pay and samsung pay products.

Main Financial Institution

MFI share	MFI share results are based on the number of customers who have a Main Financial Institution (MFI) relationship with an institution, as a proportion of the number of customers that have a MFI relationship with any institution
Consumer MFI share	Source: Roy Morgan Single Source, September 2024, March 2025 and September 2025 6MMA. MFI Banking Group customers
Business MFI share	Source: RFI Global, September 2024, March 2025 and September 2025 6MMA. MFI Banking Group customers

Net Promoter Score

Net Promoter Score or NPS®	Net Promoter® Score measures the net likelihood of recommendation to others of the customer's main financial institution for retail or business banking. Net Promoter®, NPS®, NPS Prism®, and the NPS-related emoticons are registered trademarks of Bain & Company, Inc., NICE Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld. Net Promoter Score™ and Net Promoter System™ are service marks of Bain & Company, Inc., NICE Systems, Inc., and Fred Reichheld. Using an 11-point numerical scale where 10 is 'Extremely likely' and 0 is 'Not at all likely', Net Promoter Score is calculated by subtracting the percentage of Detractors (0-6) from the percentage of Promoters (9-10).
NPS – Consumer	Source: RFI Consumer Atlas, September 2023 – September 2025, 6MMA. MFI customers.
Mortgage Product NPS	Source: 5D Strategic NPS Program, September 2023 – September 2025, 6MMA, Westpac AFI mortgage customers. Mortgage Product NPS measures the net likelihood of recommendation to others of the mortgage product via $1^{\rm st}$ party (direct with the provider), or $3^{\rm rd}$ party (through a broker).
Channel NPS	Source: 5D Strategic NPS Program, September 2025, 6MMA, Westpac MFI customers who have used the channel in the last 4 weeks.
NPS – Business	Source: RFI Business Atlas, September 2023 – September 2025, 6MMA. MFI businesses. Business includes Small Business, SME (12MMA) and Commercial customers, weighted by numbers of businesses in each segment.
NPS Rank	The ranking refers to Westpac's position relative to the other three major Australian banks (ANZ, CBA and NAB).
Regional Brands	St.George Bank, Bank of Melbourne and BankSA.



APPENDIX 2: DEFINITIONS - NEW ZEALAND

Net promoter score

Relationship Management - Corporate (Westpac NZ)	Source: Business Finance Monitor (BFM) conducted by research agency Kantar, ongoing online and phone survey among business owners and financial decision makers in businesses with an annual gross turnover of \$5 million - \$150 million. Percentage of respondents who have contact at least once a month with a specific named account manager or relationship manager at their main business bank and gave an 8-10 rating when asked to rate their main business bank's performance via their 'specific named contact (i.e. account manager or relationship manager)'. Scale is from 1 to 10 where 1= Poor and 10=Perfect
Relationship Management - SME (Westpac NZ)	Source: NZ SME Market Monitor conducted by research agency RFI Global, quarterly online survey among business owners and financial decision makers in businesses with an annual gross turnover of \$30,000 - \$5 million. Percentage of respondents who have a dedicated Relationship Manager with their main business bank and gave an 8-10 rating when asked how satisfied they are with the experience with their Relationship Manager. Scale is from 0 to 10 where 0= Not at all satisfied and 10=Extremely satisfied
Relationship Management -Institutional (Westpac NZ)	Source: Coalition Greenwich 2025 Voice of Client NZ Large Corporate Relationship Banking Study

Active customers

Digitally active customers (Westpac NZ)	New Zealand customers that have logged into the Westpac NZ digital banking platform at least once in the prior 90 days
Active customers (Westpac NZ)	New Zealand customers who satisfy one or more of the following criteria: (i) Have an income-generating product 'in force' (ii) Have made a customer-initiated financial transaction in the past 6 months on an account-based product and/or (iii) Have a balance of more than NZ\$400 across current or savings accounts



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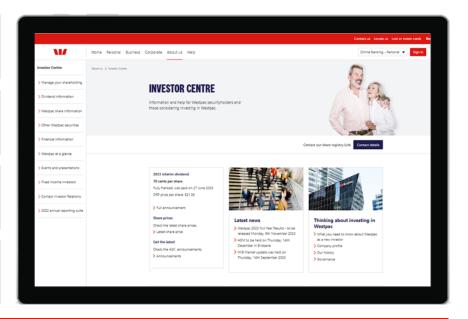
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