

Westpac Banking Corporation | ABN 33 007 457 141

Westpac 2018 Interim Results index

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Image on front

The Westpac Rescue Helicopter Service in action

Image on right

Westpac head office, 275 Kent Street, Sydney





Financial results based on cash earnings unless otherwise stated Refer page 36 for definition. Results principally cover the 1H18, 2H17 and 1H17 periods Comparison of 1H18 versus 2H17 (unless otherwise stated)















Consistency delivers

- Cash earnings up 5% on 2H17 and 6% on 1H17
- Operating divisions performing well all increased core earnings
- Maintained discipline prioritised return over growth
- Increasing traction on efficiency
- Continuing to build long-term franchise value
- Well positioned for the changing landscape
- Remain positive on the economic outlook

Headline results

	1H18	Change 1H18 – 2H17	Change 1H18 – 1H17
Reported net profit after tax	\$4,198m	3%	7%
Cash earnings	\$4,251m	5%	6%
Cash EPS ¹	125.0c	4%	4%
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio ²	10.5%	(6bps)	53bps
Return on equity (ROE) ³	14.0%	37bps	1bp
Net tangible assets per share	\$15.00	2%	5%
Margin (excl. Treasury & Markets) ⁴	2.05%	3bps	9bps
Expense to income ratio ⁴	41.7%	(91bps)	(9bps)
Impairment charge to average loans	11bps	-	(4bps)
Interim dividend ⁵ (fully franked)	94c	-	-

¹ Cash EPS is cash earnings divided by the weighted average ordinary shares. 2 Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio on an APRA Basel III basis. 3 Return on equity is cash earnings divided by average ordinary equity. 4 Cash earnings basis. 5 Cents per share.



Delivering for all stakeholders



14.0mCustomers



Supporting customers' financial goals²



Being there when it matters most to customers



39,574 **Employees**



 \$11bn in new lending to businesses³



\$164m 2017 Community contribution1

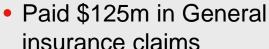




Environment



\$8.5bn Committed exposure to climate change and environmental solutions



- Helped 19,473 customers with financial assistance packages
- 65 relief packages for customers impacted by natural disasters
- Further roll out of dementiafriendly banking
- Westpac SmartPlan launched online tool to help manage credit card balances

Global banking leader in the Dow Jones Sustainability Index in 2017, the fourth year in a row

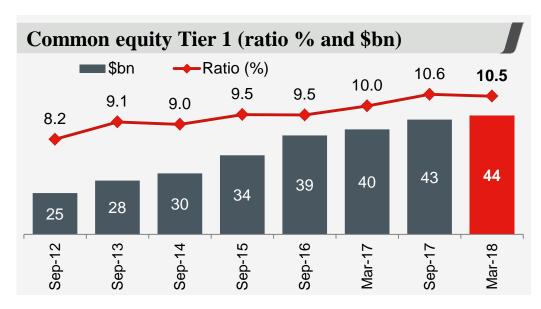
Data for 1H18 or at 31 March 2018 unless otherwise stated. 1 FY17 for detail see Westpac Group 2017 Sustainability Performance Report page 84. 2 Australia data only. 3 Excludes institutional lending.

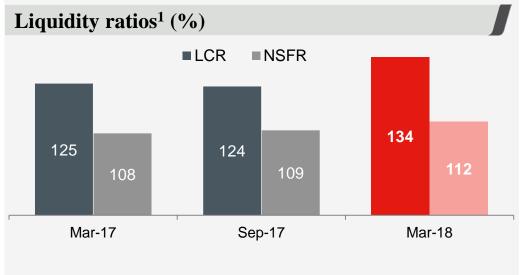


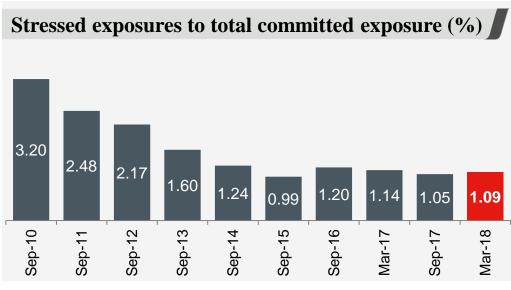
Core earnings up across operating divisions

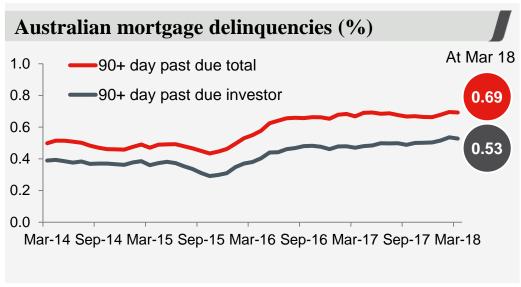
	1H18-2H17 (% earnings change)		
Division	Cash	Core	Comments 1H18 – 2H17
Consumer Bank	6	3	 Disciplined growth, improved margins, flat costs, lower impairments
Business Bank	3	3	 Lending up 2% with growth across SME and commercial Improved margins; Impairments little changed
BT Financial Group	13	13	 Private Wealth, higher insurance premiums and non repeat of customer refunds and payments Partly offset by higher seasonal weather claims
Westpac Institutional Bank	4	1	 Relatively flat outcome across key earnings line items Higher impairment benefit led to lift in cash earnings
New Zealand (NZ\$)	(5)	3	 Sound growth across mortgages and business, strong deposit growth, margins higher, costs lower Impairments moved from a benefit to a small charge contributing to the decline in cash earnings

Balance sheet remains strong











¹ LCR is Liquidity coverage ratio, NSFR is Net stable funding ratio.

Managing growth and return

1H18 outcomes

Enhanced discipline and accountability

ROE at the upper end of

1 Group **6** Divisions

Z I Business

units



Australian system mortgage growth

seeking to achieve

\$6bn

Additional capital allocated to divisions



Margins¹ up from higher deposit and loan spreads

13-14% range the Group is

\$186m

Capital released from BTFG subsidiaries restructure

¹ Margins excluding Treasury & Markets.

Increasing traction on efficiency

Sources of productivity (\$m)

	1H15 – 1H18 ¹	1H18
Simplify operating models	389	69
Network efficiency/digitisation	251	30
Infrastructure, contracts and other	254	32
Total	894	131

- Targeting a sub 40% cost to income ratio
- Making progress on medium term structural productivity gains
 - Halved products for sale in Consumer Bank to 60
 - Panorama installed –
 migration to commence in 2019
 - Customer service hub –
 Westpac mortgages go live
 by end of year

1 Oct 14 - Mar 18.



Building long term franchise value

		1H16	1H18	Change
	CET1 capital (\$bn)	38	44	16%
Strong Balance sheet	Impaired assets (\$bn)	2.49	1.54	(40%)
Dalance Sheet	NTA per share (\$)	13.74	15.00	9%
Customer No.s	Customer numbers (#m)	13.2	14.0	+800k
& relationship	Customer deposits (\$bn)	442	502	14%
depth	Digital sales ¹ (% of total sales)	22	29	7ppts
	Expense to income ratio (%)	41.6	41.7	13bps
Drive efficiency via digital	Productivity savings (\$m)	116	131	13%
via digital	Customers with e-statements (%)	28	45	17ppts
	Employee engagement (Index)	69	79	10ppts
Highly engaged,	Reinventure commitment (\$m)	50	100	2x
innovative culture	Women in Leadership ² (%)	46	50	4ppts

¹ Digital sales is Consumer Bank only. Sales included if a deposit is completed or an account is activated. 2 Refer to slide 136 for metric definition.



Positioning for changing landscape

Upgrading infrastructure

- Customer service hub
- Big data platform
- Panorama
- Hybrid cloud
- API platform
- Cyber and other upgrades

Harnessing data



- Reinventure
- Al, robotic process automation
- Open data & CCR¹
- New payments channels
- Customer insights





- Presto Smart²
- BT Super Invest²
- Institutional loan portal
- Customer insight reporting

Culture & Compliance



- Remuneration & "Motivate"
- BEAR enhanced accountability
- Training & accreditation
- New banking code of practice

- Get it right Put it right initiative
- Product reviews
- Flexible & agile working

¹ Comprehensive credit reporting. 2 Presto Smart is a new system for linking merchant terminal with point of sale systems. BT Super Invest a new flexible superannuation product that gives customers choice in how their funds are invested.





Financial results based on cash earnings unless otherwise stated Refer page 36 for definition. Results principally cover the 1H18, 2H17 and 1H17 periods Comparison of 1H18 versus 2H17 (unless otherwise stated)







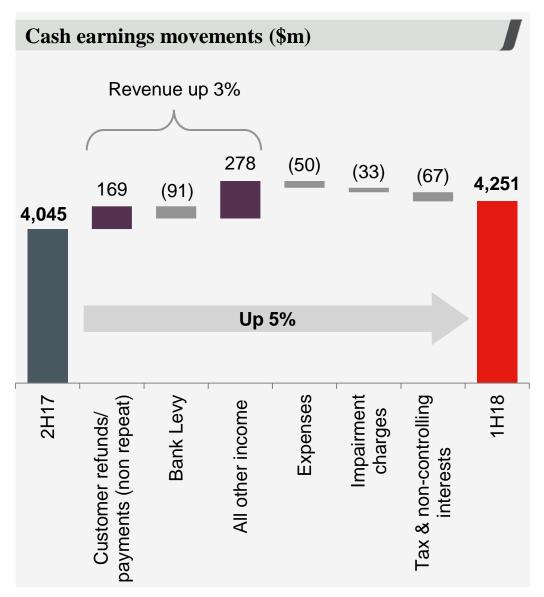








Results at a glance

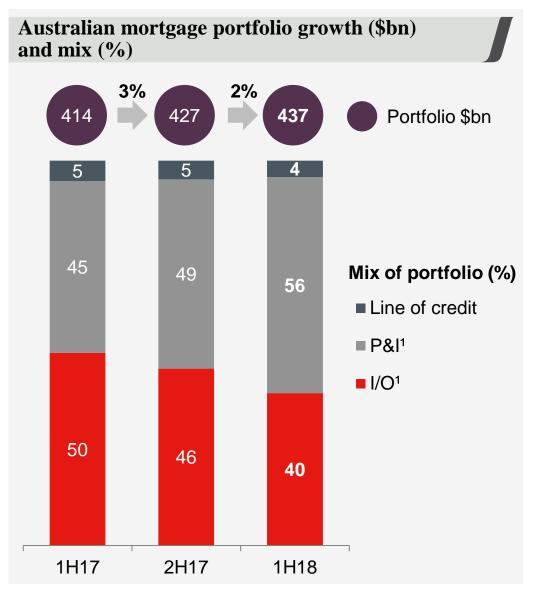


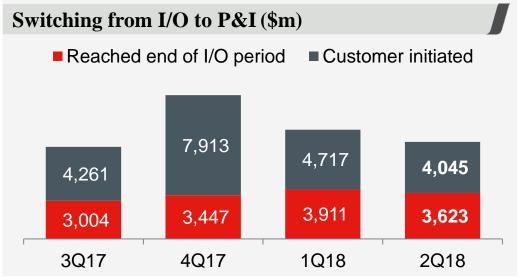
Infrequent/volatile items				
	2H16	1H17	2H17	1H18
Asset sales	(4)	4	-	(7)
Performance fees/ fund manager revaluations	22	-	(3)	-
Group CVA ¹	3	15	20	(1)
Provision for customer refunds/payments	-	-	(118)	-
Total cash earnings impact	21	19	(101)	(8)
Bank Levy - (pre tax) - (post tax)	-	-	(95) (66)	(186) (130)



¹ CVA is credit valuation adjustment.

Australian mortgage growth 2%



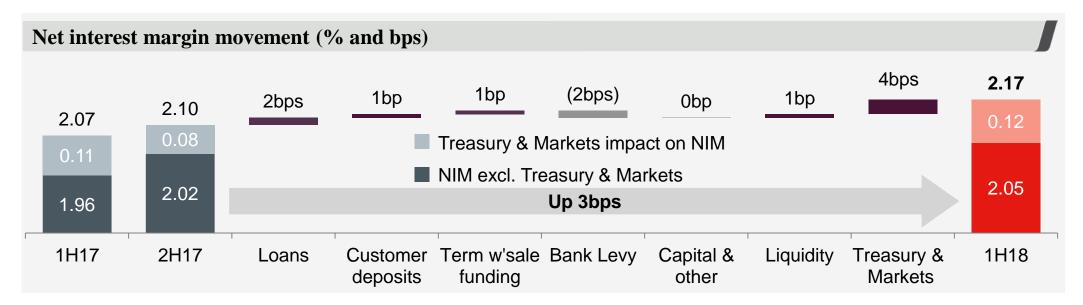


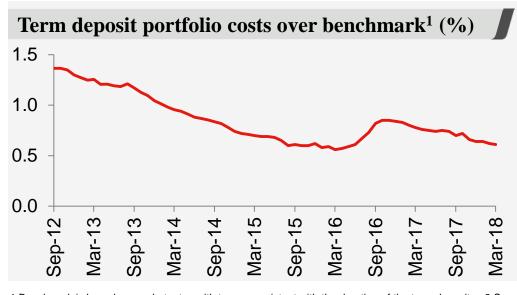
Mortgage portfolio (\$bn)			
	1H17	2H17	1H18
New lending	37.0	40.4	38.4
Run-off	(27.3)	(27.2)	(28.3)
Net flows	9.7	13.2	10.1
Mortgage offset accounts (balance growth hoh)	4%	4%	3%

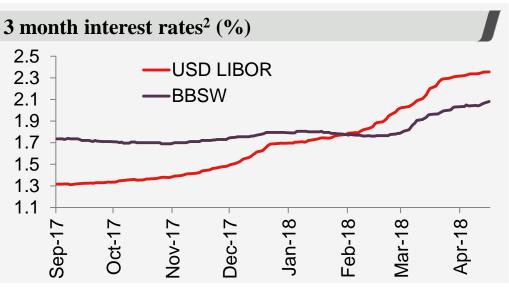


¹ I/O is interest only mortgage lending. P&I is principal and interest mortgage lending.

Margins ex Treasury & Markets up 3bps



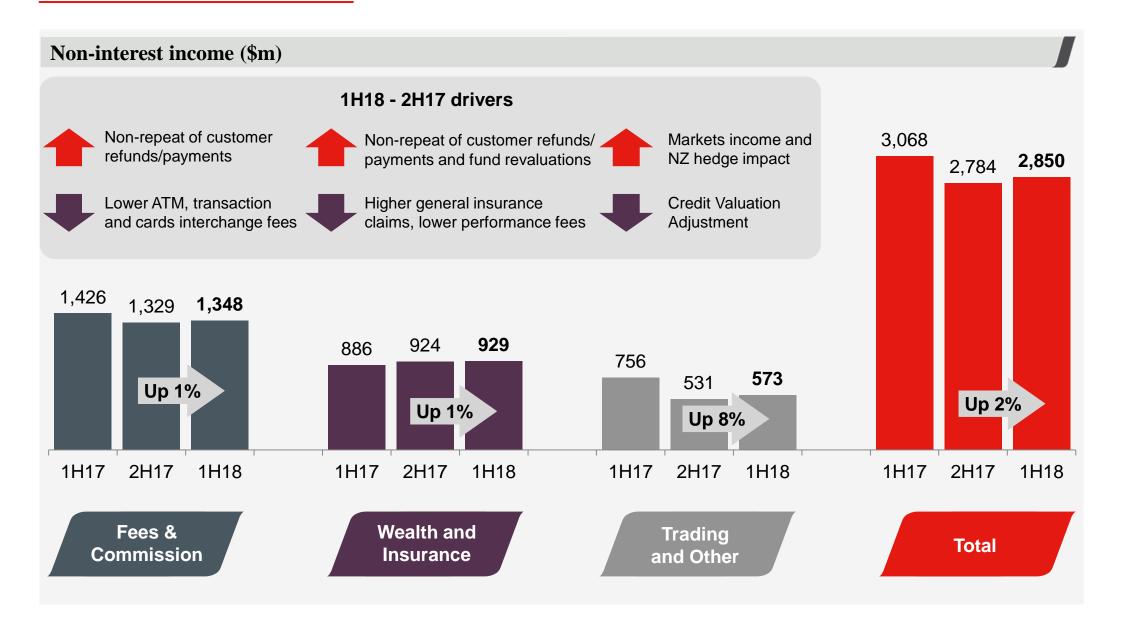




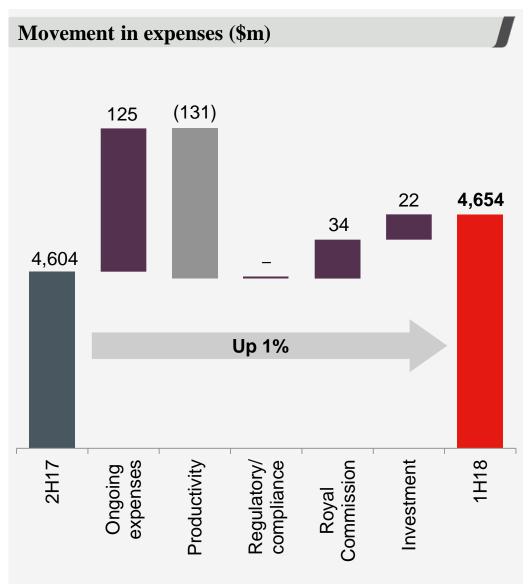
¹ Benchmark is based on market rates with terms consistent with the duration of the term deposits. 2 Source: Bloomberg.



Non-interest income

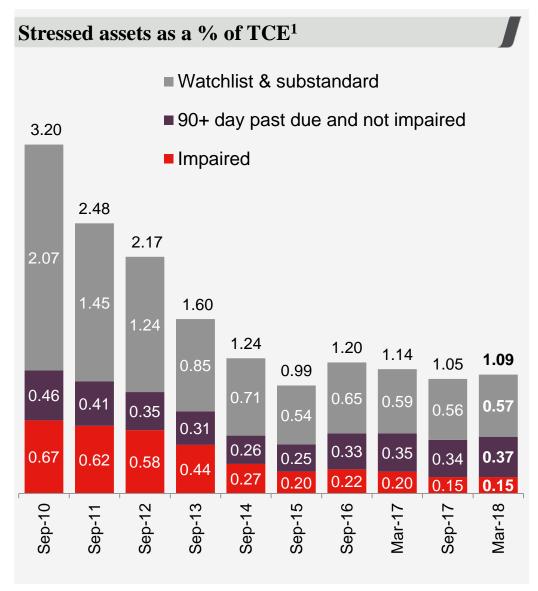


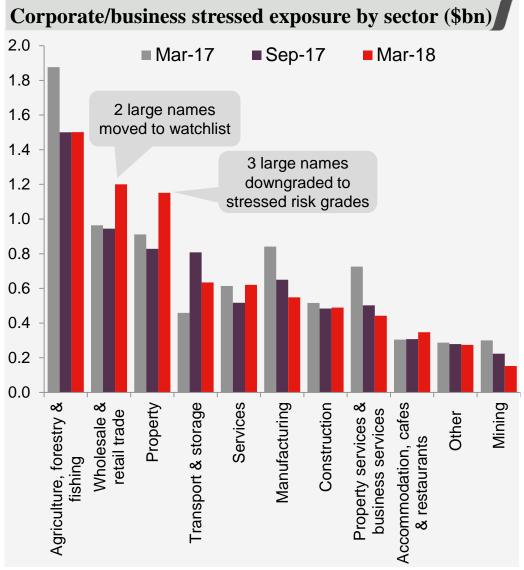
Expenses well managed



Divisional expense growth 1H18 – 2H17			
	\$m	%	
Consumer Bank	3	flat	
Business Bank	9	1%	
BT Financial Group	(9)	(1%)	
Westpac Institutional Bank	(5)	(1%)	
New Zealand (in NZ\$)	(7)	(1%)	
Group Businesses (includes Royal Commission costs)	65	large	

Asset quality sound

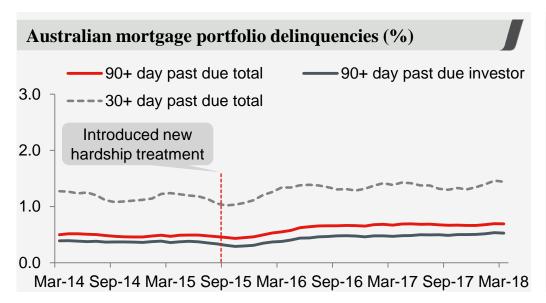




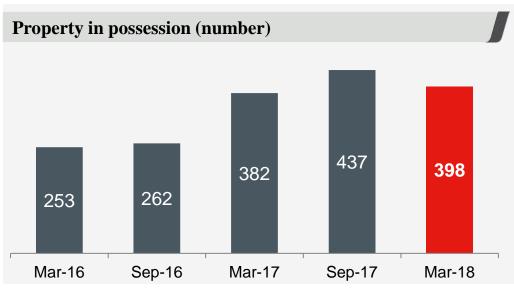


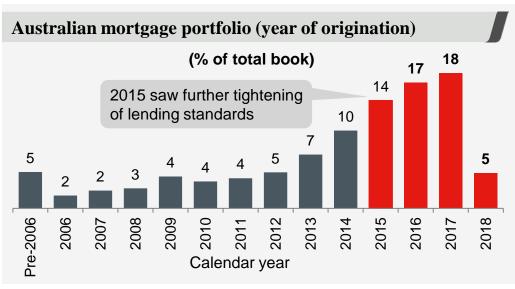
¹ TCE is total committed exposure.

Australian mortgages performing well



Australian mortgage portfolio characteristics	
30+ day delinquencies	144bps
90+ day delinquencies	69bps
Customers ahead of repayments ¹	68%
Loan to income ² >6 times	8%
Dynamic LVR (weighted average)	52%

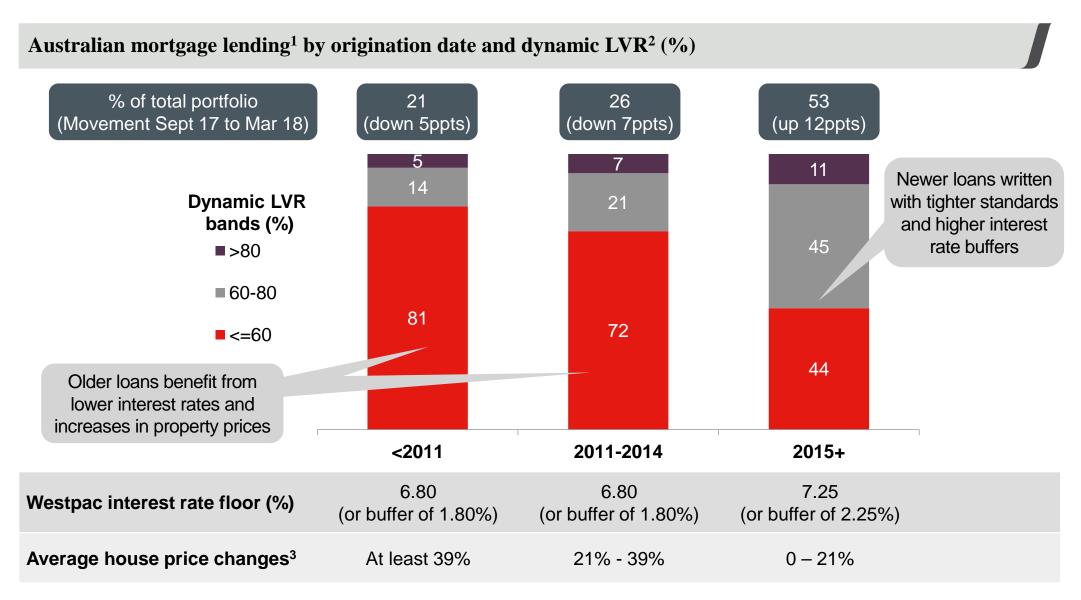




¹ Including offset balances, excludes RAMS in 1H17 and 2H17. 2 Based on current loan application to gross income.



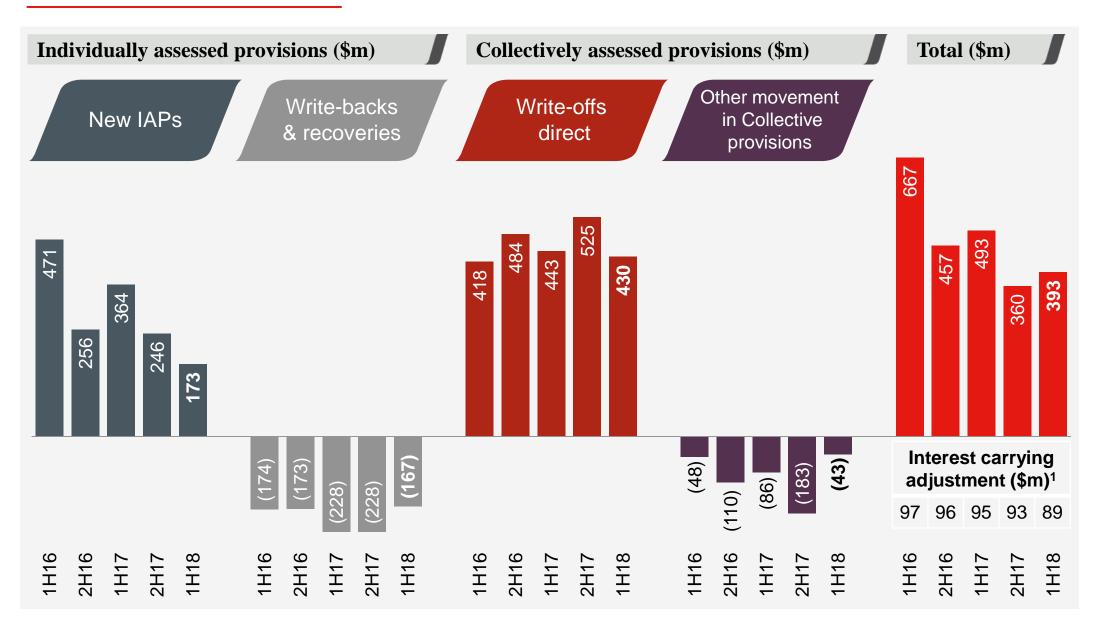
Substantial equity backs pre 2015 originations



¹ Analysis based on a portfolio of residential mortgages. Some mortgages not included as they were originated on different systems and have some data differences i.e. RAMS, certain business mortgages (including construction) and SMSF loans. 2 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Australian Property Monitors. 3 Changes in house prices based on house price indexes (and average not separate valuations) Source: Westpac Economics, CoreLogic. All dwellings Australia - average 8 major capital cities. Prices to March 2018.



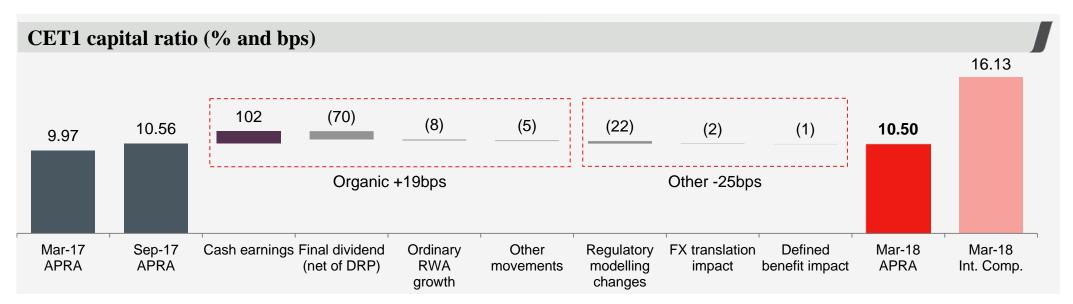
Impairment charge low at 11bps



¹ Interest carrying adjustment is reported in net interest income and not in the impairment charge.

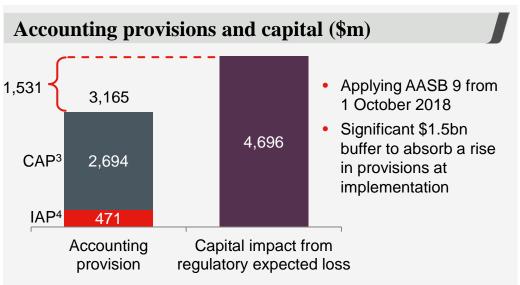


Unquestionably strong capital



2H18 developments

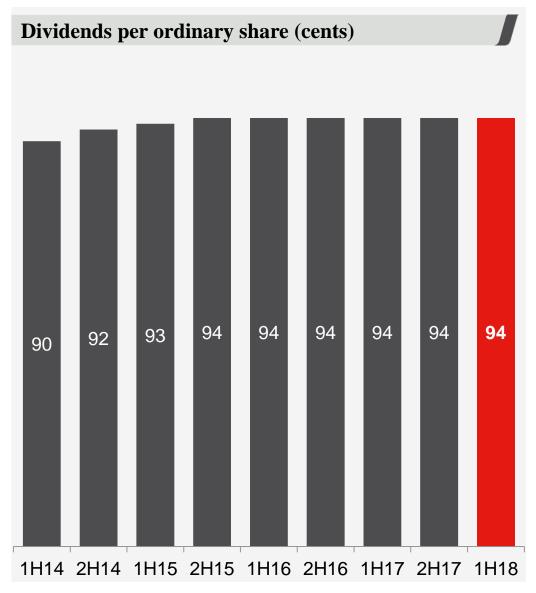
- \$566m in additional capital (14 bps) from conversion of CPS¹ to 19.2m ordinary shares (April 18)
- Estimated impact of model changes
 - Operational risk model overlay approximates standardised approach, \$7.5bn RWA (20bps)
 - Updates to mortgage PD² models, approx \$4bn RWA (10 bps)



¹ Convertible preference shares. 2 Probability of default. 3 Collectively assessed provisions. 4 Individually assessed provisions.

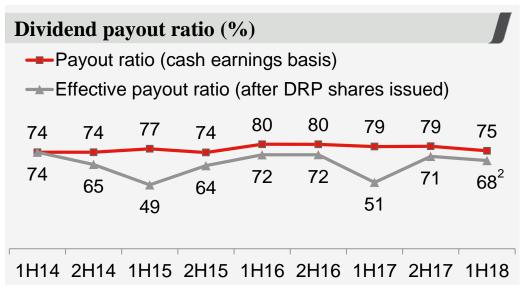


Payout ratio down to 75.3%



Dividend considerations

- Sustainability of the payout ratio over the medium term
- CET1 capital ratio = unquestionably strong benchmark
- Surplus franking credits
- Bank Levy equivalent to 4 cents per share¹



1 In 1H18. 2 1H18 assumes DRP participation rate of 10%.

Considerations for 2H18

- Remaining disciplined on growth/return
- Expect system lending growth to further moderate
- Margins: further mortgage switching and higher funding costs
- Hastings exit: small cash earnings impact, will lift revenue and expenses
- Targeting similar productivity savings as 1H18. Excluding Hastings impact, expected cost growth for FY18 to be in the range of 2-3%
- Capital: \$566m of CPS converted to equity, RWA model changes in 4Q18
- Asset quality expected to remain in good shape



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Positive outlook

- Global growth trending higher despite some uncertainties
- Australia/NZ continue to generate low risk growth
 - Economic fundamentals sound
 - Opportunity for upside from investment
 - Orderly slow-down in housing likely to continue
 - Credit growth expected to moderate
- Scrutiny on sector likely to continue
- Westpac remains well positioned with good momentum on strategy



Financial results based on cash earnings unless otherwise stated Refer page 36 for definition. Results principally cover the 1H18, 2H17 and 1H17 periods Comparison of 1H18 versus 2H17 (unless otherwise stated)



Westpac Group at a glance: Australia's First Bank

WBC listed on **ASX & NZX**



Strategy 30

In its 201st year	Δuetralia'e firet l	hank and first cor	npany, opened 1817
III III ZUI YEAI,	Australia s Ilist i	Jank and mot con	lipally, opened 1017

- Australia's 2nd largest bank and 21st largest bank in the world; ranked by market capitalisation1
- Well positioned across key markets with a service-led strategy focused on customers
- Supporting consumers and businesses in Australia and New Zealand and customers with ties to these markets
- Unique portfolio of brands providing a full range of financial services including consumer, business and institutional banking, and wealth administration
- One of the most efficient banks globally²
- Consistent earnings profile over time
- Capital ratios are in the top quartile globally, with sound asset quality
- Credit ratings³ AA- / Aa3 / AA-
- Leader in sustainability⁴

Consumer Bank











BT Financial Business Bank









Institutional Bank



Group

ADVANCE



Licensee Select

securitor

Westpac **New Zealand**



Nacific Pacific

Key statistics at 31 March 2018		Key financial data for First Half 2018	
Customers	14.0m	Reported net profit after tax	\$4,198m
Australian household deposit market share ⁵	23%	Cash earnings	\$4,251m
Australian mortgage market share ⁶	23%	Expense to income ratio ⁹	41.7%
Australian business credit market share ⁶	19%	Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio (APRA basis)	10.5%
New Zealand deposit market share ⁷	19%	Return on equity ⁹	14.0%
New Zealand consumer lending market share ⁷	19%	Total assets	\$872bn
Australian wealth platforms market share8	18%	Market capitalisation ¹⁰	\$97bn

^{1 31} Mar 18 Source: S&P Capital IQ, based in US\$. 2 Credit Suisse analysis of expense to income ratio of world's largest banks Apr 18. 3 S&P Global Ratings, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings respectively. S&P Global Ratings has Westpac on a negative outlook, Moody's Investor Services and Fitch Ratings have Westpac on a stable outlook. 4. Most sustainable bank globally in the 2017 Dow Jones Sustainability Index . 5 APRA Banking Statistics, Mar 18 6 RBA Financial Aggregates, Mar 18. 7 RBNZ, Mar 18. 8 Strategic Insights Dec 17, All Master Funds Admin. 9 Cash earnings basis. 10 Based on share price at 29 Mar 18 of \$28.62.



Our To be one of the world's great service companies, Vision: helping our customers, communities and people to prosper and grow

Strategic Priorities











Measures

Grow customer base and deepen relationships

Seeking to achieve 13-14% ROE (medium-term)

Cost growth 2-3% per annum and expense to income ratio below 40%

Stronger growth in wealth and SME

Employee engagement in top quartile of high performing norms, women in leadership¹, 50%

Progress 1H18-2H17 Customer numbers up 1.2m since October 2014

Customers with a wealth product

ROE 14.0% Up 37bps ✓

Expenses up 1% Expense to income ratio 41.7% 🗶

Funds flat X

SME lending up 2%

Women in Leadership 50% ¥

Employee engagement V 79%

¹ Refer page 136 for metric definition.

Strong strategic position – consistent strategy

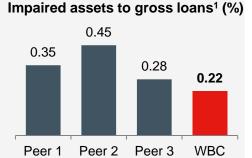
- No. 1 or 2 position across key markets all divisions well placed
- Unique portfolio of brands, reaching more customers
- Strong strategic position in wealth with a comparative advantage in platforms
- No material non-core businesses
- Highly experienced executive team

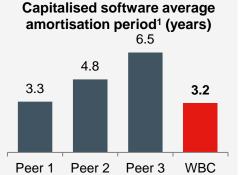
Sustainability leadership

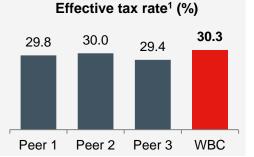
- Australia's first bank and first company, opened 1817
- First Australian bank to:
 - Sign Equator Principles 2003
 - Commit to 2 degree economy 2014
 - Public support of TCFD recommendations 2017
 - Foundation member of UNEP FI 's Principles for responsible banking 2018
- Global banking leader in Dow Jones Sustainability Index since 2002, sector leader 10 times, including 2017

Conservative balance sheet

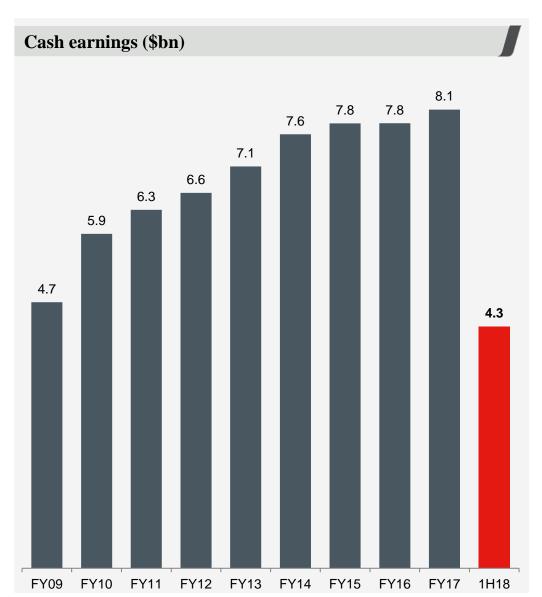
- Strong asset quality with lowest impaired assets of peers
- Provision cover at upper end of peers
- Balance sheet weighted to mortgages
- Capital ratios at top end of banks globally
- Write-off capitalised software one third faster than the peer average
- Only Australian Bank SEC registered - Sarbanes Oxley certification

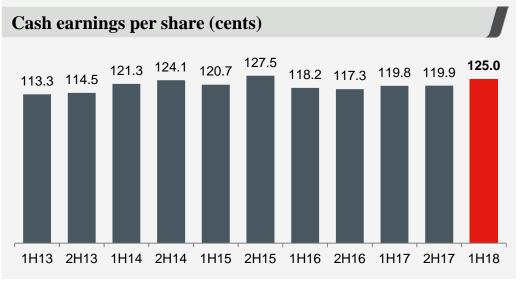


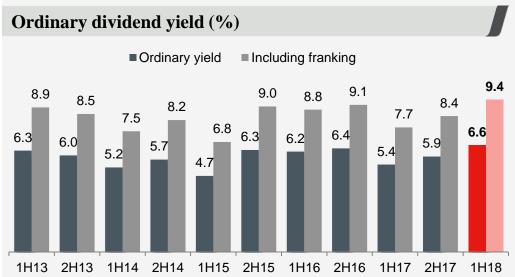




¹ Peer 1 and 2 are on continuing operations basis, Peer 3 excludes restructuring expenses. Peers based on 1H18 results.









Completed ABA¹ six point plan

1. Reviewing product sales and commissions

- Sales incentives removed for tellers
- Removed product sales targets for personal bankers

2. Making it easier for customers when things go wrong

- Customer advocate appointed (Nov 16)
- Prioritising long-dated complaints
- Updated customer remediation policy and governance

3. Reaffirming support for whistleblowers

Revised whistleblowing policy (Mar 17)

4. Removing individuals from the industry for poor conduct

Implemented Conduct Background Checking Protocol

5. Strengthen commitment to customers in the **Banking Code of Practice**

- Revised Banking Code of Practice submitted to ASIC for approval in Dec 17
- Committed to implementing within 12 months of approval

6. Supporting ASIC as a strong regulator

New funding model in place

Get it Right. Put it Right

- Dedicated initiative to identify where we may not have got it right and where problems are identified we are committed to fixing them
- Empowering employees to fix issues directly
- Progressing a number of programs to improve products, policies, procedures and practices for customers
- Reviewed 320 products, changed over 150 products
 - Simplified and lowered transaction fees for 1.3m personal transaction accounts
 - Introduced simplified mortgage package product
 - Expanded the BT Approved Product List to provide wider choice
 - New, shorter, plain-English loan documents and strengthened protections under small business contracts to make them more favourable for customers
 - Reduced FX fees for online payments
- Provision of \$169m for customer refunds and payments in 2H17 where prior practices were not in line with current community standards

Delivering for customers

- Helping customers manage their finances
 - Ability to reduce credit card limit online
 - Enabling alerts via SMS or email 5 days before monthly credit card repayment is due
 - Ability to restrict debit transactions on credit cards
 - Introduced Westpac SmartPlan, a structured repayment plan, enabling customers to break down large items on their credit card into regular monthly instalments
 - Westpac Lite a "no frills" credit card
- Helping customers develop savings habits
 - New accounts Westpac Bump & Westpac Life to improve savings habits
- · Helping customers in times of need
 - 19,473 customers supported with financial assistance packages
 - Dementia-Friendly Banking program in partnership with Alzheimer's Australia
 - Fraud guarantee; monitor fraud and fix it when retail customers lose money through no fault of their own (Mar 18)
 - Committed \$1m to establishment of a Debt Repayment Service to assist customers with multiple creditors

¹ Australian Banking Association.



2H17

1H18

Cash earnings and reported net profit reconciliation

Cash earnings¹ policy

- Westpac Group uses a measure of performance referred to as cash earnings to assess financial performance at both a Group and divisional level
- This measure has been used in the Australian banking market for over 15 years and management believes it is the most effective way to assess performance for the current period against prior periods and to compare performance across divisions and across peer companies
- To calculate cash earnings, reported net profit is adjusted for:
 - Material items that key decision makers at Westpac Group believe do not reflect ongoing operations
 - Items that are not considered when dividends are recommended, such as the amortisation of intangibles, impact of treasury shares and economic hedging impacts
 - Accounting reclassifications between individual line items that do not impact reported results

Reported net profit and cash earnings adjustments (\$m)

Reported net profit	4,083	4,198

Amortisation of intangible assets	64	17

Fair value (gain)/		
loss on economic hedges	62	37

(\$bn)	i ttu ii	ici pro	iii aii	i Casii	cai iiii	igs
■ Reported profit ■ Cash earnings						
	4.4					
						4.2
	4.0	0.0	2.0	4.0	4.1 4.0	
3.8		3.9	3.9	3.9		
3.6		3.7	5.7			
				_		
-				_		
				_		
11115	2015	1116	2016	1117	2017	1110

Reported net profit and cash earnings

	1H18 (\$m)	% chg 1H18- 2H17	% chg 1H18- 1H17	Ineffective hedges	20	9
Cash earnings	4,251	5%	6%	Partial sale of BTIM	(171)	-
Cash EPS (cents)	125.0	4%	4%	Treasury shares	(13)	(10)
Reported net profit	4,198	3%	7%	Cash earnings	4,045	4,251

¹ Cash earnings is not a measure of cash flow or net profit determined on a cash accounting basis, as it includes non-cash items reflected in net profit determined in accordance with AAS (Australian Accounting Standards). The specific adjustments outlined include both cash and non-cash items. Cash earnings is reported net profit adjusted for material items to ensure they appropriately reflect profits available to ordinary shareholders. All adjustments shown are after tax. For further details refer to page 131.



1H18 financial snapshot

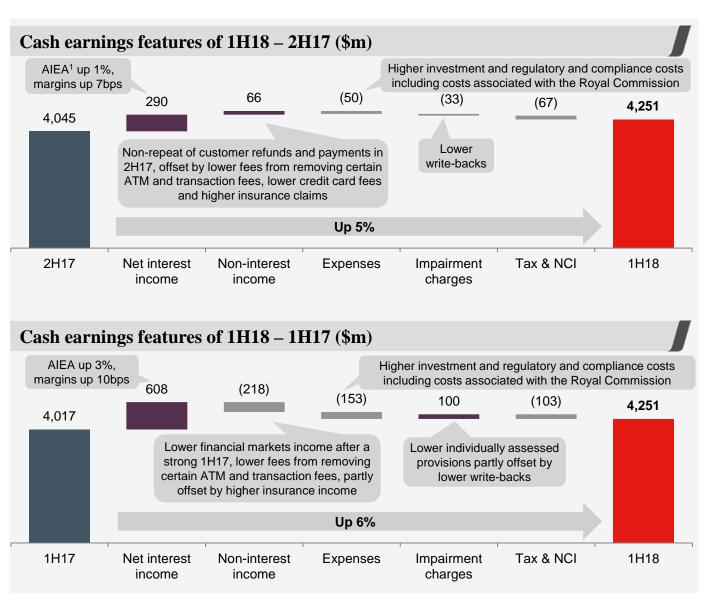
	1H18	Change 1H18 – 2H17	Change 1H18 – 1H17		1H18	Change 1H18 – 2H17	Change 1H18 – 1H17
Earnings ¹				Balance sheet			
Earnings per share (cents)	125.0	4%	4%	Total assets (\$bn)	871.9	2%	4%
Core earnings (\$m)	6,497	5%	4%	Common equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital ratio (APRA basis) (%)	10.50	(6bps)	53bps
Cash earnings (\$m)	4,251	5%	6%	CET1 capital ratio (Internationally comparable) (%)	16.13	(7bps)	79bps
		0 70		CET1 capital (\$bn)	43.6	2%	8%
Return on equity (%)	14.0	37bps	1bp	Risk weighted assets (\$bn)	415.7	3%	3%
Dividend (cents per share)	94	-	-	Loans (\$bn)	701.4	2%	5%
Expense to income ratio (%)	41.7	(91bps)	(9bps)	Customer deposits (\$bn)	502.1	3%	5%
Net interest margin (%)	2.17	7bps	10bps	Net tangible assets per share (\$)	15.00	2%	5%
Credit quality				Funding and liquidity			
Impairment charges to average gross loans				Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	71.6	52bps	(19bps)
(bps)	11	-	(4bps)	Net stable funding ratio (%)	112	3ppts	4ppts
Impaired assets to gross loans (bps)	22	-	(8bps)	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)	134	10ppts	9ppts
Impaired provisions to impaired assets (%)	45.5	(76bps)	(653bps)	Total liquid assets ² (\$bn)	147.6	7%	7%

¹ All measures on a cash earnings basis. 2 Total liquid assets represent cash, interbank deposits and assets eligible for existing repurchase agreements with a central bank.



Cash earnings up 6% over the year and 5% on prior half

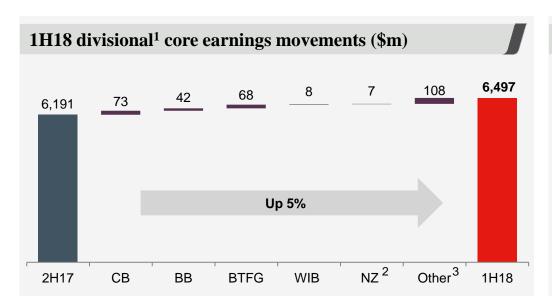
	1H18 (\$m)	% chg 1H18- 2H17	% chg 1H18 - 1H17
Net interest income	8,301	4	8
Non-interest income	2,850	2	(7)
Expenses	(4,654)	1	3
Core earnings	6,497	5	4
Impairment charges	(393)	9	(20)
Tax and non- controlling interests	(1,853)	4	6
Cash earnings	4,251	5	6
Reported net profit	4,198	3	7

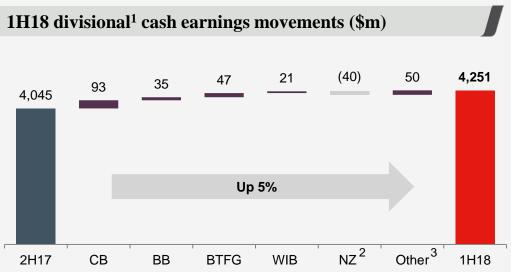




¹ Average interest-earning assets.

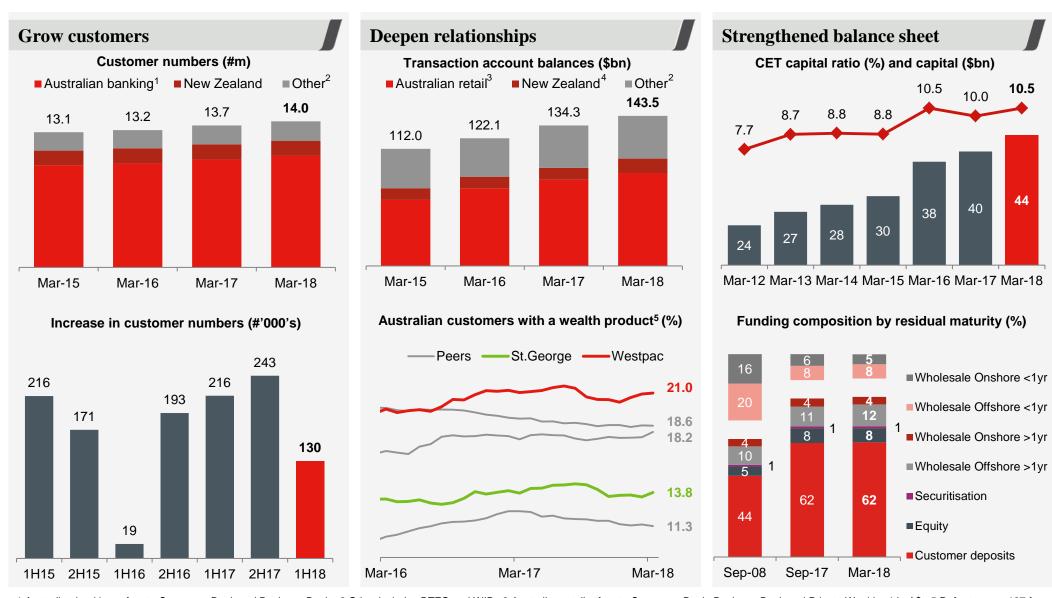
All divisions contributing to core earnings growth





1H18 (\$m)	СВ	ВВ	BTFG	WIB	NZ ²	Other ³	Group
Operating income	4,417	2,610	1,183	1,424	1,067	450	11,151
Expenses	(1,730)	(930)	(601)	(675)	(429)	(289)	(4,654)
Core earnings	2,687	1,680	582	749	638	161	6,497
Impairment (charges)/benefits	(233)	(137)	(3)	17	(24)	(13)	(393)
Tax & non-controlling interests	(737)	(463)	(175)	(215)	(173)	(90)	(1,853)
Cash earnings	1,717	1,080	404	551	441	58	4,251
% of Group cash earnings	40	26	10	13	10	1	

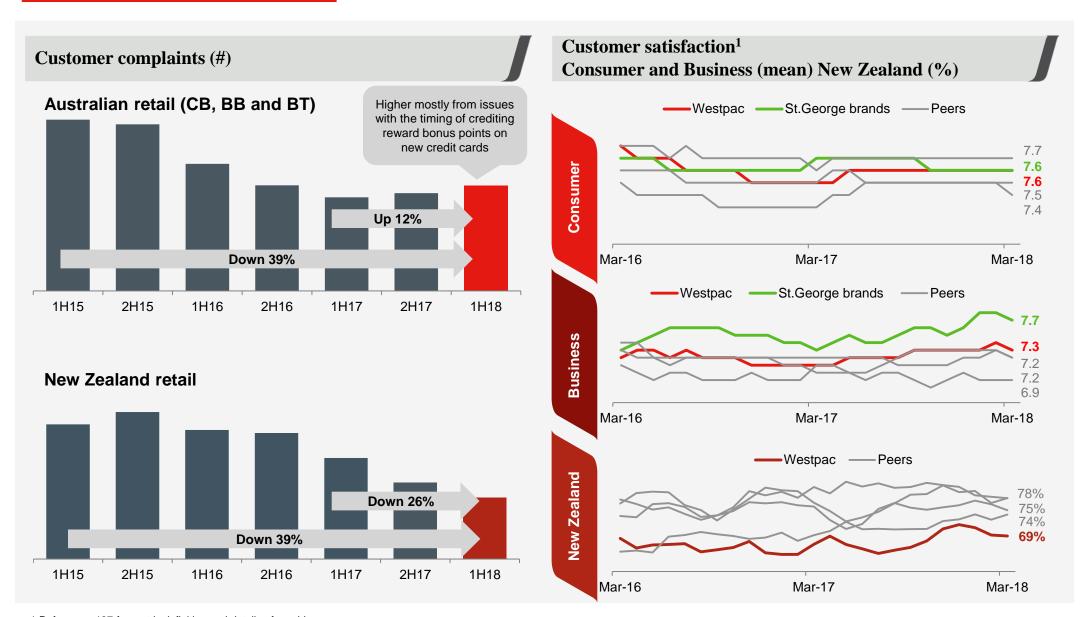
¹ Refer to division definitions, page 134. 2 In A\$. 3 Other is Group Businesses (including Treasury).



¹ Australian banking refers to Consumer Bank and Business Bank. 2 Other includes BTFG and WIB. 3 Australian retail refers to Consumer Bank, Business Bank and Private Wealth. 4 In A\$. 5 Refer to page 137 for details of metric provider.



Building long term franchise value – customer service



¹ Refer page 137 for metric definition and details of provider.



Workforce revolution delivering

Service leadership and culture

- All teller incentives now based 100% on customer advocacy
- Consumer Bank performance frameworks and scorecards for FY18 now 50% customer measures / 50% financial metrics for Personal Bankers
- Elevated 'Integrity' to our first value
- Rolled out new values training to all employees



Learning and development

- Over 1,400 leaders have participated in leadership development programs since October 2016, with a further 1,200 enrolled in 2018. Two of the key programs designed in partnership with the AGSM
- LearningBank, our online learning platform, had over 50,000 learning modules accessed by employees in 1H18
- New 'behaviours-first' approach to performance management "Motivate" covers all employees

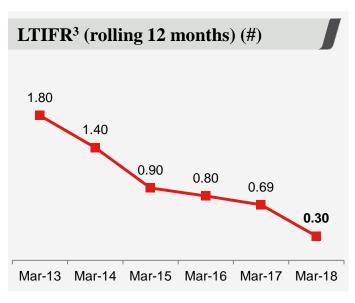
Simplification

- Digitised HR policies with embedded Al. Has improved search functionality for employees and driven a 21% reduction in policy questions to our HR service centre
- New digital process for new employees
- Further automation of reporting for people leaders



Women in Leadership positions¹ (%) 43 44 46 49 50 Mar-14 Mar-15 Mar-16 Mar-17 Mar-18





¹ Spot number at 31 March for each period. 2 Global high performing norm reflects the benchmark score for high performance organisations in the IBM engagement database. 3 Lost time injury frequency rate.



Westpac is actively positioning for digital opportunities, responding to digital disruption and supporting digital innovation through its venture capital funds, partnerships and direct investments. Through this process Westpac is building capability and gaining access to emerging fintech opportunities

Reinventure

Westpac has committed \$100m to Reinventure, a fintech venture capital fund, which invests in a range of fintech businesses. This enables Westpac access to insights and adjacent business opportunities. The model also helps Westpac assess different ways of working to be more innovative and deliver faster

Digital currencies

Data analytics

B2B networks

Peer to peer lending

20 investments² to date covering areas such as:

- Distributed ledger
- **Payments**
- Big data
- Social networks
- Digital processes

Direct investment/partnering







Uno is a disruptor online mortgage broker. Enabling consumers to search, compare and apply for a home loan, from a choice of 20 lenders

Surgical Partners helps medical software

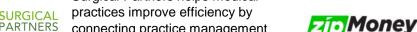
Assembly Payments is a payments platform that helps marketplaces, merchants, and their customers transact simply and securely



LanternPay is a scalable, cloud based claims and payments platform for use in consumer directed care programs such as the NDIS, aged / home care and Government insurance schemes

Offers point-of-sale credit and digital payment services to the retail, health, travel and education sectors. It also owns Pocketbook, a personal financial management app

FUELD is a data accelerator. which aims to bring together businesses with data-based companies to solve real world problems



connecting practice management software to cloud based accounting

QuintessenceLabs (Qlabs) creates opportunities with quantum technology that encrypts confidential data

Example of how a Reinventure investment delivered a commercial solution for customers

Investment in Assembly

(June 2015)

Westpac invested in Assembly via Reinventure

Partnership with Assembly

(June 2017)

Westpac partnered with Assembly to develop a new capability for customers Westpac made a direct investment in Assembly



Deliver Presto Smart for Westpac customers

(April 2018)

Launched software built by Assembly that enables a businesses merchant terminal to connect with a range of point-of-sale systems



¹ Logos are of the respective companies. 2 For further details on these investments see page 44.

Westpac has committed up to \$100m to Reinventure, an independent early stage venture capital fund. The operation allows Westpac to gain access to emerging fintech business models, adjacent business opportunities and entrepreneurial ways to execute at speed

New business models, market places and customer experiences



SocietyOne is Australia's leading peer-to-peer (P2P) online lending platform connecting borrowers and investors in a secure, safe, professional online environment



Connects ordering apps, payment devices. lovalty and reservations platforms to any point of sale



Assembly Payments is a full stack payments platform that helps marketplaces, merchants, and their customers transact simply and securely online



OpenAgent helps home sellers make decisions about who they choose to sell their property



An app to revolutionise the payment process for customers when dining out or grabbing a coffee on the go

New innovative capabilities

BASIQ

Open Banking API platform that provides connectivity to over 100 financial sources across Australia and NZ



Kasada is an enterprise cyber security company that protects businesses from malicious bot attacks

Data and analytics



A natural language AI system for data analysis targeting relatively simple business queries that comprise 70% of an analyst's work in a large organisation

BRICKX

flare

BRICKX enables the purchase of residential property, one 'brick' at a time

A business loan marketplace that

matches SMEs to the best lender

based on their characteristics and

Flare HR provides a comprehensive

cloud-based human resources and

employee benefits platform to

streamline HR processes



CODE LINGO

CodeLingo enables software development teams to scale the quality, such as code reviews and debugging



Standardises mobile forms into a format you can easily read and fill at the tap of a button



A bitcoin wallet and platform where merchants and consumers can processes they use to improve code transact the digital currency, bitcoin



A trust framework and secure platform that allows users to exchange data safely and securely



Indebted provides new ways for businesses to collect outstanding debts. Leveraging modern communications, automation and machine learning, the system can be used by businesses of all sizes



Everproof provides a single platform for verifying and digitising employee certifications, accreditations and qualifications



A global big data, business intelligence and enterprise data warehousing company



needs

1 Logos are of the respective companies.



Strategy Phase 1

Capabilities to be delivered

Reengineering the home ownership process: Digitising the end-to-end home loan origination experience by 2020

Customer access via any channel

Commencing with a new mortgage experience

Applications available seamlessly across channels

Banker dashboard

Single point for bankers to view customer information and loan status

Customer application tracker

At any time customers have clarity as to the status of their application

Every element of the process supports providing a record of verification

Settlement

Digital settlement. Integrated with land titles registry

Digitised offer and acceptance

Plain English terms & conditions and online acceptance

Simplified application assessment / approval for customer and banker

Digitises a number of manual processes

Remote digital upload of information

Customers can upload documents digitally

Leading **to**::



Improved customer experience



Increased banker productivity



Lower cost of change



More home ownership needs met at origination



Increased efficiency

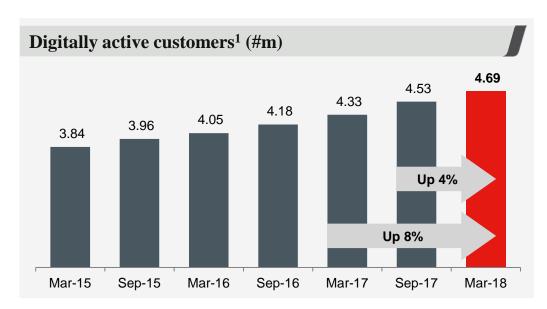
50% reduction in documents, faster time to conditional

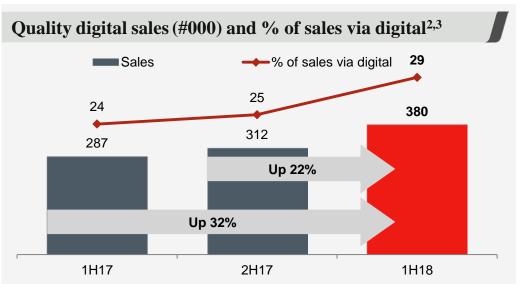
25% reduction in banker time spent

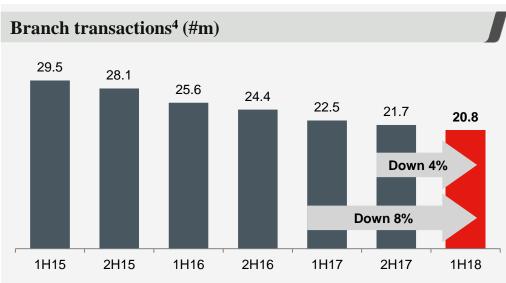
1.7x to 1.2x reduction in costs. Single platform across multiple

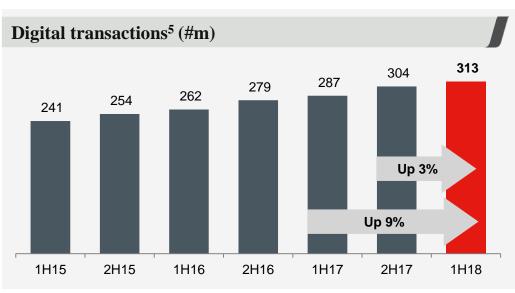
10% more of customer's lifestyle and protection needs

25% reduction in the cost of mortgage



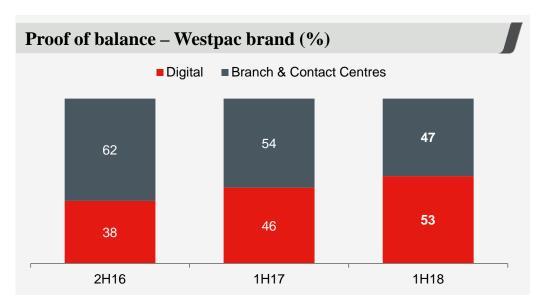


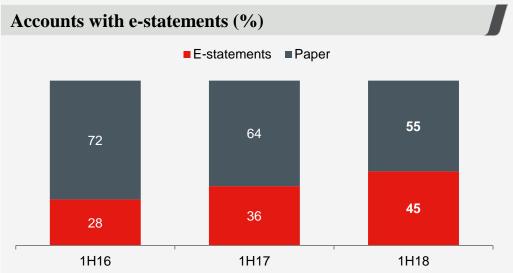


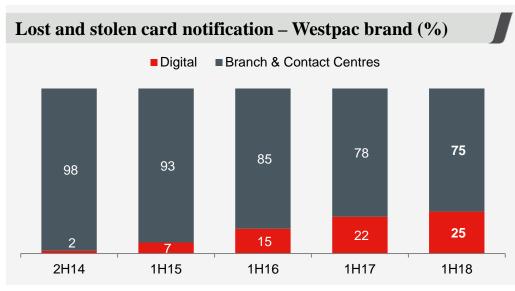


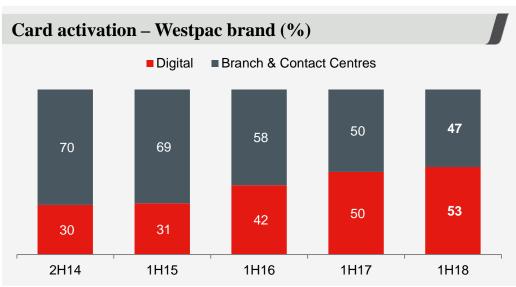
¹ Australian consumer and business customers who have had an authenticated session (including Quickzone) on Westpac Group digital banking platforms in the prior 90 days. 2 Sales refers to digital sales of Consumer core products only. Sales with a completed deposit or activation constitute a quality sale. Prior periods have been restated on the same basis to enable comparability with 1H18. 3 Includes new American Express credit card sales to existing customers. 4 Branch transactions are typically withdrawals, deposits, transfers and payments. 5 Digital transactions are typically payments and transfers.

Customers shifting to digital and self-serve channels











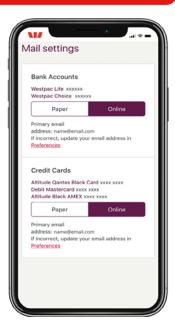
Electronic correspondence

Automatic e-statement registrations

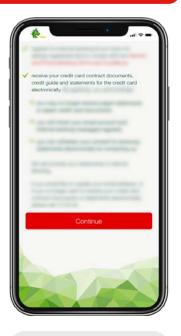
Automatic online registrations

Application status and next steps

New ways of connecting via Alexa¹



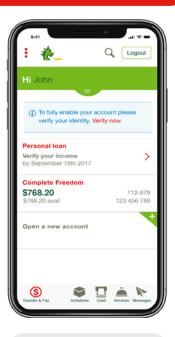
Through the creation of a digital inbox, customers can choose to receive certain correspondence electronically



Credit cards are one of the biggest product groups with paper statements. The creation of automatic e-statement registration for credit cards and personal loans has been introduced



Many credit card customers are digitally inactive. New and existing credit card and personal loan customers are now automatically registered for internet and mobile banking



Customers can monitor the status and next steps of their application for unsecured finance products



Customers can query their account balance, recent spending history and reward points status by talking to Amazon's virtual assistant. Alexa



¹ Alexa is a virtual assistant developed by Amazon.

Helping customers with cybersecurity

Awareness 200 | 11/ Sign in to Mobile Banking Help has your back. Find out more

Enhancing security awareness for customers by providing information on:

- How we protect you
- How to protect yourself
- Being aware of fraud and common scams

Prevention



Using a variety of security features to protect customers:

- Biometric login: Face ID or fingerprint to logon to banking
- Card lock and unlock: Enabling customers to lock and unlock their card if lost or stolen
- Travel notifications: Encouraging customers to notify us of their travel plans to prevent unauthorised overseas transactions
- Malware indicator: Inspecting online banking activities to identify if malicious software is present on a customer's device

Detection and remediation



Identifying fraudulent/ suspicious behaviour quickly by implementing security solutions such as:

- Real-time monitoring tools and Proactive Risk Manager: Monitoring transactions realtime & identifying suspicious transactions in milliseconds so they can be held, declined or an alert raised for investigation. Customers are then notified and prompted for additional validation
- **Device ID:** Inspecting transaction devices to determine whether the customer is using a known device. Real time monitoring tools provide further validation if required
- Remediation: Westpac will repay any missing funds as a result of internet fraud1



¹ Subject to Terms and Conditions.

United Nations Sustainable Development Goals alignment

Westpac's sustainability priority areas

First Half 2018 performance outcomes











Helping people make better financial decisions

- Financial literacy programs through Davidson Institute and Managing Your Money
- Improving financial literacy in target segments with specific programs: Youth supported through Year 13 partnerships and Mathspace
- Young adults and women through The Cusp and Ruby Connection
- Older Australians through Starts at 60









Helping people by being there when it matters most to them

- Over 19,000 customers received hardship assistance via Westpac Group Assist
- 1st Australian bank accredited as dementia friendly1
- Continued to roll out dementia-friendly banking across brands













Helping people create a prosperous nation

- 134 microenterprises have been provided finance, including 39 Indigenous businesses, through our Many Rivers partnership, helping to create 1,681 jobs
- At 31 March 2018, 25 start-ups supported, including 20 through Reinventure
- Total committed exposure of \$8.5bn to climate change solutions and environmental services at 31 March 2018









A culture of doing the right thing

- Maintained Indigenous employment parity
- Launched a neurodiversity internship program to support people on the Autism spectrum build a career in the Group
- Launched the Inclusion and Diversity strategy for 2018 to 2020







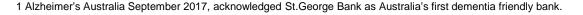




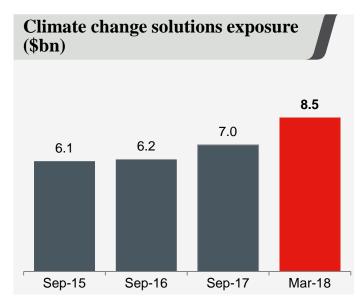
- Maintained carbon neutral status
- \$2.6m sourced from diverse suppliers, including \$1.7m from Indigenous suppliers
- Refer Appendix 2 page 132 for details of sustainability awards, indexes, recognition, key commitments and partnerships

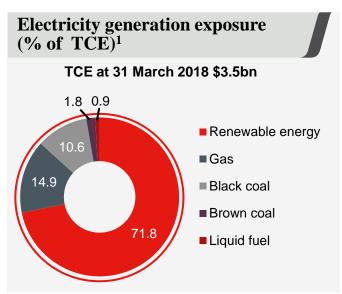
Further information on Westpac's Sustainability and progress on our strategic priorities is available at www.westpac.com.au/sustainability

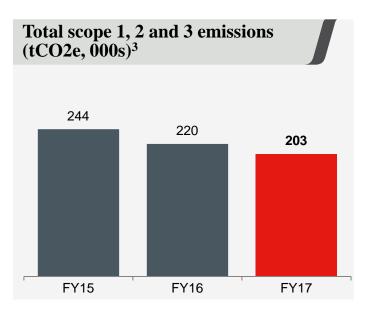


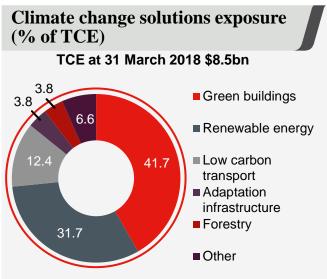


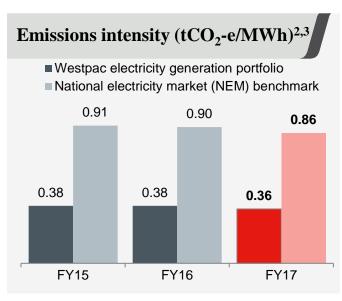


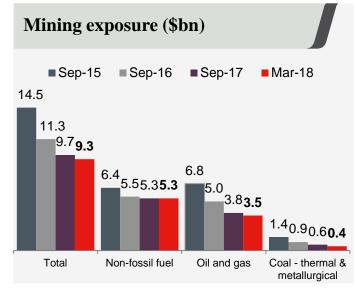












¹ Exposures in WIB only. 2 Australia only. NEM benchmark is sourced from Australian Energy Market Operator. 3 Data reported annually.

















14.0m Customers

39,574 **Employees**

40+ **years** Sponsorship of Westpac Rescue

Helicopter Service

\$2.4bn Spent with suppliers in Australia

14.0% Cash return on equity

1H18

\$1.9bn Income tax

\$8.5bn Committed exposure to climate change and environmental solutions

Provided

126,000 New home loans in Australia

50% \$1.3bn

Committed Target reached for Women in exposure to social Leadership and affordable positions housing sector

\$1.7m

Spent with Indiaenous Australian suppliers \$3.2bn

In dividends to shareholders

30.3%

Effective tax rate

\$1.7bn

Climate related bond issuance

Provided

1bn

New business lending in Australia (excludes Institutional)

74%

Employees with flexible working arrangements²

200

200 education scholarships³, 200 community grants⁴ and 200 Businesses of Tomorrow in our 200th year

630K

shareholders and more via super funds

2nd

Largest tax payer in Australia⁵

10th time

In 2017, Westpac achieved the global banking leadership position in the Dow Jones Sustainability index for the 10th time

19,473

Customers supported through Westpac Group Assist

\$2,4bn

Paid to employees \$1.25 Cash

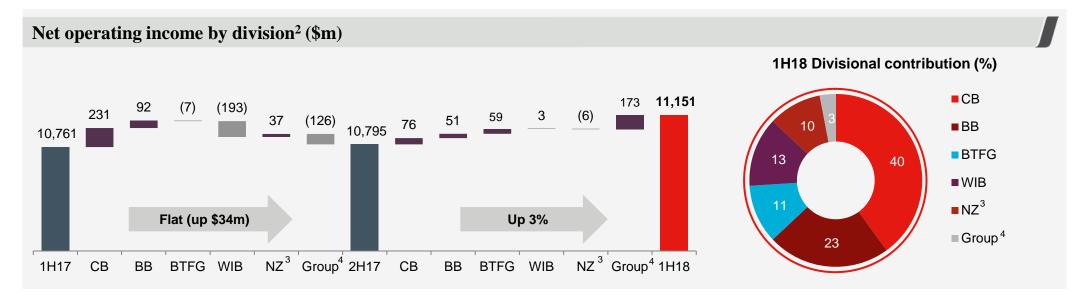
earnings per ordinary share (cents) **\$0.4bn**

In other taxes paid including Bank Levy \$0.2bn⁶

¹ Data for 1H18 or as at 31 March 2018 unless otherwise stated. 2 As at 30 September 2017. 3 Through Westpac Bicentennial Foundation. 4 Through Westpac Foundation. 5 Source: Corporate Tax Transparency Report 2015 - 2016, published December 2017. 6 Australia only.



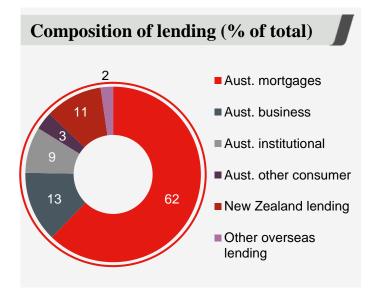


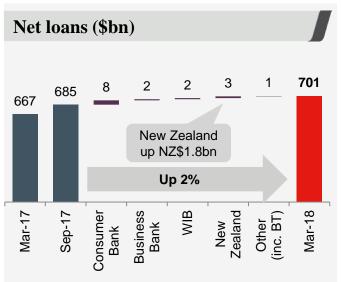


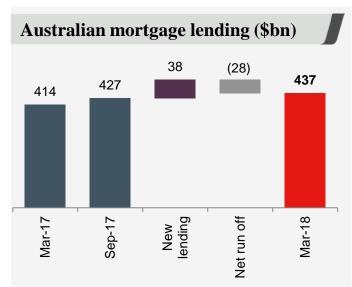
¹ AIEA is average interest-earning assets. 2 Divisional movements from 1H17 to 2H17 have been restated to reflect restatements that occurred in 1H18. 3 The New Zealand contribution in A\$. 4 Group Businesses.

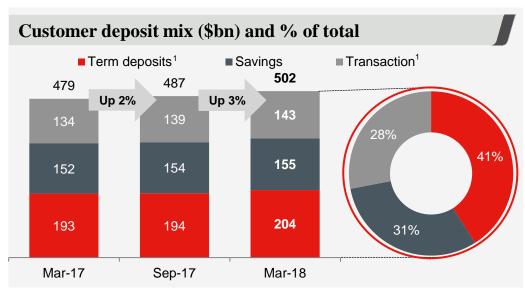


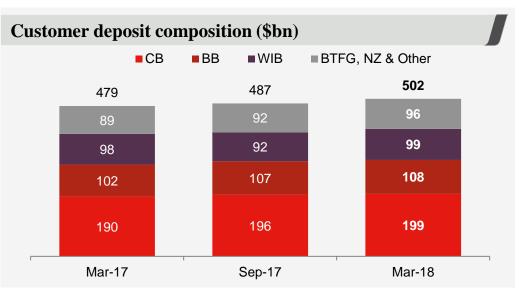
Composition of lending and deposits







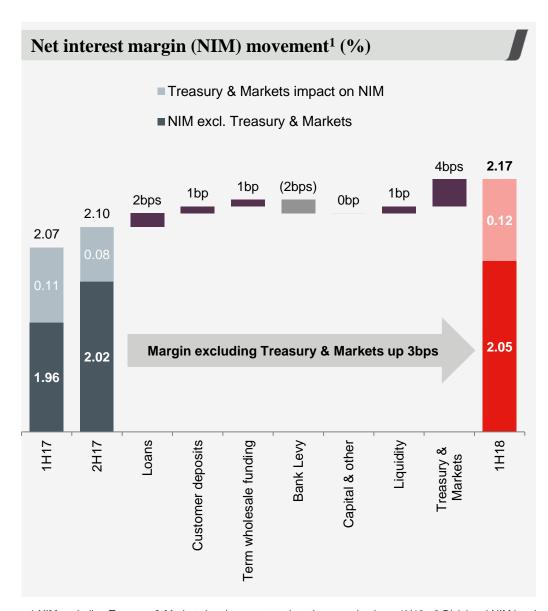


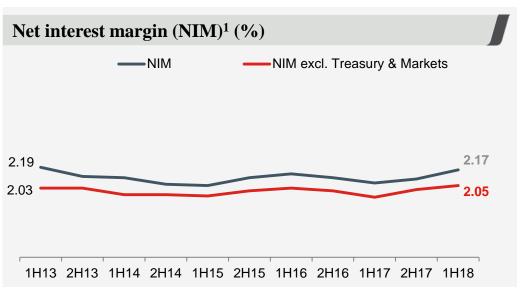


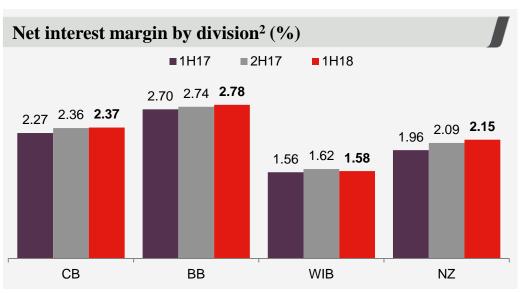
1 In 1H18, \$4.1bn of structured deposits were reclassified as term deposits, previously they had been reported as transaction. Prior periods have been adjusted for comparability.



Net interest margin excluding Treasury & Markets up 3bps



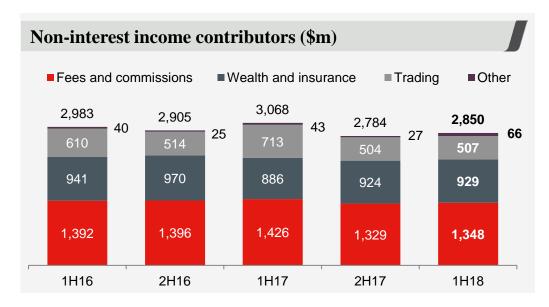


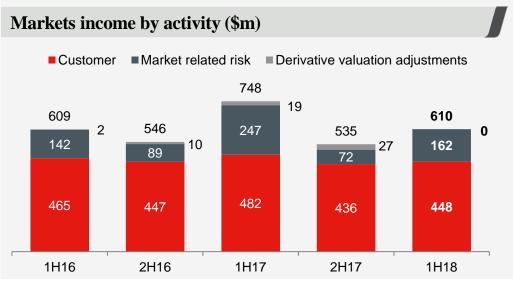


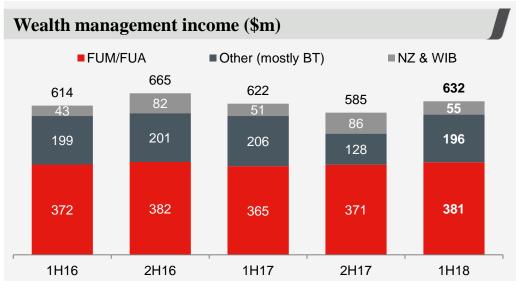
¹ NIM excluding Treasury & Markets has been restated on the same basis as 1H18. 2 Divisional NIM has been restated on the same basis as 1H18.

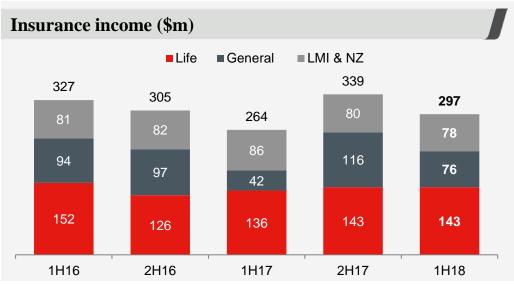


Non-interest income up 2%

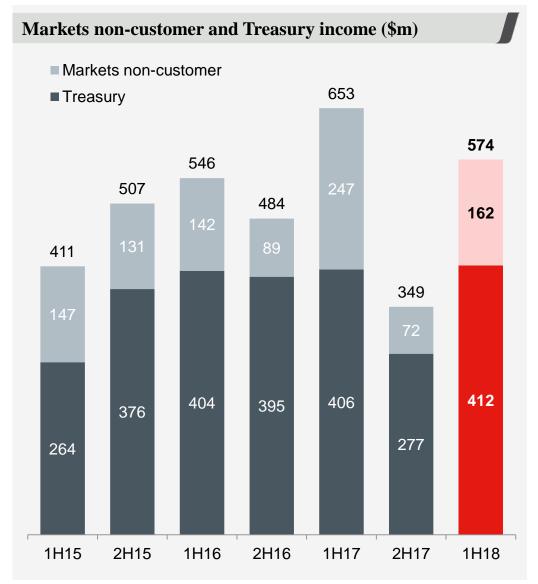


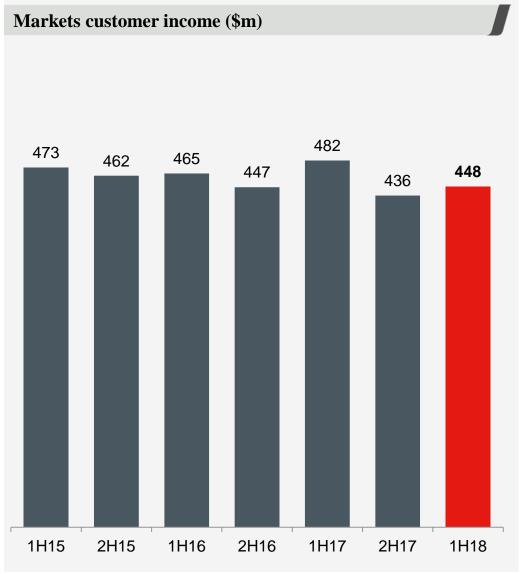






Markets & Treasury¹ income

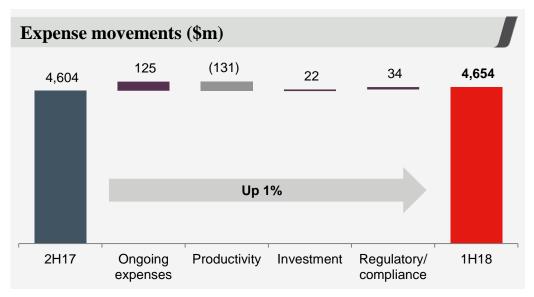


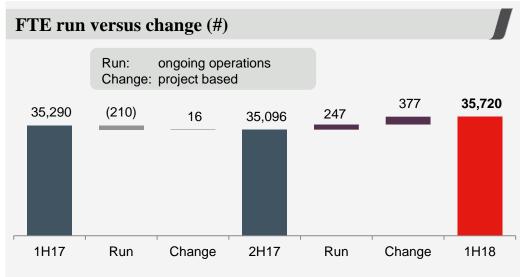


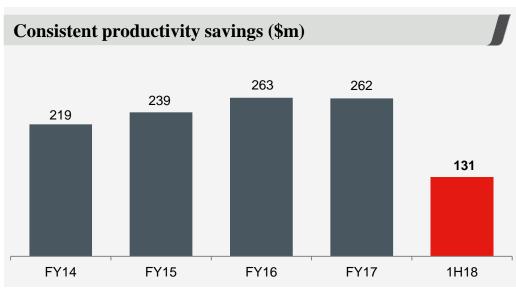
^{1.} Includes net interest income and non-interest income but excludes derivative valuation adjustments.

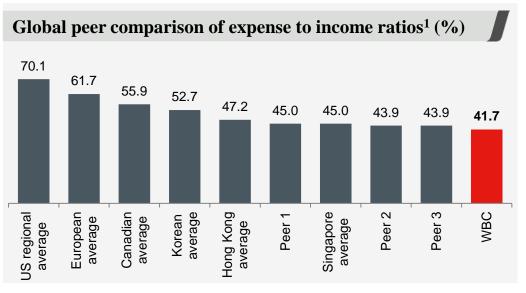


Expenses up 1% from investments and increased regulatory and compliance costs including the Royal Commission





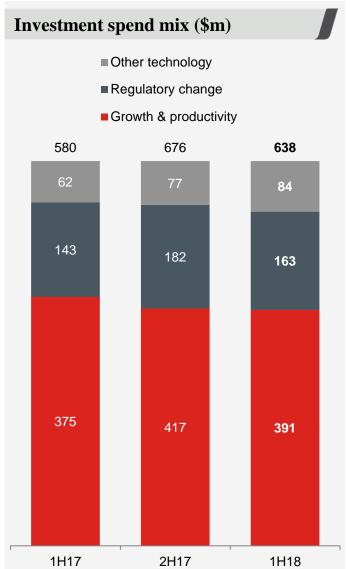




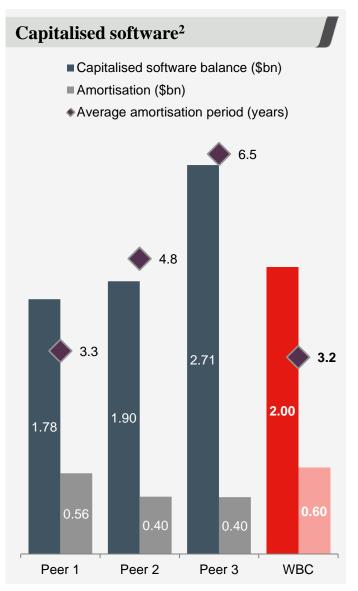
¹ Company data, Credit Suisse. Expense to income ratio average for Peer 1, 2 and 3 based on 1H18 results, all others based on FY17. Peer 1 and 2 are presented on a continuing operations basis. Peer 3 excludes restructuring costs. European average excludes Deutsche Bank.



Investment spend focused on growth and productivity



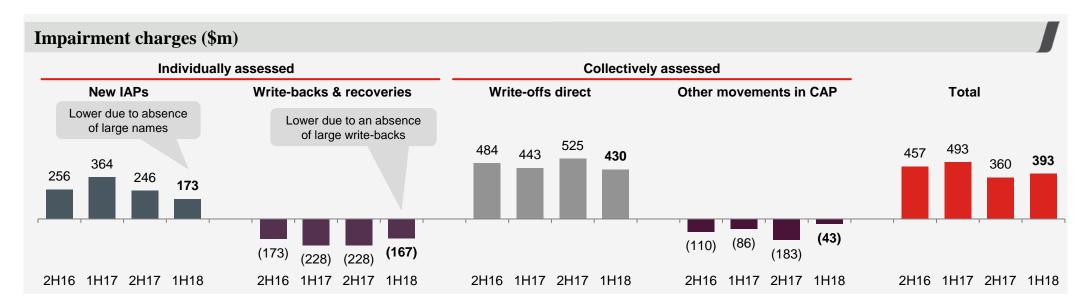
Investment spend (\$m)									
	1H17	2H17	1H18						
Expensed	236	243	251						
Capitalised	344	433	387						
Total investment spend	580	676	638						
Investment spend expensed	41%	36%	39%						
Capitalised software									
Opening balance	1,781	1,814	1,916						
Additions	344	422	389						
Amortisation	(303)	(311)	(301)						
Other ¹	(8)	(9)	1						
Closing balance	1,814	1,916	2,005						
Average amortisation period	2.9yrs	2.9yrs	3.2yrs						
Other deferred expenses									
Deferred acquisition costs	91	86	80						
Other deferred expenses	56	28	30						

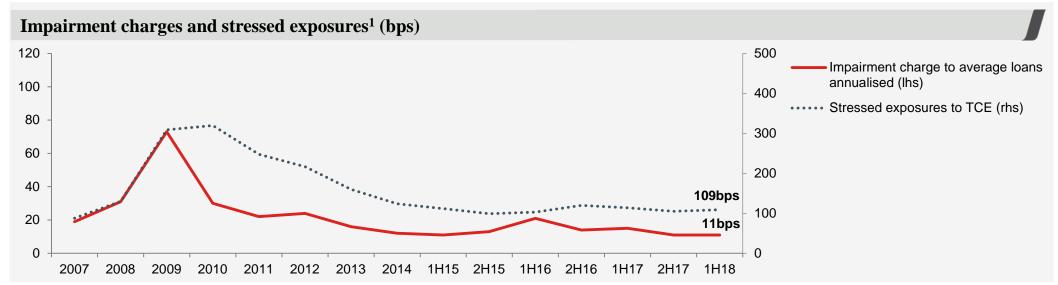


¹ Other includes write-offs, impairments and foreign exchange translation. 2 Based on 1H18 results. Software amortisation has been annualised. Peer 1 and 2 are reported on a continuing operations basis.



Continued low impairment charge reflects sound asset quality





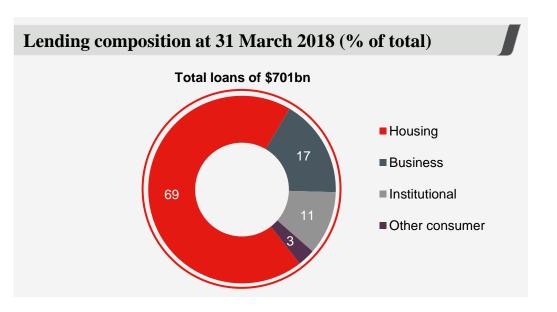
¹ Pre-2008 does not include St.George. 2008 and 2009 are pro forma including St.George for the entire period with 1H09 ASX Profit Announcement providing details of pro forma adjustments.





High quality portfolio with bias to mortgage lending

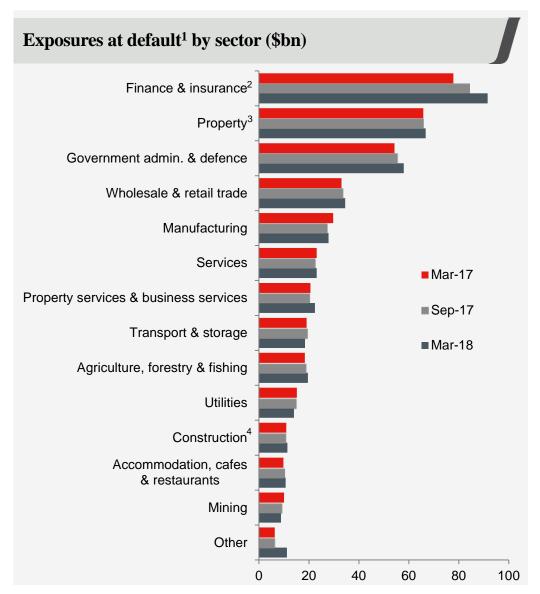
Asset composition (%)			
Total assets (\$872bn)	1H17	2H17	1H18
Loans	80	81	80
Trading securities, financial assets at fair value and available-for-sale securities	11	10	10
Derivative financial instruments	3	3	3
Cash and balances with central banks	2	2	3
Life insurance assets	1	1	1
Goodwill	1	1	1
Receivables due from other financial institutions	1	1	1
Other assets	1	1	1

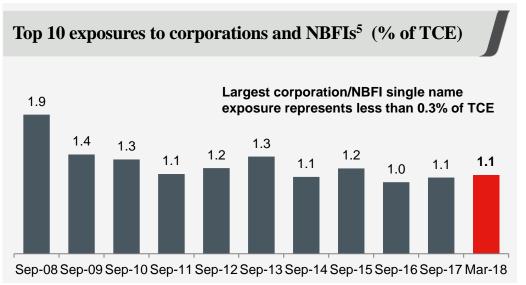


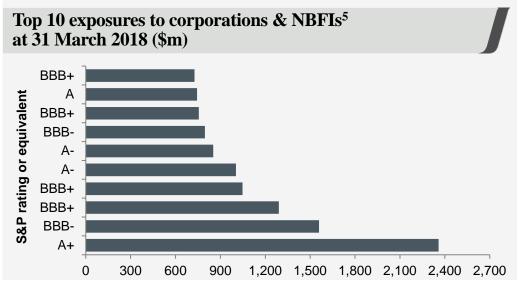
Exposure by risk grade at 31 March 2018 (\$m)								
Standard and Poor's Risk Grade ¹	Australia	NZ / Pacific	Asia	Americas	Europe	Group	% of Total	
AAA to AA-	93,873	8,940	2,096	10,668	462	116,039	11%	
A+ to A-	32,577	6,243	7,084	5,206	2,801	53,911	5%	
BBB+ to BBB-	55,783	11,563	8,986	2,298	1,572	80,202	8%	
BB+ to BB	73,307	11,564	1,755	393	258	87,277	9%	
BB- to B+	62,373	9,655	96	15	11	72,150	7%	
<b+< td=""><td>5,612</td><td>2,580</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>8,192</td><td>1%</td></b+<>	5,612	2,580	-	-	-	8,192	1%	
Mortgages	500,981	54,062	396	-	-	555,439	54%	
Other consumer products	44,634	5,165	8	-	-	49,807	5%	
Total committed exposures (TCE)	869,140	109,772	20,421	18,580	5,104	1,023,017		
Exposure by region ² (%)	85%	11%	2%	2%	<1%		100%	

¹ Risk grade equivalent. 2 Exposure by booking office.







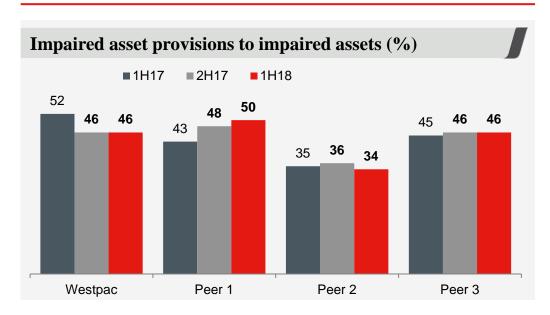


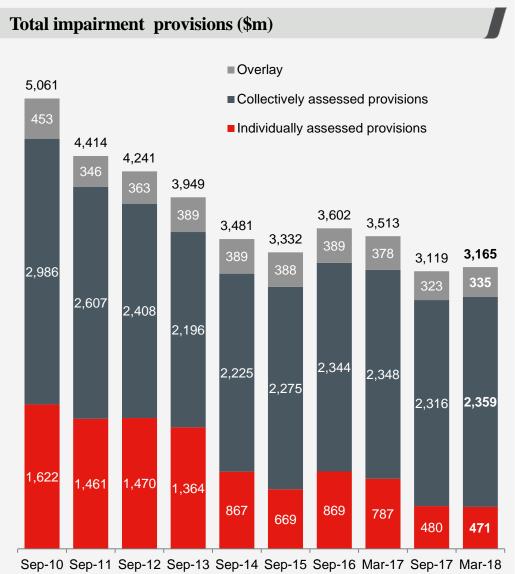
¹ Exposures at default is an estimate of the committed exposure expected to be drawn by a customer at the time of default. Excludes consumer lending. 2 Finance and insurance includes banks, non-banks, insurance companies and other firms providing services to the finance and insurance sectors. 3 Property includes both residential and non-residential property investors and developers, and excludes real estate agents. 4 Construction includes building and non-building construction, and industries serving the construction sector. 5 NBFI is non-bank financial institutions.

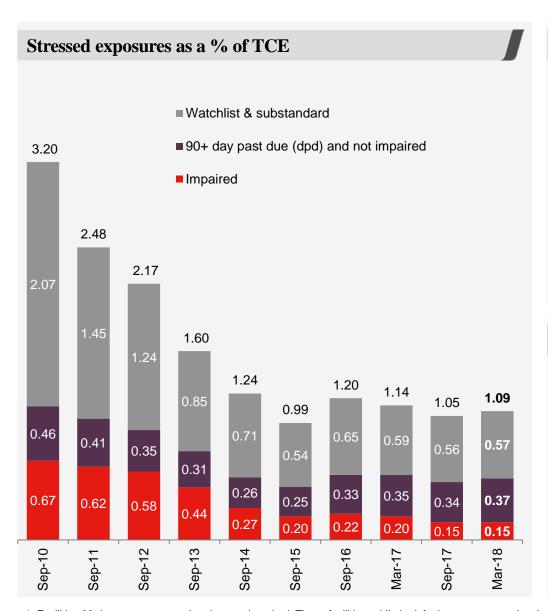
Well provisioned, sound asset quality

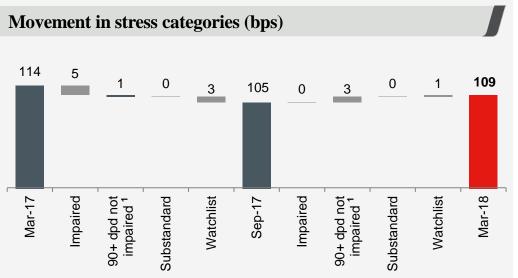
Provisions for impairments

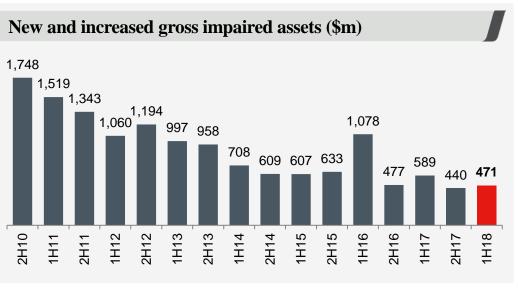
	1H17	2H17	1H18
Total provisions to gross loans (bps)	52	45	45
Impaired asset provisions to impaired assets (%)	52	46	46
Collectively assessed provisions to credit RWA (bps)	77	76	75
Overlay (\$m)	378	323	335





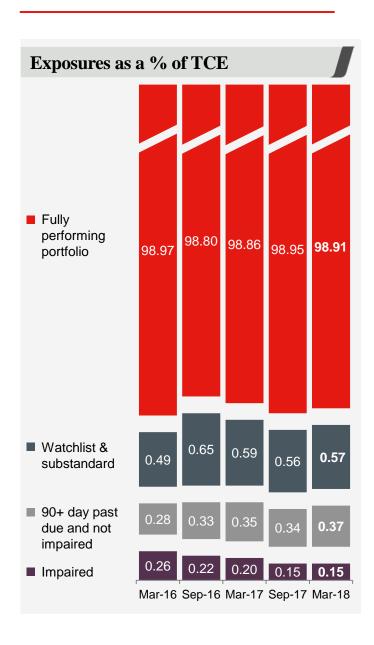






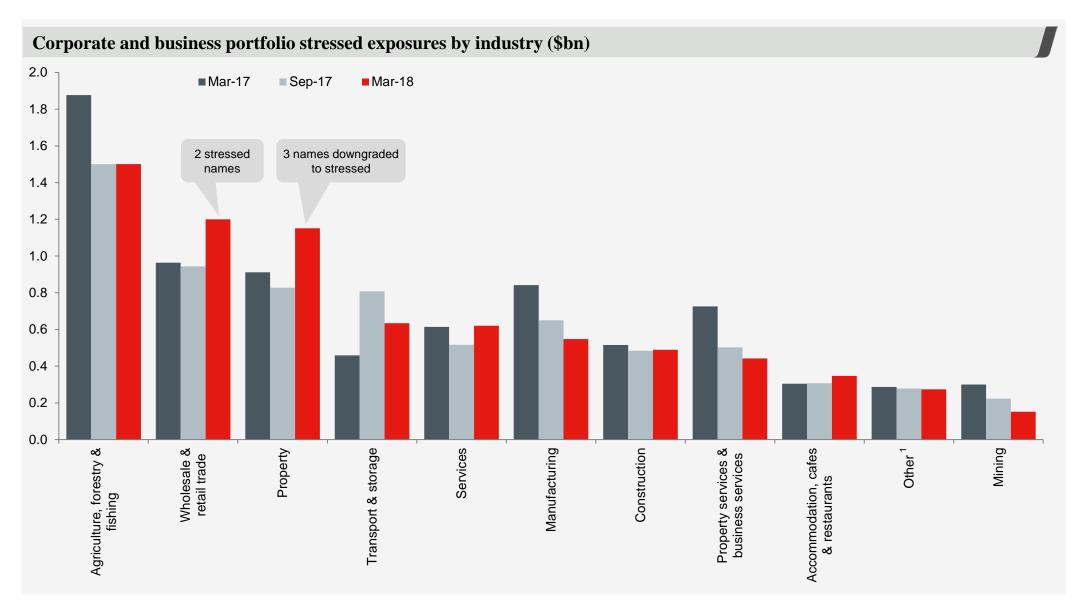
¹ Facilities 90 days or more past due date not impaired. These facilities, while in default, are not treated as impaired for accounting purposes.





Provisioning to TCE (%)				
Sep-16	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18	
0.22	0.21	0.20	0.20	
4.51	4.52	4.76	4.71	
4.57	5.04	5.08	5.03	
49.44	52.07	46.30	45.54	
	0.22 4.51 4.57	Sep-16 Mar-17 0.22 0.21 4.51 4.52 4.57 5.04	Sep-16 Mar-17 Sep-17 0.22 0.21 0.20 4.51 4.52 4.76 4.57 5.04 5.08	

provisions Impaired asset

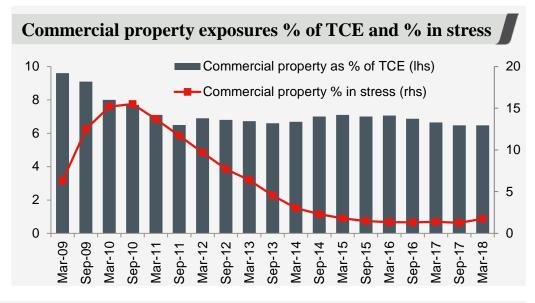


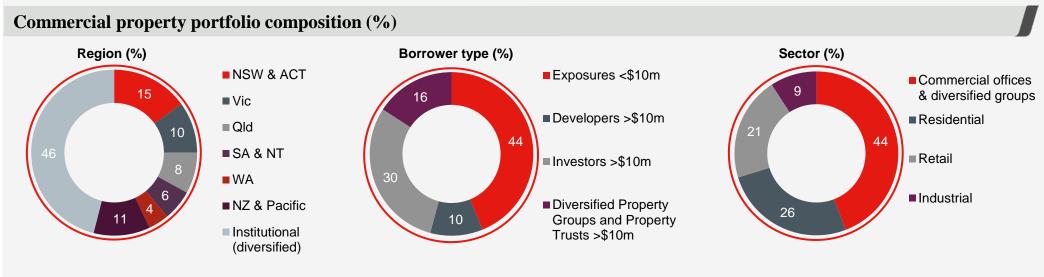
¹ Includes Finance & insurance, Utilities, Government admin. & defence.



Areas of interest: Commercial property

Commercial property portfolio		
	Sep-17	Mar-18
Total committed exposures (TCE)	\$65.2bn	\$66.3bn
Lending	\$49.6bn	\$51.1bn
Commercial property as a % of Group TCE	6.48	6.48
Median risk grade	BB equivalent	BB equivalent
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	1.27	1.74
% of portfolio in impaired ²	0.38	0.28





¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of commercial property portfolio TCE.



Areas of interest: Inner city apartments

Commercial property portfolio To	CE (\$bn)				
	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18	TCE %1		_
Residential apartment development >\$20m	4.1	4.2	4.0	6.0%	•	Market activity is slowing as demand eases and pre-sales slow
Residential apartment development >\$20m in major markets, shown below	2.8	2.7	2.7	4.1%	•	Still a high level of construction to complete. Our tightened risk appetite in areas of higher concern (progressively introduced since 2012) remains in place Settlements remain slightly slower, but Westpac's debt has been repaid in full given low loan to value ratios (LVRs)
Sydney major markets	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.9%	•	Still active in key markets. 1H18 new lending LVR 47.5%
Inner Melbourne	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.9%	•	1H18 new lending LVR 48%
Inner Brisbane	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.3%	•	Slow market. Exposure low, new lending at 47% LVR
Perth metro	0.2	0.0	0.0	-		
Adelaide CBD	0.1	0.1	0.0	-	•	Project completed



Consumer mortgages where security is within an inner city Sep-17 Mar-18 residential apartment development \$14.1bn **\$14.7bn** Total loans Average LVR at origination 70% 73% Average dynamic LVR 53% 56% Dynamic LVR >90% (% of portfolio) 1.94% 2.65% 90+ day delinquencies 40bps 36bps

Consumer mortgages

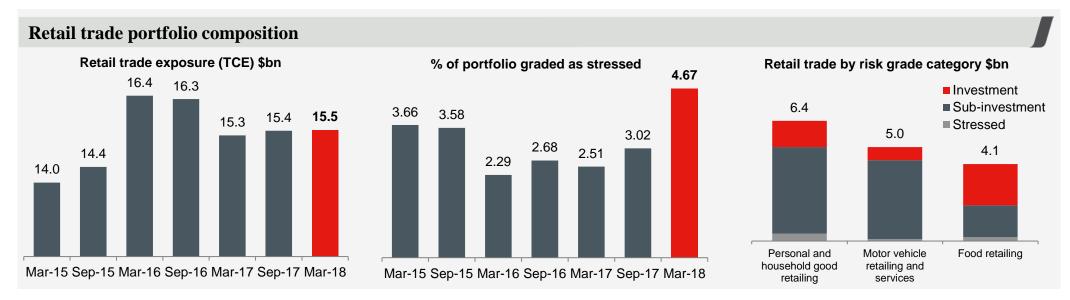


¹ Percentage of commercial property TCE.

Overview

- The retail sector continues to be challenged by subdued consumer demand and growth in domestic and international online channels
- These changes have been emerging for a number of years and businesses continue to adapt
- Stress increased over the half principally from the downgrade of two institutional customers
- The portfolio is diversified and the asset quality remains sound

Retail trade portfolio		
	Sep-17	Mar-18
Total committed exposures (TCE)	\$15.4bn	\$15.5bn
Lending	\$11.5bn	\$11.3bn
Retail trade as a % of Group TCE	1.53	1.51
Median risk grade	BB equivalent	BB equivalent
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	3.02	4.67
% of portfolio in impaired ²	0.31	0.48

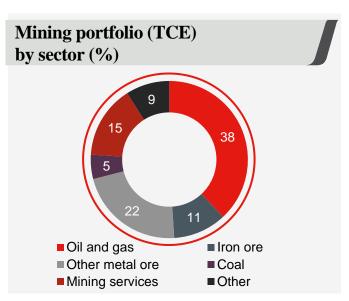


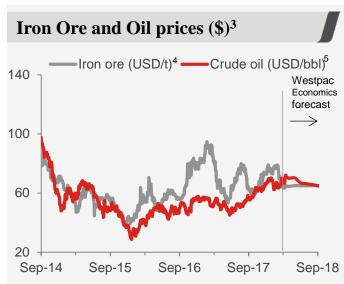
¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of retail trade portfolio TCE.



Mining (inc. oil and gas) portfolio Sep-17 Ma

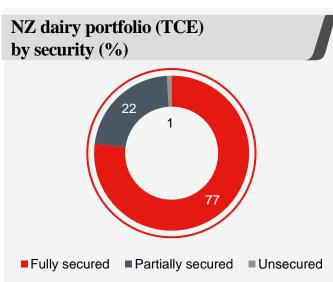
	Sep-17	Mar-18
Total committed exposures (TCE)	\$9.7bn	\$9.3bn
Lending	\$5.1bn	\$5.1bn
% of Group TCE	0.96	0.91
% of portfolio graded as stressed ^{1,2}	2.33	1.72
% of portfolio in impaired ²	0.44	0.31

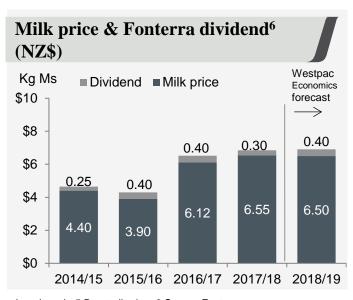




New Zealand dairy portfolio

Sep-17Mar-18Total committed exposure (TCE)NZ\$6.0bnNZ\$6.1bnLendingNZ\$5.8bnNZ\$5.8bn% of Group TCE0.550.55% of portfolio graded as stressed1,217.0214.94% of portfolio in impaired20.340.47





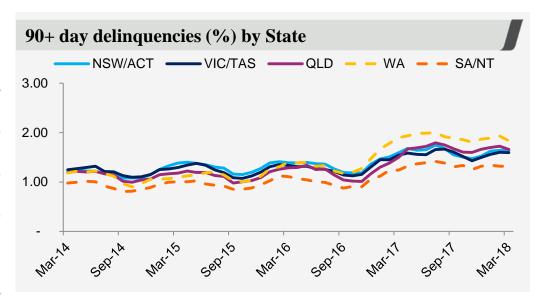
¹ Includes impaired exposures. 2 Percentage of portfolio TCE. 3 Sourced from Westpac Economics and Bloomberg. 4 The steel index 62% Fe fines benchmark. 5 Brent oil price. 6 Source Fonterra.

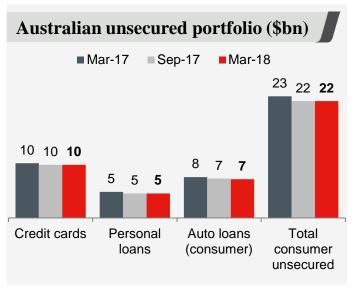


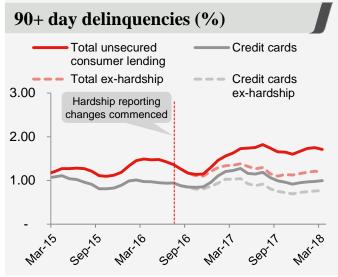
Australian consumer unsecured lending, 3% of Group loans

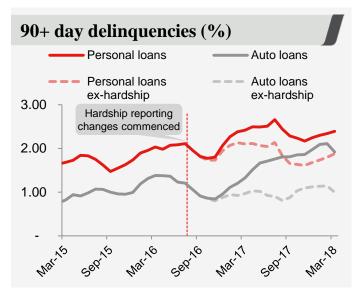
Australian consumer unsecured lending portfolio Mar-17 Sep-17 Mar-18 30+ day delinquencies (%) 3.95 3.99 3.60 90+ day delinquencies (%) 1.63 1.66 1.71 Estimated impact of changes to hardship 28bps 56ps 52ps treatment for 90+ day delinquencies (bps)

- APRA hardship policy adopted across Westpac's Australian unsecured portfolios in FY17
- March 2018 unsecured consumer delinquencies, excluding hardship reporting changes are 9bps higher than September 2017, and 16bps lower than March 2017







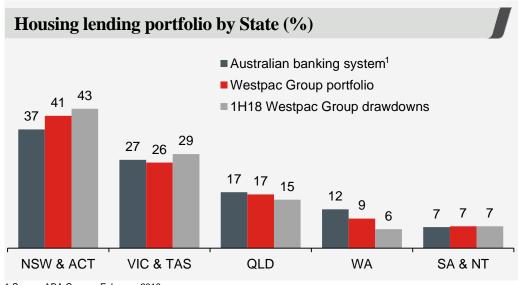




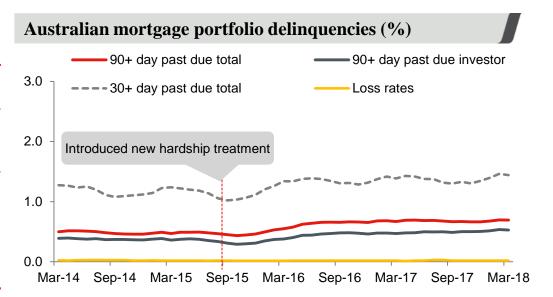
Australian mortgage portfolio continues to perform well

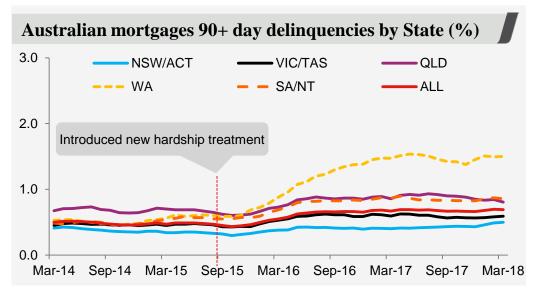
Australian mortgage delinquencies and properties in possession (PIPs)	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18
30+ day delinquencies (bps)	139	130	144
90+ day delinquencies (bps) (includes impaired mortgages)	67	67	69
Consumer PIPs	382	437	398

Properties in possession continue to be mostly in WA and Qld reflecting weaker economic conditions in those states. Targeted collections strategies in those states have contributed to lower PIPs in 1H18 and improved customer outcomes



¹ Source ABA Cannex February 2018.

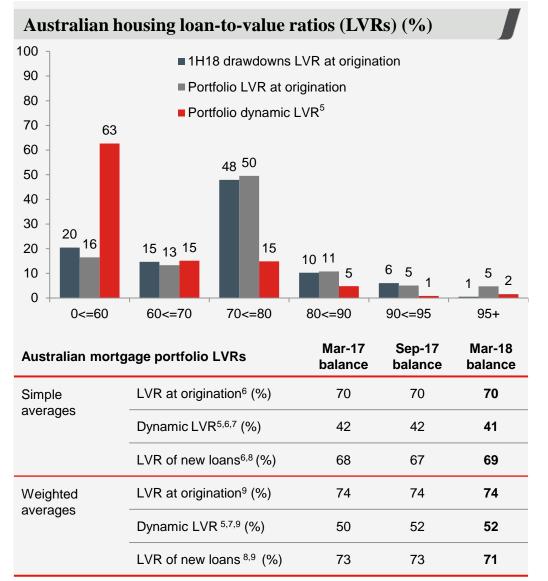






Australian mortgage portfolio well collateralised

Australian mortgage portfolio	Mar-17 balance	Sep-17 balance	Mar-18 balance	1H18 flow ¹
Total portfolio (\$bn)	413.9	427.2	437.2	38.4
Owner occupied (%)	55.3	55.5	56.0	57.2
Investment property loans (%)	39.5	39.8	39.5	42.4
Portfolio loan/line of credit (%)	5.3	4.8	4.5	0.4
Variable rate / Fixed rate (%)	82 / 18	79 / 21	77 / 23	70 / 30
Interest only (%)	50.1	45.5	39.6	22.6
Proprietary channel (%)	57.7	57.3	56.5	52.0
First home buyer (%)	8.4	8.1	7.9	6.9
Mortgage insured (%)	18.1	17.5	16.9	11.1
	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18	
Average loan size ² (\$'000)	259	264	270	
Customers ahead on repayments including offset account balances ³ (%)	71	70	68	
Actual mortgage losses net of insurance ⁴ (\$m)	36	48	48	
Actual mortgage loss rate annualised (bps)	2	2	2	

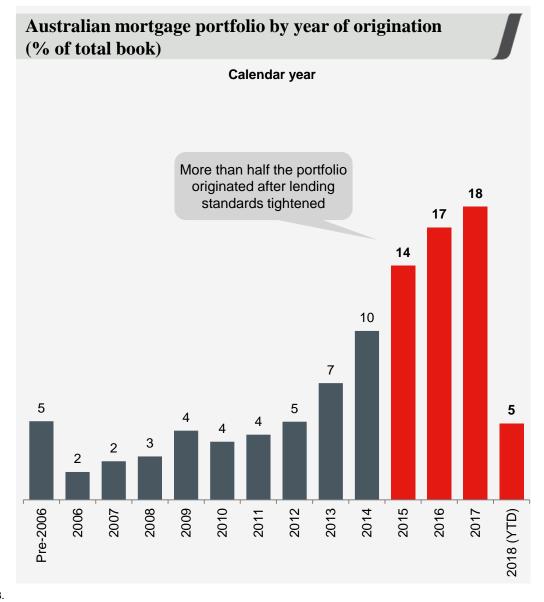


¹ Flow is new mortgages settled in the 6 months ended 31 March 2018 and includes RAMS. 2 Includes amortisation. 3 Excludes RAMS in 1H17 and 2H17. Includes RAMS in 1H18. Loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments. 4 Mortgage insurance claims 1H18 \$6m (2H17 \$9m; 1H17 \$3m). 5 Excludes RAMS. 6 LVR calculated as simple average by balances. 7 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Australian Property Monitors. 8 Average LVR of new loans is on rolling 6 months. 9 Weighted average LVR calculation considers size of outstanding balances.



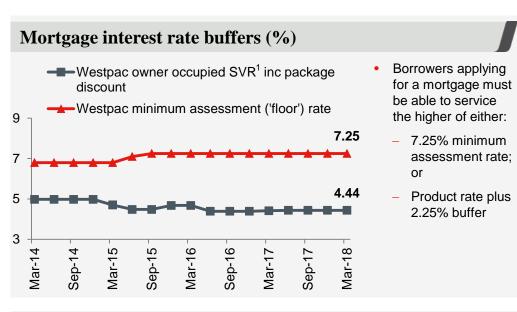
Australian mortgage portfolio standards tightening

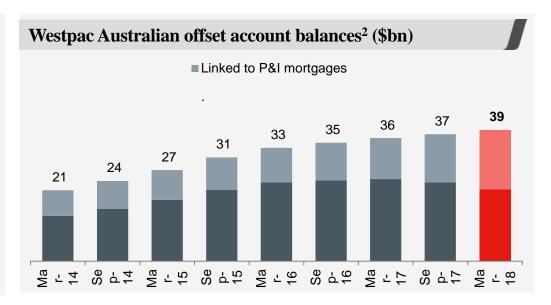
Notable changes to Westpac mortgage lending standards 10% limit on investment property lending growth announced – 2014 implemented by 30 September 2015 Stricter loan affordability tests for new borrowers Increase in minimum assessment ('floor') rate to 7.25% Increase in serviceability assessment buffer to 2.25% Credit card repayments assessed at 3% of limit (previously 2%) 2015 Expenses benchmark (HEM) adjusted by income bands as well as post settlement postcode location, marital status and dependants Serviceability for loans with interest only terms assessed over the residual P&I term, not full loan term Maximum I/O terms reduced – owner occupied reduced to 5 years Mandatory 20% minimum shading on all non base income (e.g. rental income, annuity income) - previously non base income discounted by varying amounts Stopped non-resident lending 2016 For Australian and NZ citizens and permanent visa holders using foreign income, tightened verification and LVR restricted to 70% Maximum I/O terms for new IPLs reduced to 10 years Maximum LVRs restricted to include LMI capitalisation 30% limit on interest-only lending originations Tighter limits on interest-only lending >80% LVR 2017 Heightened supervision of mortgage lending warehouses Strengthened pre settlement hind-sighting process with introduction of day 2 review team More granular assessment of living expenses through the introduction 2018 of 13 categories to capture living expenses and other commitments1

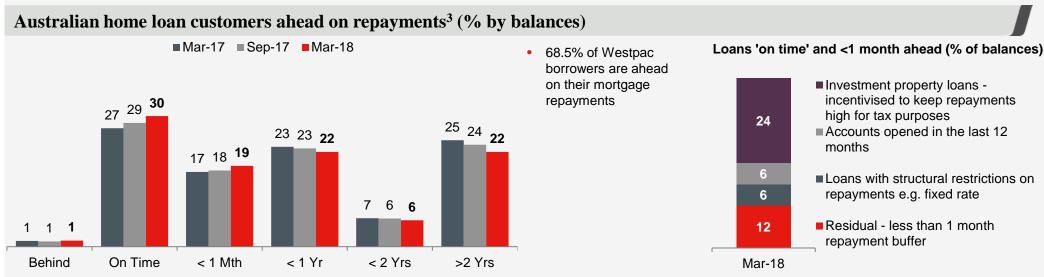


^{1.} Currently excludes RAMS. Additional expense categories expected to be implemented for RAMS in 2H18.



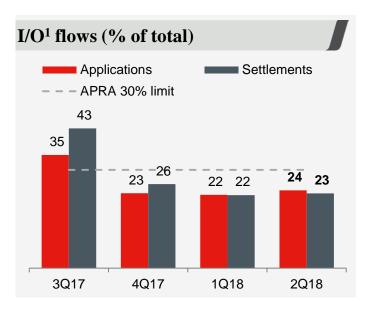


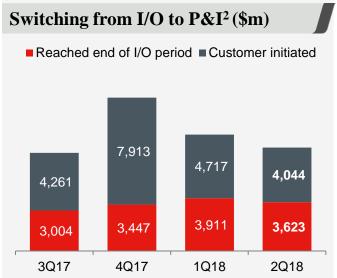


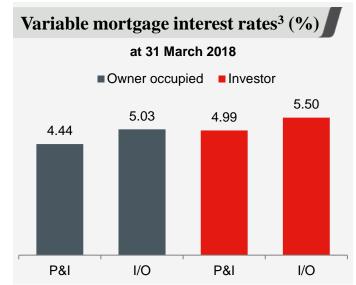


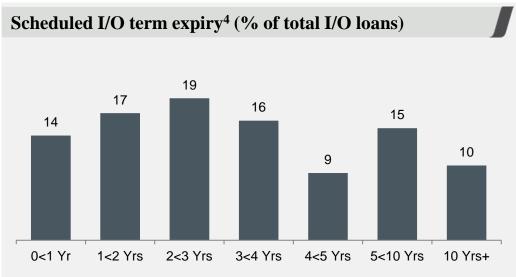
1 SVR is the Standard Variable Rate for owner-occupied Westpac Rocket Repay Home Loan inclusive of Premier Advantage Package discount. 2 Excludes RAMS. 3 Includes RAMS in 1H18. Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments. 'Behind' is more than 30 days past due. 'On time' includes up to 30 days past due. Includes mortgage offset accounts.

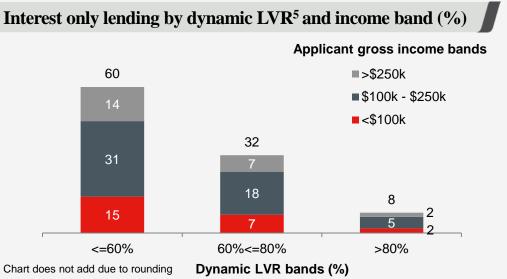












1 Flow is based on APRA definition. 2 I/O is interest only mortgage lending. P&I is principal and interest mortgage lending. 3 Interest rates as at 7 March 2018 for Westpac Rocket Repay Home Loan inclusive of Premier Advantage Package discount assuming loan amount \$250,000 - \$499,999. 4 Excludes I/O loans that should have switched to P&I but for the previously announced mortgage processing error. 5 Excludes RAMS. Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Australian Property Monitors.



Performance of interest only mortgages

Interest only lending

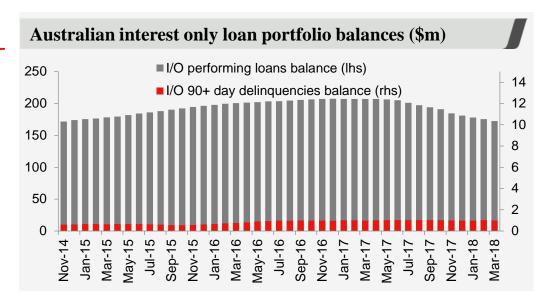
- Interest only (I/O) loans always assessed on a principal and interest basis
 - Loans originated prior to 2015 were assessed on a principal and interest basis over the full contractual term
 - Loans originated from 2015 were assessed on a principal and interest basis over the residual amortising term
- Current serviceability assessments also include an interest rate buffer (at least 2.25%), minimum assessment rate (7.25%) and a requirement to be in surplus¹
- I/O loans are full recourse

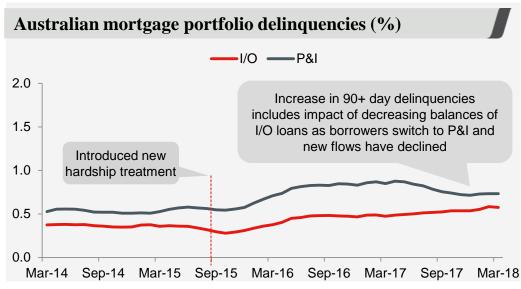
Interest only portfolio statistics as at 31 March 2018

- 74% weighted average LVR of interest only loans at origination² (portfolio)
- 65% of customers ahead of repayments (including offset accounts)^{2,3}
- Offset account balances attached to interest only loans represent 55% of offset account balances

Interest only portfolio performance as at 31 March 2018

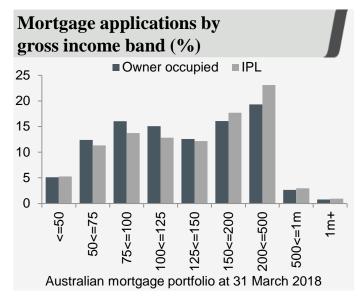
- 90+ day delinquencies 58bps (compared to P&I portfolio 73bps)
- Annualised loss rate 2bps (net of insurance claims)

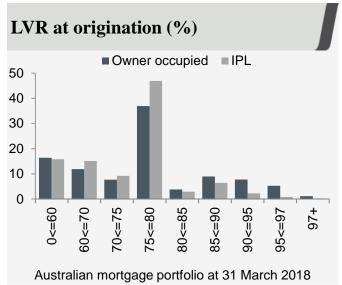


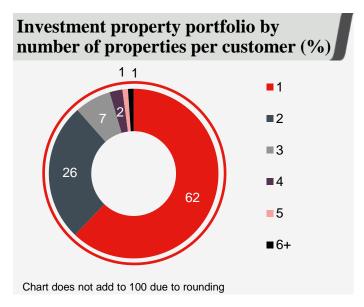


1 A surplus requirement measures the extent to which a borrower's income exceeds loan repayments, expenses and other commitments, as assessed. 2 Weighted average LVR calculation takes into account size of outstanding balances. Excludes RAMS. 3 Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments.

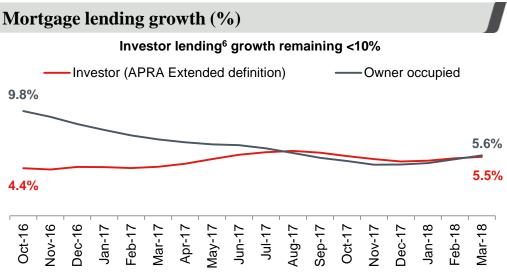






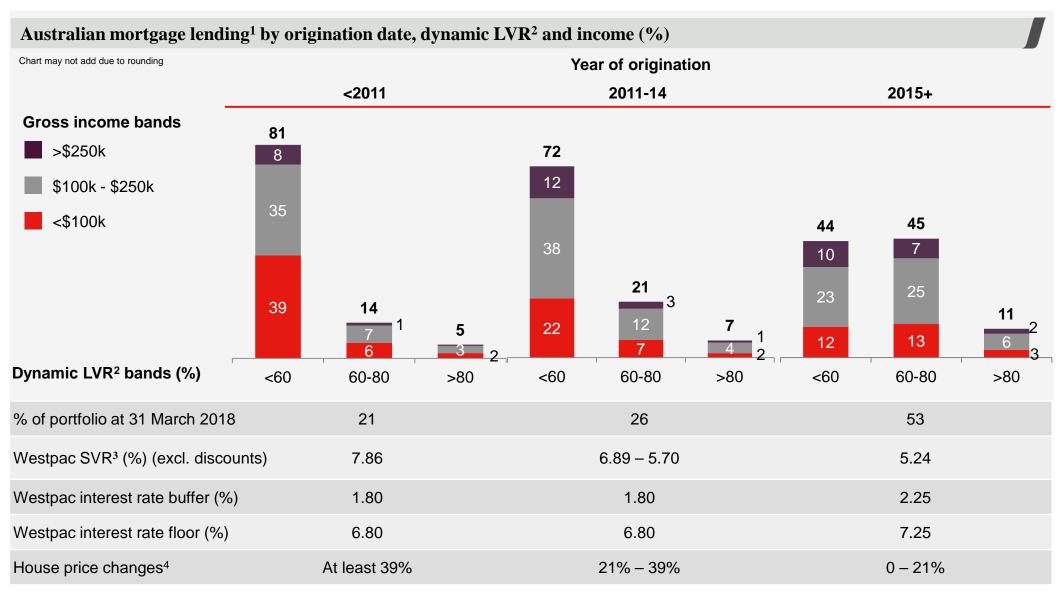


Investmen	t property lending (IPL) portfolio	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18
Weighted	LVR of IPL loans at origination1 (%)	73	73	73
LVR of new IPL loans in the period ^{1,2} (%)		72	72	71
Dynamic LVR ^{1,3} of IPL loans (%)		55	54	54
Average loan size ⁴ (\$'000)		309	313	318
Customers ahead on repayments including offset accounts ^{1,5} (%)		61	59	58
90+ day delinquencies (bps)		47	49	53
Annualised	loss rate (net of insurance claims) (bps)	2	3	2



¹ Weighted average LVR calculation takes into account size of outstanding balances. Excludes RAMS. 2 Average LVR of new loans is on rolling 6 month window. 3 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Australian Property Monitors. 4 Includes amortisation. 5 Includes RAMS in 1H18. Customer loans ahead on payments exclude equity/line of credit products as there are no scheduled principal payments. 6 Investor is as per APRA extended definition used for reporting against the 10% cap. 12 month rolling basis.



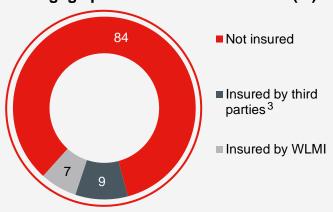


¹ Portfolio comprised of residential mortgages, excluding RAMS, and business mortgages originated via a separate platform such as construction loans and loans to SMSFs. 2 Dynamic LVR is the loan-to-value ratio taking into account the current loan balance, changes in security value, offset account balances and other loan adjustments. Property valuation source Australian Property Monitors. 3 Based on a specific Rocket Repay rate offered during the period. Westpac Rocket Repay Home Loan exclusive of discounts assuming loan amount \$250,000 - \$499,999. 4 Source, Westpac Economics, CoreLogic. All dwellings Australia - average 8 major capital cities. Prices to March 2018.

Lenders mortgage insurance

- Where mortgage insurance is required, mortgages are insured through Westpac's captive mortgage insurer, Westpac Lenders Mortgage Insurance¹ (WLMI), and reinsured through external LMI providers, based on risk profile
- WLMI is well capitalised (separate from bank capital) and subject to APRA regulation. WLMI targets a capitalisation ratio of 1.2x PCR² and has consistently been above this target
- Scenarios indicate sufficient capital to fund claims arising from events of severe stress – estimated losses for WLMI from a 1 in 200 year event are \$110m net of re-insurance recoveries (2H17: \$117m)

Westpac's Australian mortgage portfolio at 31 March 2018 (%)



Lenders mortgage insurance arrangements

LVR Band Insurance

- LVR ≤80% Not required
- Low doc⁴ LVR ≤60%
- LVR >80% to ≤ 90%
- Where insurance required, insured through captive insurer, WLMI
- Low doc⁴
 LVR >60% to ≤ 80%
- LMI not required for certain borrower groups
- Reinsurance arrangements:
 - 40% risk retained by WLMI
 - 60% risk transferred through quota share arrangements with Arch Reinsurance Limited, Tokio Millennium Re, Endurance Re, Everest Re, Trans Re, AWAC and Capita 2232

- LVR >90%
- 100% reinsurance through Arch Reinsurance Limited
 - Reinsurance arrangements see loans with LVR >90% insured through WLMI with 100% of risk subsequently transferred to Arch Reinsurance Limited

Insurance statistics			
	1H17	2H17	1H18
Insurance claims (\$m)	3	9	6
WLMI claims ratio ⁵ (%)	7	27	20
WLMI gross written premiums ⁶ (\$m)	141	109	90

¹ From 18 May 2015 WLMI underwrites all mortgage insurance, where required, on Westpac originated Mortgages. The in-force portfolio of loans includes mortgage insurance provided by external providers. 2 Prudential Capital Requirement (PCR) calculated in accordance with APRA standards. 3 Insured coverage is net of quota share. 4 Low doc loans no longer sold. Refers to arrangements in place for legacy products. 5 Loss ratio is claims over the total earned premium plus exchange commission. 6 LMI gross written premium includes loans >90% LVR reinsured with Arch Reinsurance Limited. 1H18 gross written premium includes \$62m from the arrangement (2H17: \$73m, 1H17: \$107m).



Mortgage portfolio stress testing outcomes

- Westpac regularly conducts a range of portfolio stress tests as part of its regulatory and risk management activities
- The Australian mortgage portfolio stress testing scenario assumes a severe recession and assumes that significant reductions in consumer spending and business investment lead to six consecutive quarters of negative GDP growth. This results in a material increase in unemployment and nationwide falls in property and other asset prices
- In 1H18 the percentage decline of house prices has been increased in the economic scenario to better align with assumptions used across the industry
- Estimated Australian housing portfolio losses under these stressed conditions are manageable and within the Group's risk appetite and capital base
 - Cumulative total losses of \$3.5bn over three years for the uninsured portfolio (FY17: \$2.9bn)
 - Cumulative claims on LMI, both WLMI and external insurers, of \$911m over the three years (FY17: \$762m)
 - Peak loss rate in year 2 has increased (48bps compared to 41bps at FY17) mainly due to the increase in the severity of house price decline through the severe scenario
 - WLMI separately conducts stress testing to test the sufficiency of its capital position to cover mortgage claims arising from a stressed mortgage environment
- Capital targets incorporate buffers at the Westpac Group level that also consider the combined impact on the mortgage portfolio and WLMI of severe stress scenarios

Australian mortgage portfolio stress testing at 31 March 2018

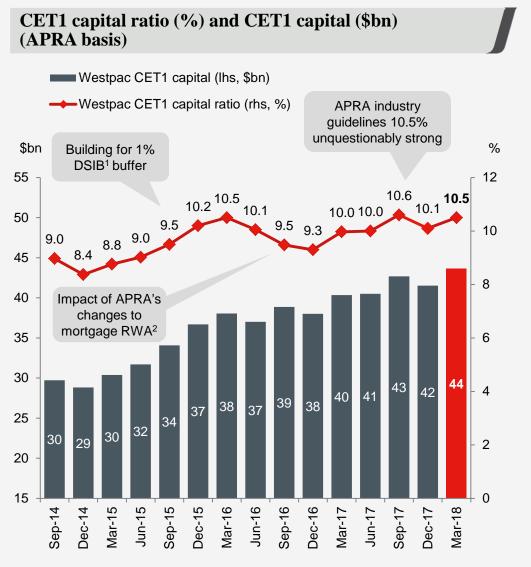
		Str	essed scena	ırio
Key assumptions	Current	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Portfolio size (\$bn)	437	421	413	410
Unemployment rate (%)	5.5	11.6	10.6	9.6
Interest rates (cash rate, %)	1.50	0.25	0.25	0.25
House prices (% change cumulative)	-	(18.5)	(29.7)	(35.2)
Annual GDP growth (%)	2.7	(3.9)	(0.2)	1.7
Stressed loss outcomes (net o	of LMI recover	ries)¹		
\$ million	96²	1,186	1,961	725
Basis points ³	2	28	48	18

¹ Assumes 30% of LMI claims will be rejected in a stressed scenario. 2 Represents 1H18 actual losses of \$48m annualised. 3 Stressed loss rates are calculated as a percentage of mortgage gross loans.





Highlights CET1 capital ratio down 6bps from Sep 2017 10.5% CET1 RWA increase from regulatory model changes and portfolio growth partly offset by organic ratio capital generation RWA increased 3% mostly in credit risk **RWA** Credit RWA up 3% mostly from regulatory model movements changes 10.5% unquestionably strong benchmark Well placed for Proposed changes to framework released Feb APRA's 2018 unquestionably Impact studies to be concluded over 2018 and strong 2019, finalisation in 2019 benchmark \$566m of preference share conversion to ordinary shares (~14bps increase) RWA headwinds ~30bps CET1 impact Operational risk model overlay approximates 2H18 capital standardised approach (~\$7.5bn RWA) developments Modelling updates for mortgages (~\$4.0bn RWA) No material impact from transition to AASB 9



¹ Domestic systemically important bank. 2 APRA's revision to the calculation of RWA for Australian residential mortgages, which came into effect on 1 July 2016.



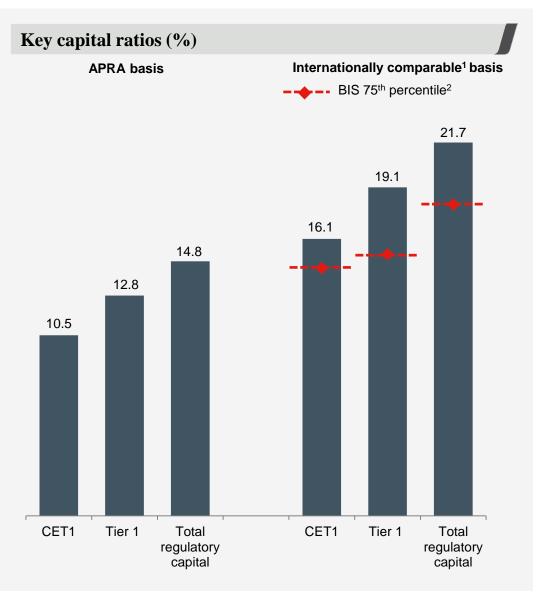
Capital, Funding and Liquidity 86

Clarity on changes to the capital framework are expected to emerge over 2018-2019

	1H18	2H18	2019	2020	2021
New Basel III framework	Со	nsult	Finalise		Implementation
Counterparty credit risk	Finalise		Implement – 1 July 2019		
Leverage ratio	Consult	Finalise	Implement – 1 July 2019		
Standardised approach to credit risk		Consult	Consult and finalise		Implementation
Advanced approach to credit risk capital		Consult	Consult and finalise		Implementation
Measurement of capital	Со	nsult	Finalise		Implementation
Related party exposures	Со	nsult	Finalise		Implementation
Loss absorbing capacity		Commence consult			

CET1 capital ratio, top quartile globally

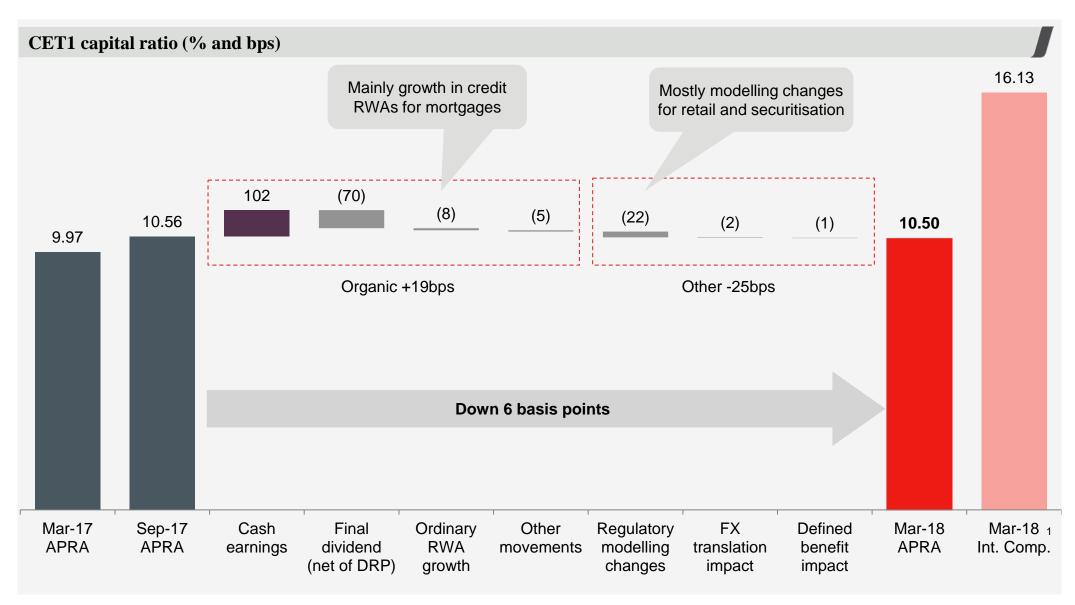
Capital ratios			
	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18
CET1 capital ratio	10.0	10.6	10.5
Additional Tier 1 capital	1.7	2.1	2.3
Tier 1 capital ratio	11.7	12.7	12.8
Tier 2 capital	2.3	2.1	2.0
Total regulatory capital ratio	14.0	14.8	14.8
Risk weighted assets (RWA) (\$bn)	404	404	416
Leverage ratio	5.3	5.7	5.8
Internationally comparable ratios¹			
Leverage ratio (internationally comparable)	6.0	6.3	6.4
CET1 capital ratio (internationally comparable)	15.3	16.2	16.1



¹ Internationally comparable methodology aligns with the APRA study titled 'International Capital Comparison Study' dated 13 July 2015. For more details on adjustments refer page 91. 2 Group 1 banks BIS 75th percentile fully phased-in Basel III capital ratios from BIS monitoring report released 6 March 2018.



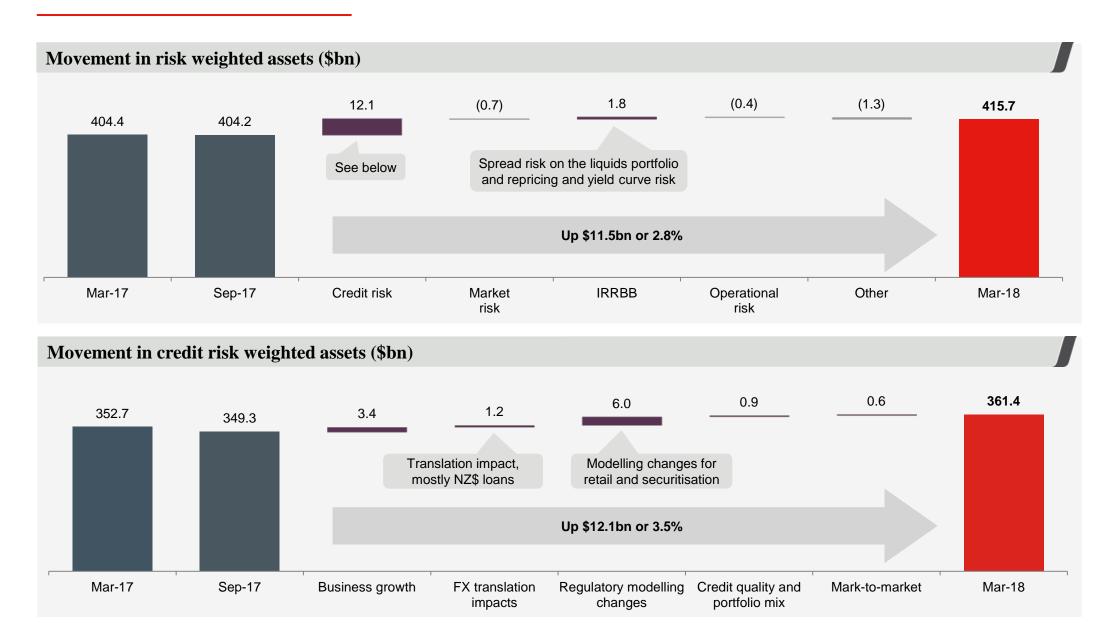
CET1 capital ratio movements

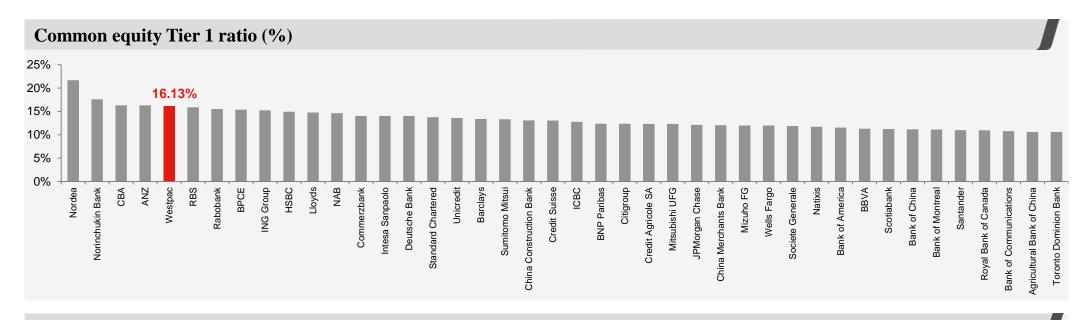


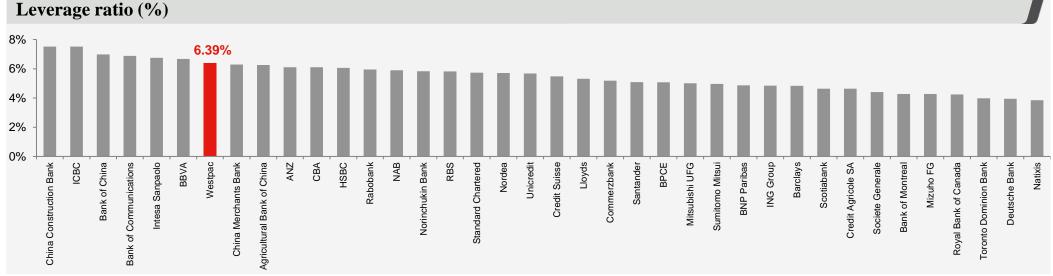
¹ Internationally comparable methodology aligns with the APRA study titled 'International Capital Comparison Study' dated 13 July 2015.



RWA increased from modelling changes and portfolio growth







Peer group comprises listed commercial banks with assets in excess of A\$700bn and which have disclosed fully implemented Basel III ratios or provided sufficient disclosure to estimate. Based on company reports/ presentations. Ratios at 31 Dec 2017, except for Westpac and ANZ which are at 31 Mar 2018, while Scotiabank, Bank of Montreal, Royal Bank of Canada and Toronto Dominion are at 31 Jan 2018. NAB CET1 ratio at 31 Mar 2018 and leverage ratio at 30 Sept 2017. For CET1, assumes Basel III capital reforms fully implemented. Leverage ratio is on a transitional basis. Where accrued expected dividends have been deducted, these have been added back for comparability. US banks are excluded from leverage ratio analysis due to business model differences, for example from loans sold to US Government sponsored enterprises.



Internationally comparable capital ratio reconciliation

APRA's Basel III capital requirements are more conservative than those of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS), leading to lower reported capital ratios by Australian banks. In July 2015, APRA published a study that compared the major banks' capital ratios against a set of international peers¹. The following details the adjustments from this study and how Westpac's APRA Basel III CET1 capital ratio aligns to an internationally comparable ratio

The following details the ar	djustments from this study and now Westpac's APRA baser in CETT capital ratio aligns to an internationally comparable ratio	(%)
Westpac's CET1 capital ratio (A	PRA basis)	10.5
Equity investments	Balances below prescribed threshold are risk weighted, compared to a 100% CET1 deduction under APRA's requirements	0.5
Deferred tax assets	Balances below prescribed threshold are risk weighted, compared to a 100% CET1 deduction under APRA's requirements	0.3
Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)	APRA requires capital to be held for IRRBB. The BCBS does not have a Pillar 1 capital requirement for IRRBB	0.4
Residential mortgages	Loss given default (LGD) of 15%, compared to the 20% LGD floor under APRA's requirements. APRA also applies a correlation factor for mortgages higher than the 15% factor prescribed in the Basel rules	1.8
Unsecured non-retail exposures	LGD of 45%, compared to the 60% or higher LGD under APRA's requirements	0.7
Non-retail undrawn commitments	Credit conversion factor of 75%, compared to 100% under APRA's requirements	0.5
Specialised lending	Use of internal-ratings based (IRB) probabilities of default (PD) and LGDs for income producing real estate and project finance exposures, reduced by application of a scaling factor of 1.06. APRA applies higher risk weights under a supervisory slotting approach, but does not require the application of the scaling factors	0.8
Currency conversion threshold	Increase in the A\$ equivalent concessional threshold level for small business retail and small to medium enterprise corporate exposures	0.2
Capitalised expenses	APRA requires these items to be deducted from CET1. The BCBS only requires exposures classified as intangible assets under relevant accounting standards to be deducted from CET1	0.4
Internationally comparable CET	1 capital ratio	16.1
Internationally comparable Tier	1 capital ratio	19.1
Internationally comparable total	regulatory capital ratio	21.7

¹ Methodology aligns with the APRA study titled "International capital comparison study", dated 13 July 2015.

Optimising returns by actively managing capital

Return on equity (ROE) is important

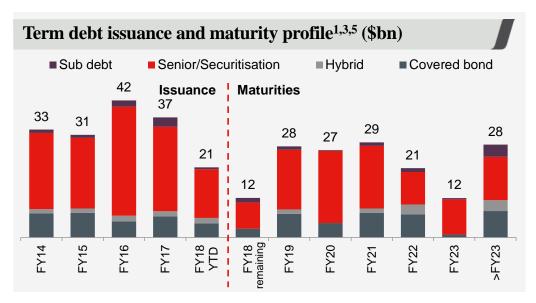
- ROE is a key measure of performance for the Group and across divisions
- Westpac seeking to achieve a ROE of 13 14%
 - Incorporates a margin above the cost of capital
 - Generates sufficient capital for growth
- Group ROE 37bps higher compared to 2H17 with cash earnings up 5% and average equity up 3%
- Leverage lower from the increased average ordinary equity (AOE)
- Divisional capital allocation refined in 2018
 - \$6bn additional capital allocated to divisions
 - Prior periods restated to enable comparability to 1H18
- Key changes included:
 - Higher capital allocated to Consumer Bank and Business Bank, principally due to more capital being allocated to mortgages
 - A reduction in capital allocated to WIB from lower risk weights for certain corporate exposures

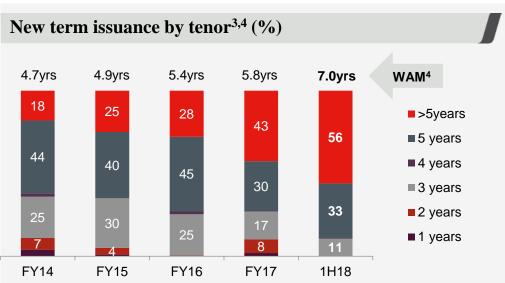
Return on A	IEA ¹ (%	%)			Divisional capital ar	nd ROE²		
	2007	1H17	2H17	1H18	Allocated capital (\$bn)	1H17	2H17	1H1
Net interest margin	2.16	2.07	2.10	2.17	Total Group (including intangibles)	57.7	59.4	61.
Non-interest					Consumer Bank	14.1	16.4	17.
income	1.29	0.82	0.73	0.74	Business Bank	11.9	11.9	12.
Operating expenses	(1.55)	(1.21)	(1.21)	(1.22)	BTFG	3.5	3.6	3.
					WIB	9.2	8.4	8.
Impairment charges	(0.16)	(0.13)	(0.09)	(0.10)	Westpac NZ (A\$)	4.6	4.6	4.
Tax and non-	(0.53)	(0.47)	(0.47)	(0.48)	Return on equity (%)	1H17	2H17	1H1
interests					Total Group	14.0	13.6	14.
Cash earnings (return on AIEA)	1.20	1.08	1.06	1.11	Consumer Bank	17.1	16.0	16.
(Total Ti on 7 ti E7 ty					Business Bank	13.1	14.2	14.
Leverage (AIEA/AOE)	19.9x	12.9x	12.8x	12.6x	BTFG	13.6	12.5	14.
					WIB	12.9	11.7	12.
Return on equity	23.84	13.95	13.59	13.96	Westpac NZ (A\$)	17.1	18.8	17.

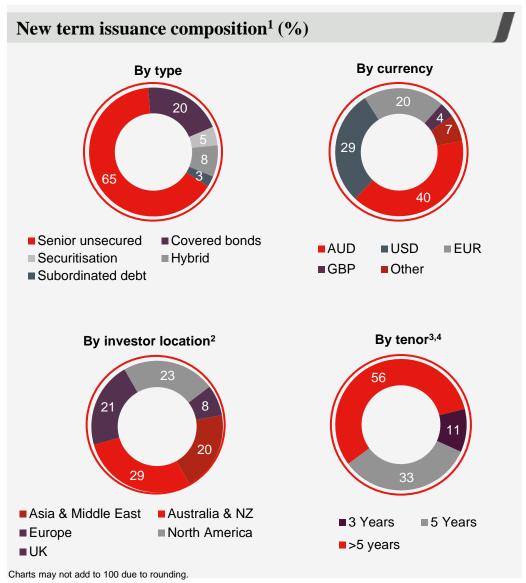
¹ Average interest-earning assets. 2 Divisional capital and divisional ROE for 1H17 and 2H17 have been restated to enable comparability with 1H18.



Well progressed on FY18 term funding, \$21bn raised to date



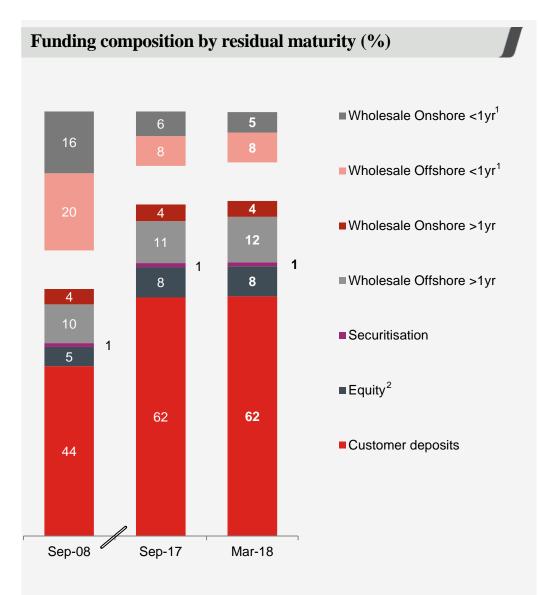


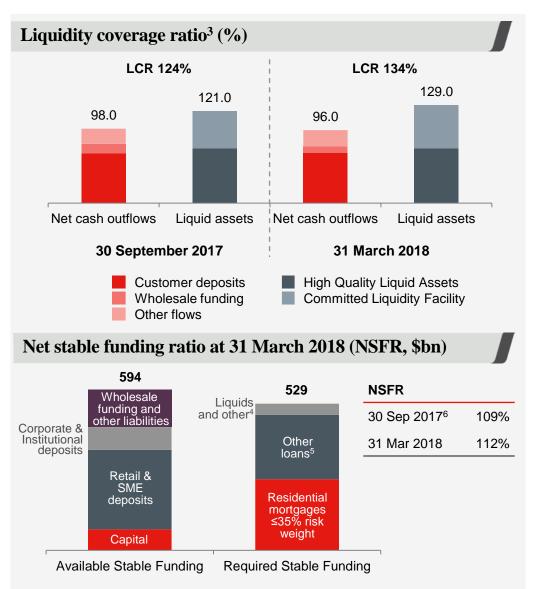


¹ Based on residual maturity and FX spot currency translation. Includes all debt issuance with contractual maturity greater than 13 months excluding US Commercial Paper and Yankee Certificates of Deposit. 2 Westpac public benchmark transactions and excludes ASX-listed Additional Tier 1 transaction. 3 Contractual maturity date for hybrids and callable subordinated instruments is the first scheduled conversion date or call date for the purposes of this disclosure. 4 Tenor excludes RMBS and ABS. 5 Perpetual sub-debt has been included in >FY23 maturity bucket. Maturities exclude securitisation amortisation.



Funding and liquidity metrics





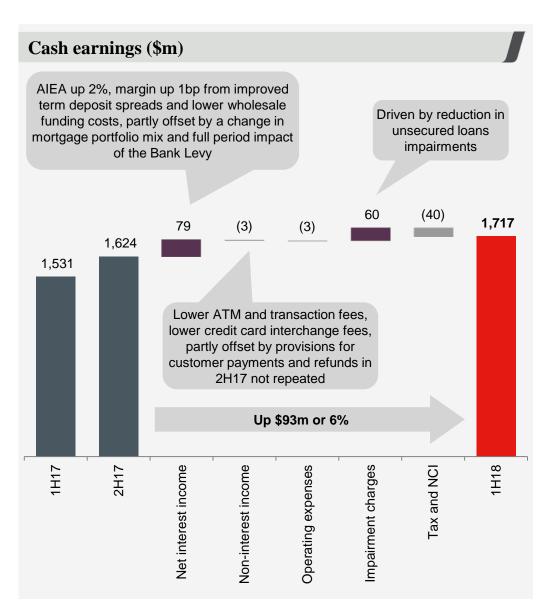
1 Includes long term wholesale funding with a residual maturity less than or equal to 1 year. 2 Equity excludes FX translation, Available-for-Sale securities and Cash Flow Hedging Reserves. 3 LCR is calculated as the percentage ratio of stock of HQLA and CLF over the total net cash outflows in a modelled 30 day defined stressed scenario. Calculated on a spot basis. HQLA includes HQLA as defined in APS 210, RBNZ eligible liquids, less RBA open repos funding end of day ESA balances. with the RBA. Committed Liquidity Facility or CLF is made available to Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions by the RBA that, subject to qualifying conditions, can be accessed to meet LCR requirements under APS210 - Liquidity. Other flows include credit and liquidity facilities, collateral outflows and inflows from customers. 4 Other includes derivatives and other assets. 5 Other loans includes off balance sheet exposures and residential mortgages >35% risk weight. 6 NSFR as at 30 September 2017 was estimated based on APRA guidelines. NSFR became effective in Australia on 1 January 2018.





In the divisional results, prior periods financial results have been restated to ensure they are reported on the same basis as 1H18

Consumer Bank – growing the franchise













Key financial metrics

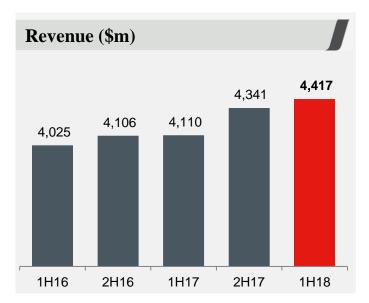
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Revenue (\$m)	4,110	4,341	4,417	2%
Net interest margin (%)	2.27	2.36	2.37	1bp
Expense to income (%)	40.2	39.8	39.2	(61bps)
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	52.8	53.1	52.7	(40bps)
Stressed assets to TCE (%)	0.66	0.64	0.65	1bp

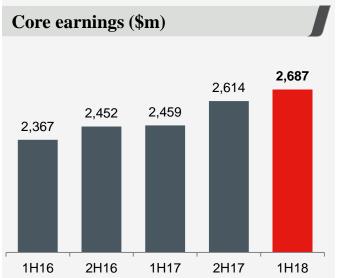
Key operating metrics

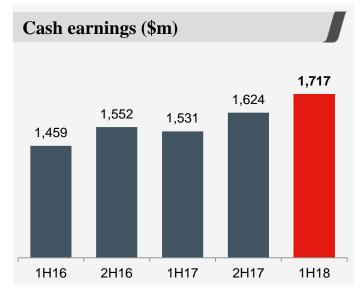
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Total customers (#m)	9.0	9.2	9.3	1%
Active digital customers (#m)	3.8	4.0	4.1	3%
Total branches (#)	1,059	1,046	1,025	(21)
Customer satisfaction ¹	7.6 (=2 nd)	7.6 (=2 nd)	7.6 (=2 nd)	-
Net promoter score (NPS) ¹ 6mma	-2.5 (3 rd)	0.9 (4 th)	0.3 (3 rd)	Up 1 place

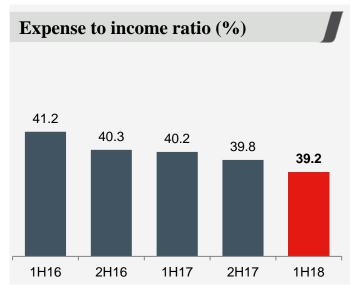


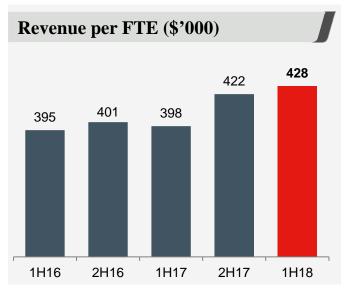
¹ Refer page 137 for metric definition and details of provider.

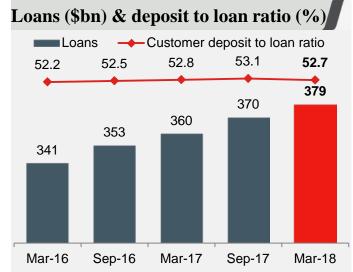












Improving the customer experience through digital and new products

Rewarding customers



- Westpac Extras Rewards & Offers provides debit and credit card customers with merchant discounts and rewards, via Westpac Live
- Launched in March 2018, ~900k unique visits in first month
- Average \$7.5k per week in cashback offers redeemed by customers since launch

Wearables

Launched PayWear, a wearable, waterproof payments device providing a hands free way to pay without needing to carry a wallet or a phone. 45,000 on issue at March 2018



Fitbit MasterCard launched Dec 2017

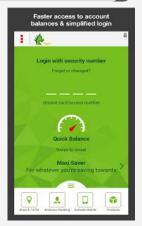
Payments via Sharing

iMessaging Make payments, obtain cardless cash code and share account details using iPhone iMessage app



Making digital easier

- Enabling customers to use internet banking from day 1
- A further 500k accounts elected e-statements during 1H18
- Almost 800k St.George customers elected to receive correspondence electronically in 1H18



Concierge tool

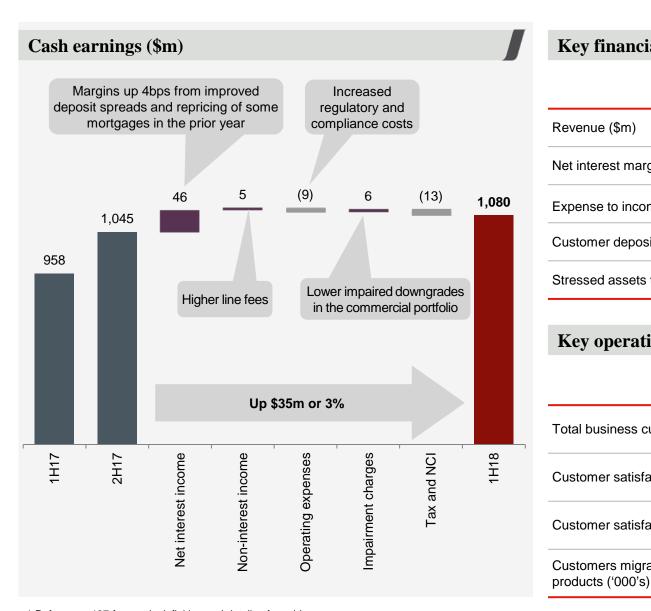
- A tablet based tool that allows bankers to identify and attend to customer needs while improving appointment workflow
- Supports the increased digitisation of the branch network and enables banker mobility
- Pilot underway, on track to commence roll out to St.George branches in Second Half 2018

New ways of connecting - Alexa

- Access account balance, recent spending history, and reward points status with Amazon's virtual assistant - Alexa
- Financial market updates available for customers to include in their daily news feed





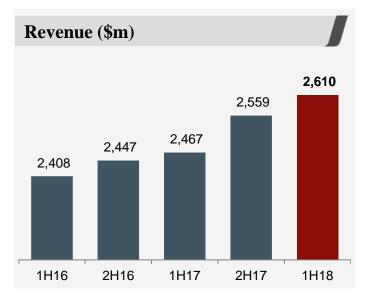


Key financial metrics				
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Revenue (\$m)	2,467	2,559	2,610	2%
Net interest margin (%)	2.70	2.74	2.78	4bps
Expense to income (%)	36.4	36.0	35.6	(36bps)
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	69.9	71.6	71.4	(23bps)
Stressed assets to TCE (%)	2.29	2.13	2.48	35bps
Key operating metrics				
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Total business customers ('000's)	1,049	1,073	1,085	1%
Customer satisfaction ¹ (rank)	=#1	#1	#1	-
Customer satisfaction - SME ¹ (rank)	#2	#1	#1	-
Customers migrated to simplified	n/a	110	257	147

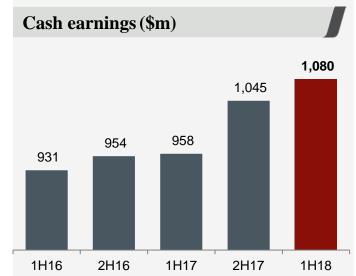


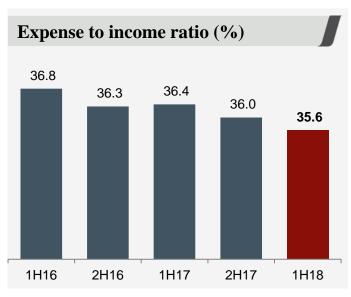
¹ Refer page 137 for metric definition and details of provider.

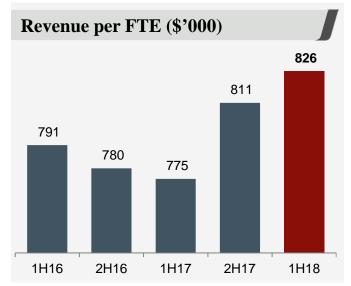
A disciplined 1H18 performance

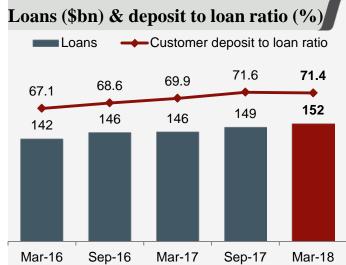












Investing in bankers



Enabling bankers to build great customer relationships through industry insights, paperless processes, simplified products and innovative technologies



eDocs for Westpac SME bankers

Launched eDocs to reduce loan deal preparation time and accelerate customer acceptance, resulting in a faster time to cash

Industry insights and risk grading

- Through Optimist, our credit risk management tool, bankers can prepare file reviews more efficiently, better assess customer financial needs and provide insights to customers based on industry benchmarks
- Currently providing this service for the legal sector and rolling out to further industries in 2H18

LOLA for St.George

- Expanded the Group's online lending origination platform (LOLA) to St.George SME bankers
- The system simplifies and speeds up loan origination

Digital for customers



Empowering more customers with online capabilities such as account opening, overdraft access and servicing



Investment in digital capabilities continues to support growth of digital channels

New online capabilities include:

- Ability to open savings or transaction accounts online and unlock a debit card in less than 5 minutes for existing single director and sole trader customers in St.George
- Customers can maintain and update details and manage access to their accounts by third parties. Over 1,000 banker-intensive work requests have been automated

Payment and transaction solutions



Helping customers take and make payments, meet cash flow shortfalls and manage payables and receivables



Presto Smart

- An integrated payment solution enabling merchants to link payments from a range of sources to their payment terminal
- Removes the need for manual input and reconciliations and speeds up the sales process

Targeted product range

- Continue to streamline and simplify deposit products, making it easier for customers and bankers
- 147,000 customers moved to simpler deposit products in 1H18

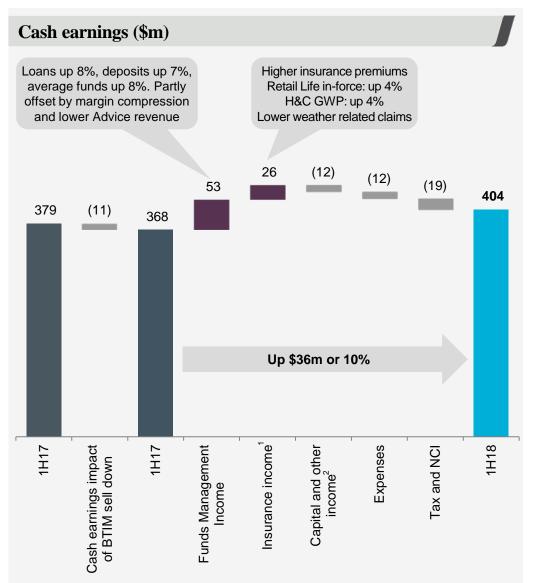
Simpler merchant pricing

Launched a simpler pricing plan for St.George customers' merchant terminals



3%

BTFG, a leading wealth provider responding to industry change



ixey illianciai metrics				
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Revenue (\$m)	1,131	1,124	1,183	5%
Expense to income (%)	52.1%	54.3%	50.8%	Large
Total funds (\$bn) (spot)	191.5	191.4	197.7	3%
Loans (\$bn) (spot)	19.3	20.1	20.8	3%

29.7

30.7

31.7

Key operating metrics (\$m)

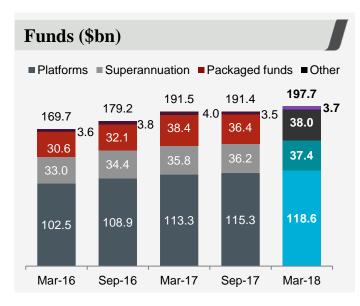
Deposits (\$bn) (spot)

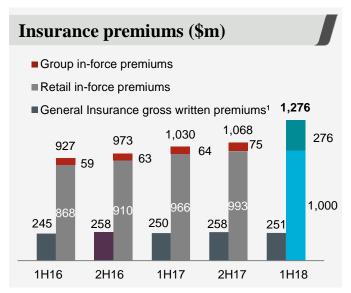
Key financial metrics

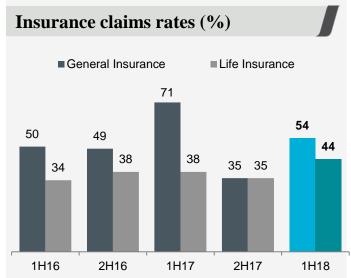
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Customers with a wealth product ³ (%)	18	18	18	(4bps)
Planners (salaried & aligned) (#) (spot)	1,094	1,011	939	(7%)
Platform FUA market share ⁴ (inc. Corp Super) (%)	19	19	18	(50bps)
Platform gross flows market share ⁴ (inc. Corp Super) (%)	20	21	21	40bps
Life Insurance market share ⁵ (%)	12	12	11	(40bps)
Life Insurance in-force premiums ⁶ (\$m)	1,030	1,068	1,276	19%
H&C insurance market share ⁷ (%)	6	6	6	(20bps)
General Insurance gross written premiums (\$m)	250	258	251	(3%)

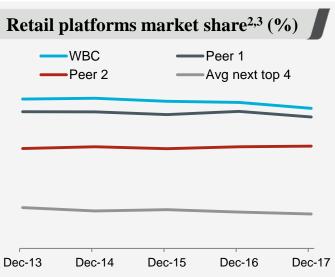
1 Includes \$11m of revenue (\$4m cash earnings) from the management of Group Insurance for BTFG Corporate Super. 2 Represents income on invested capital required for regulatory purposes primarily for Life Insurance entities. 3 Refer page 137 for wealth metrics provider. 4 Strategic Insight, All Master Funds Admin at Dec 17 (for 1H18), at Jun 17 (for 2H17), at Dec 16 (for 1H17) and represents the BT market share at these times. 5 Strategic Insight (Individual Risk) rolling 12 month average. New sales includes sales, premium re-rates, age and CPI indexation Dec 17. 6 At 1 Jan 18, Westpac Life Insurance Services Limited became the preferred insurer for BTFG Corporate Super members. Life insurance in-force premium at Mar 18 consists \$1,000m retail, \$276m Group Life Insurance (2H17: \$993m retail, \$75m Group Life insurance; 1H17: \$966 m, \$64m Group Life insurance). 7 Internally calculated from APRA quarterly general insurance performance statistics, Dec 17.

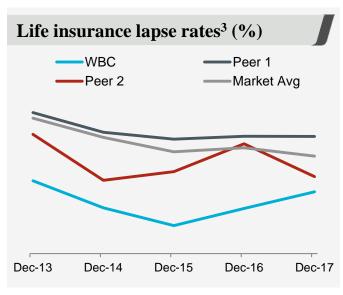


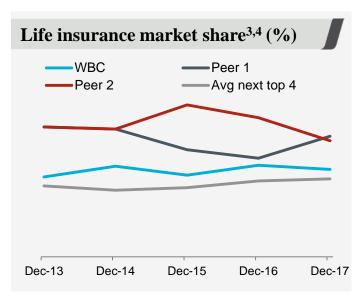












¹ Includes CCI gross written premiums of \$16m in 1H18 (2H17:\$21m; 1H17:\$25m; 2H16:\$25m; 1H16:\$24m) 2 Retail Platforms market share sourced from Strategic Insight, All Master Funds Admin segment and represents the BT Wealth business market share disclosed in Strategic Insight as at December 2017. 3 Strategic Insights December 2017. 4 Market share is Retail life insurance new sales.



Customer offering enhancements

BT SuperCheck allows customers to search for their lost super in 60 seconds with results straight to their phone

BT Super Invest is a direct superannuation product that launched on 13 March 2018 and allows customers to be more involved in managing their investments



\$267_m

through SuperCheck in 1H18

Super Invest accounts active on Panorama since launch1

Statement of Advice (SOA) produced in

5days²

Digitising insurance

Home and contents (H&C) insurance policies are now accessible online providing customers access to more sophisticated and tailored solutions

Tablet and mobile capability launched in June 2017



H&C online sales

8%3

Motor and travel online sales

BT Assure is a tool delivering advice digitally improving customer outcomes and advisor productivity



New claims & product admin platform; new front end online service solutions for Life insurance products

> Digital interface with medical professional; launch of Medical e-Certificate - 'e-Cert'.



Winner of the **CANSTAR Innovation** Excellence Award⁴



"Best HNW Private Banking Company - Australia & Excellence Award in Wealth " - International Finance Awards



"Outstanding Private Bank \$1M - \$10M plus - Westpac Private Bank" - Australian Business Banking Awards



"Heron Partnership - 5 Star Quality Rating" - awarded to Asgard Elements, eWRAP and Infinity Super and Pension



"World Finance Global Insurance Award" - World Finance. 3rd year running



"Life Insurance Company of the Year"- Australian Insurance Awards

"Best Claims Outcome & Customer Experience" - Australian Insurance Awards



"Underwriting team of the Year" - AFA/Strategic Insights Awards

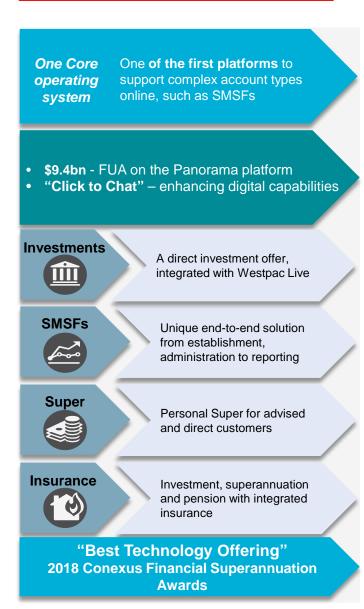
"Best Application Process" - AFA/Strategic Insights Awards

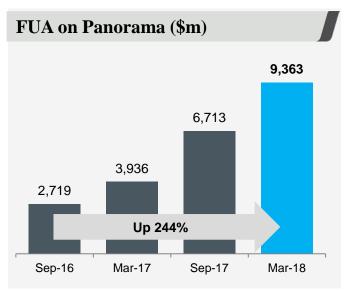
1 As at 26 April 2018. 2 For strategies covered under BT Assure. 3 Change is on 1H18 vs 1H17. 4 Canstar April 2018.

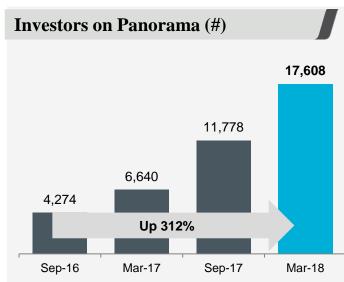


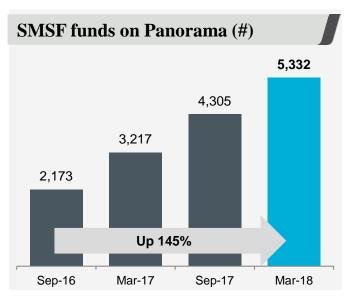
BT Financial Group 105

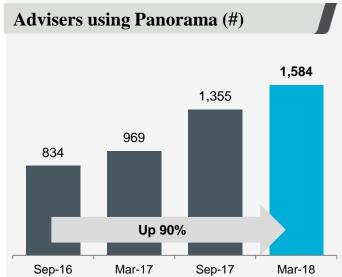
Panorama: an innovative wealth management system for customers and advisors





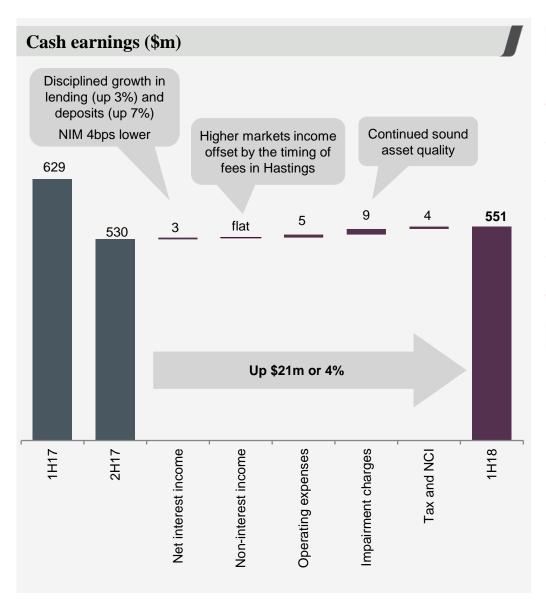








WIB performance reflects continued disciplined execution



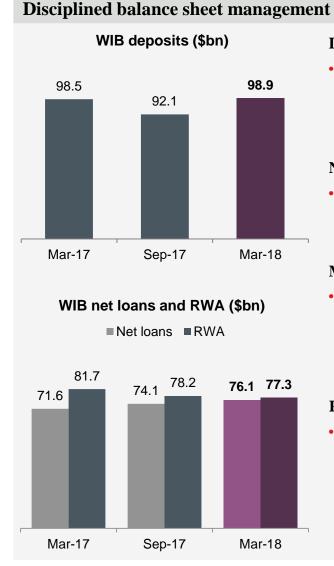
1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
1,614	1,421	1,424	-
1.56	1.62	1.58	(4bps)
41.6	47.9	47.4	(45bps)
137.6	124.3	130.0	large
0.59	0.55	0.52	(3bps)
	1,614 1.56 41.6 137.6	1,614 1,421 1.56 1.62 41.6 47.9 137.6 124.3	1,614 1,421 1,424 1.56 1.62 1.58 41.6 47.9 47.4 137.6 124.3 130.0

Key operating metrics

	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Customer revenue ¹ / total revenue (%)	78.5	86.7	87.1	40bps
Trading revenue / total revenue (%)	15.2	5.0	11.3	large
Revenue per FTE (\$'000) ²	888	791	794	-
Deposits (\$bn)	98.5	92.1	98.9	7%

¹ WIB customer revenue is lending revenue, deposit revenue, sales and fee income. Excludes trading, derivative valuation adjustments and Hastings. 2 Excludes Westpac Pacific revenue and FTE.





Deposits

Deposits up 7% due to growth in Australian term deposits and offshore term deposits, supporting lending growth in Asia

Net loans

3% increase in loans primarily reflects lending to support customers in Asia

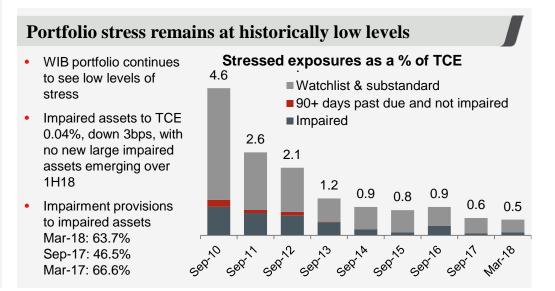
Margin

Net interest margin declined 4 basis points to 1.58% primarily from the full period impact of the Bank Levy (3 basis points)

ROE

Continued balance sheet and RWA discipline reflected in 1H18 return on average equity 12.6% (2H17: 11.7%)







Building on the strength of our franchise with a focus on transactional banking and liquidity management

Service



- ✓ Banker to 91% of the ASX top 100
- √ 99.8% transactional banking retention rate1
- ✓ Largest banker to the Australian/NZ public sector, providing significant scale and ability to reinvest in capabilities

Efficiency



- Developing solutions for customers to enhance data management capabilities and increase efficiency
- Digitising sales, service, and back-office processes
- Market-leading straight through processing for FX transactions

Innovation



- √ Track record of delivering innovative industry and policy solutions
- √ Significant transactional banking investment
- ✓ Partnering with fintechs to deliver new technologies and increase delivery speed

Retained Government contracts

 Victorian Government extended its banking contract with Westpac for a further 2 years

Public infrastructure expertise

Lead arranger and underwriter on Melbourne's \$6 billion Metro Tunnel Project PPP and lead arranger on the \$1.8 billion Western Roads Upgrade PPP

Supporting infrastructure development

More than \$1 billion new funding commitments supporting over \$9.5bn in capital investment in Australian infrastructure and energy projects

Committed to clean energy targets

- Leading bank supporting new large scale renewable energy projects (by funding commitments)2
- Financed over 800MW of new renewable energy projects, which when complete, will generate electricity to power over 500,000 homes

Enhanced liquidity and working capital management

- New digital liquidity management platform will make it easier for corporate and institutional customers to manage their liquidity and working capital
- Customers will have the capabilities of a bank "in-house", including account opening, liquidity transfers between subsidiaries and other legal entities, intra-day sweeps, payments and collections
- Will provide a single view of cash positions across the whole organisation
- Giving greater flexibility and control over banking through an intuitive, user-friendly interface

First to market with Corporate Loan Portal

Online portal providing customers with greater visibility and control over their loans, now with 150 customers in the pipeline

Insights-driven analytics

- · Westpac Institutional Data Analytics is partnering with State Governments, providing data science services to support transport infrastructure planning and the promotion of key industries including tourism
- 150 APIs developed through Qvalent in the last year to enable flexibility and customisation of payments, receivables, and reconciliation reporting

New technologies

Successful testing of bank guarantees using distributed ledger technology

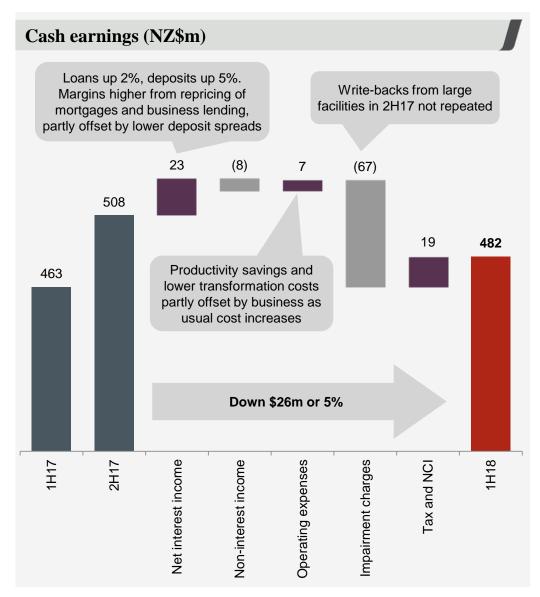
Payment solutions for Government and Education sectors

- Over 1 million online transactions processed for the NSW Department of Education in 2017, almost double 2016 volumes
- Enables parents in more than half of all NSW schools to make online payments, reducing cash in schools and cash handling costs

¹ Transactional banking relationships retention rate defined as the percentage of transactional relationships at the start of 1H18 that were retained through to the end of the period. 2 Source: IJ Global League Tables.



NZ transformation delivering

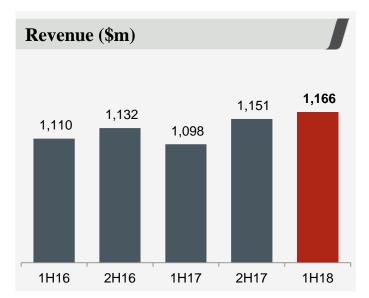


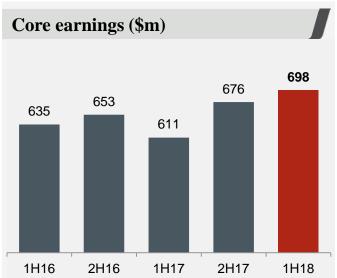
Key financial metrics				
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Revenue (NZ\$m)	1,098	1,151	1,166	1%
Net interest margin (%)	1.96	2.09	2.15	6bps
Expense to income (%)	44.4	41.3	40.1	(113bps)
Customer deposit to loan ratio (%)	74.2	75.5	77.9	233bps
Stressed assets to TCE (%)	2.41	2.06	1.86	(20bps)
				_

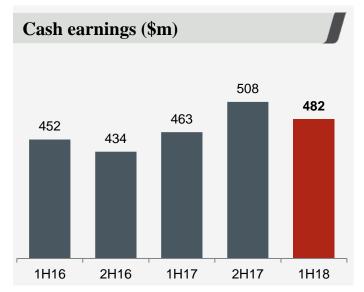
Key operating metrics				
	1H17	2H17	1H18	Change on 2H17
Customers (#m)	1.36	1.35	1.36	0.01
Branches	170	169	164	(5)
Consumer NPS ¹	6	2	9	+7
Business NPS ¹	10	5	17	+12
Agri NPS ¹	43	54	52	(2)
FUM and FUA (NZ\$bn) (spot)	9.7	10.1	10.3	2%
Service quality – complaints (000's)	11.4	9.6	8.5	(11%)

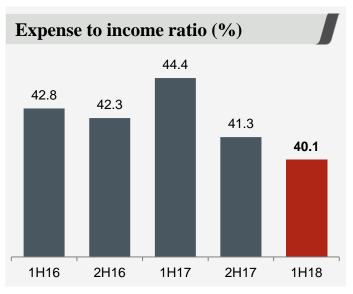


¹ Refer page 137 for metric definition.

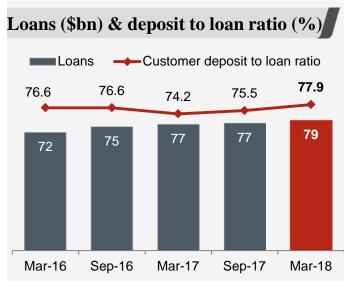












¹ All figures in NZ\$ unless otherwise indicated.

Business digital experience

- Single online business banking platform, Westpac One Business, developed. Pilot commenced in November 2017, with additional functionality to be rolled-out in 2H18
- Application programming interface (API) platforms enables business customers to complete customer initiated secure online payment transactions



Consumer digital experience

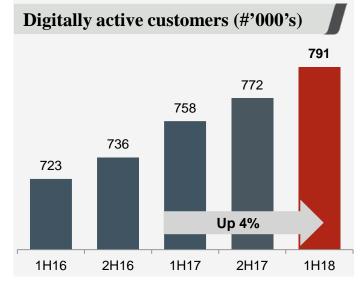
- Value Me program launched in 1H18, providing customers with personalised banking solutions and recommendations based on individual banking behaviour
- Launched Wes (our online chat-bot), in October 2017, which responds to customer questions in real-time. Personalised account query functionality is being developed

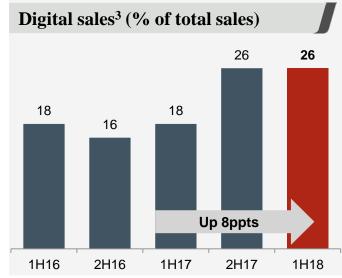


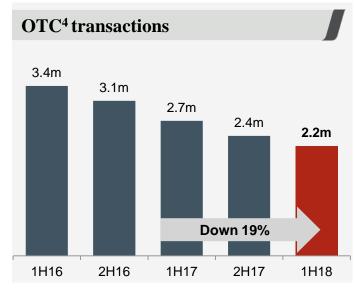
Declining branch transactions

- 3.4% of financial transactions¹ for WNZL are completed via a branch, compared with NZ average of 4.1% and UK average 7.8%²
- Transformation supported by our people, customer education programs, digital ambassadors and learning tools



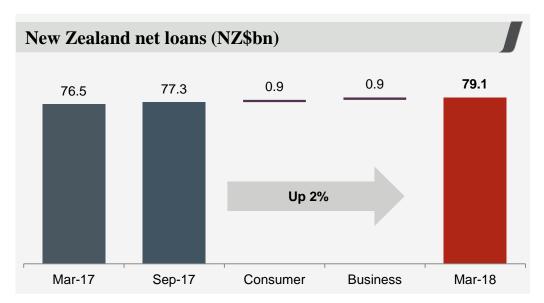


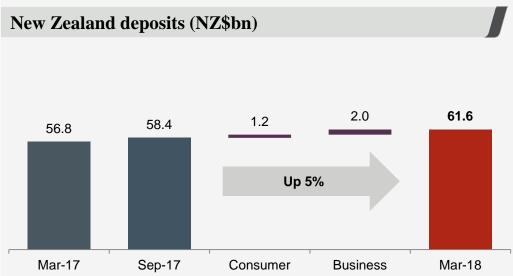


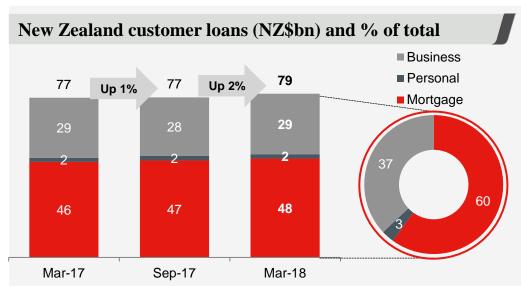


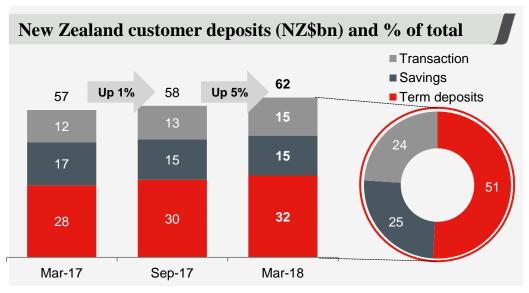
¹ Financial transactions refers to customer initiated withdrawals, deposits, transfers and payments across all channels. 2 Source: Finalta Sales Effectiveness Benchmark Study 2017. 3 Digital sales have been restated to reflect all consumer products including Wealth. 4 OTC is over-the-counter.

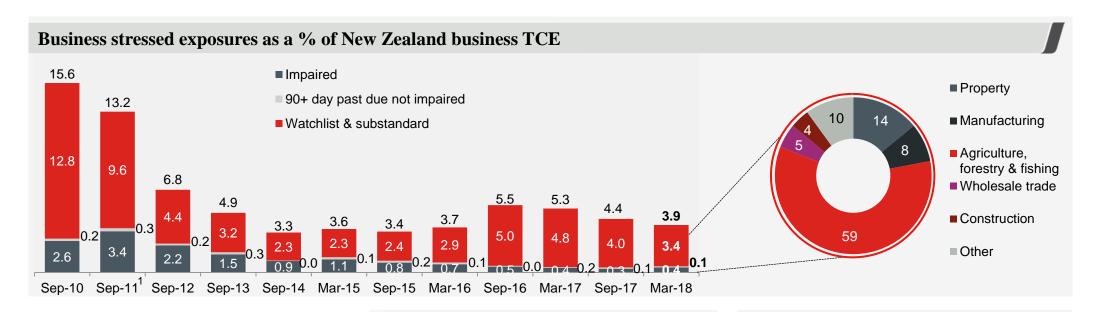






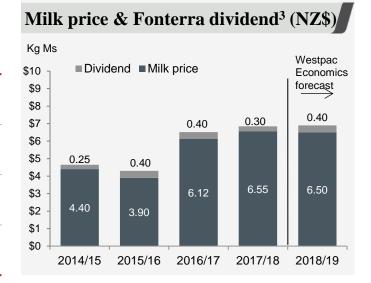






Agribusiness portfolio

	Mar-17	Sep-17	Mar-18
TCE (NZ\$bn)	8.6	8.9	8.9
Agriculture as a % of total TCE	8.0	8.2	8.0
% of portfolio graded as 'stressed'2	16.9	13.5	12.1
% of portfolio in impaired	0.44	0.41	0.50



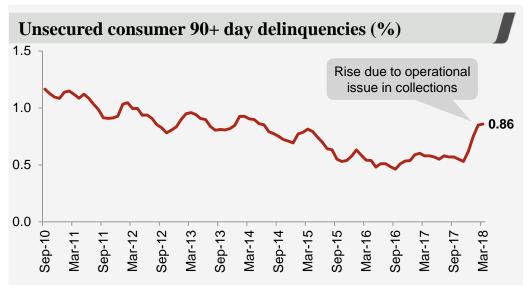
Summary

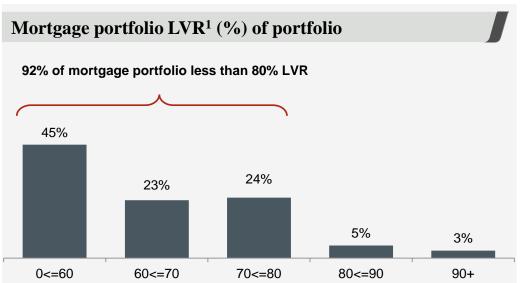
- Dairy portfolio's risk grade profile is improving following favourable milk price movements
- Focus remains on supporting existing dairy customers with proven long-term financial viability
- Expect portfolio to continue improving as high milk price translates to cash flow although some land-price risks are evident

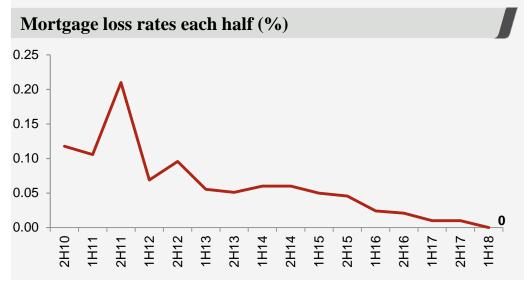


¹ Large reduction in stressed exposures from Sep 2011 to Sep 2012 due primarily to transfer of WIB assets during 2012. 2 Includes impaired exposures. 3 Source: Fonterra.









¹ LVR based on current loan property value at latest credit event.



Australian economy key statistics (latest available as at April 2018) 2.4% **GDP** (end calendar 2017) Westpac Economics Forecast 2.7% (end calendar 2018) Unemployment 5.5% Rate Westpac Economics Forecast 5.5% (end calendar 2018) Inflation 1.9% Westpac Economics Forecast 2.1% (end calendar 2018) Cash Rate 1.50% Westpac Economics Forecast

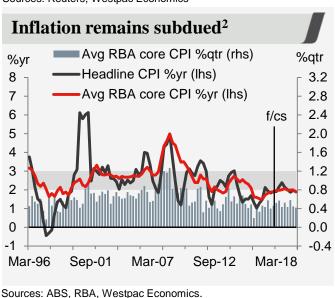
(end calendar 2018)

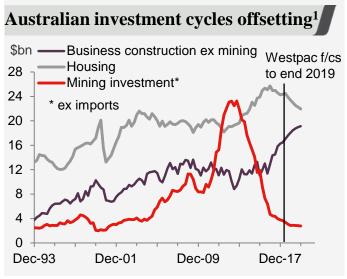
AUD/USD4

(end calendar 2018)

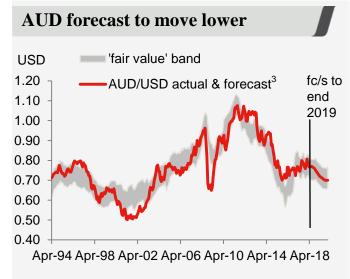
Westpac Economics Forecast







Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics



Sources: RBA, Westpac Economics.

1.50%

US\$0.74

US\$0.76



¹ Non-residential building is both private and public. Infrastructure ex-mining is both private and public and excludes imports. Mining investment excludes imports. Westpac estimates. 2 Average RBA core CPI is average of seasonally adjusted trimmed mean & weighted median CPI ex tax changes & WBC estimate of carbon price impact. 3 Includes WCFI+BI commodities index, 2 year swap spread and NFD to GDP. 4. As at 27 April 2018.

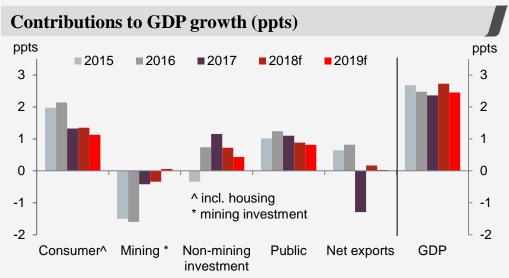
			Calendar year	
Key economic indicators (%) as at April 2018		2017	2018E	2019F
World	GDP ¹	3.8	3.9	3.7
Australia	GDP ²	2.4	2.7	2.5
	Private consumption ²	2.9	2.6	2.5
	Business investment ^{2,3}	5.8	3.0	3.5
	Unemployment – end period	5.5	5.5	5.6
	CPI headline – year end	1.9	2.1	1.9
	Interest rates – cash rate	1.50	1.50	1.50
	Credit growth, Total – year end	4.9	4.2	3.7
	Credit growth, Housing – year end	6.3	4.8	4.0
	Credit growth, Business – year end	3.2	4.0	4.0
New Zealand	GDP ²	2.9	2.7	3.0
	Unemployment – end period	4.5	4.5	4.7
	Consumer prices	1.6	1.7	1.5
	Interest rates – official cash rate	1.75	1.75	2.00
	Credit growth – Total ⁴	6.5	4.9	4.2
	Credit growth – Housing ⁴	7.4	5.2	3.6
	Credit growth – Business ⁴	6.6	5.4	5.6

Source: Westpac Economics.

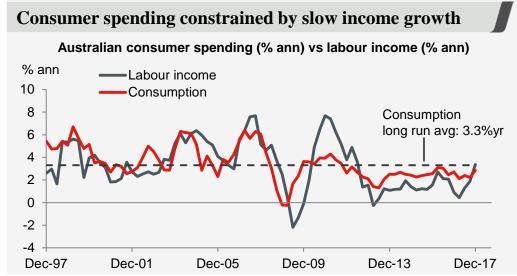


¹ Year average growth rates. 2 Through the year growth rates. 3 Business investment adjusted to exclude the effect of public sector purchases of public assets.

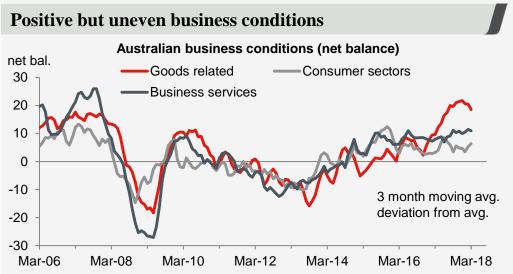
⁴ NZ credit forecasts are for growth over the calendar year.



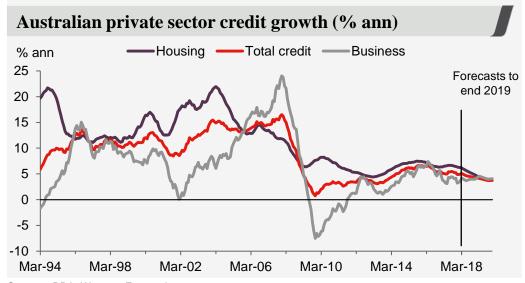
Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics.



Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics.



Sources: NAB survey, Westpac Economics.



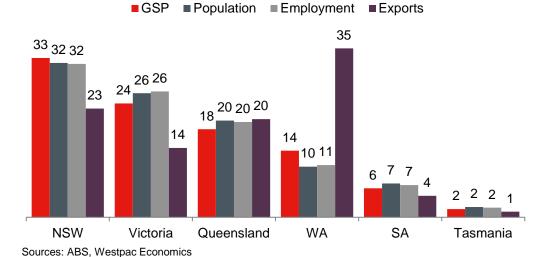
Sources: RBA, Westpac Economics.

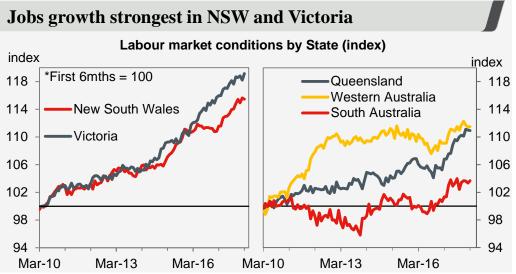


NSW and Victoria 58% of population and employment

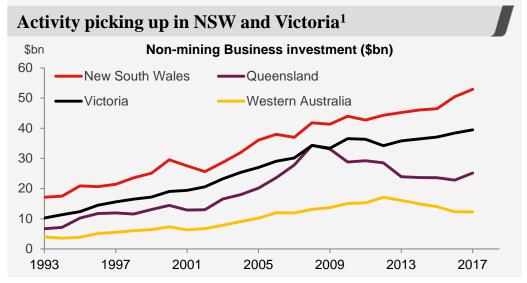


Relative size of States (Share of Australia, 2016/17, %)





Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics

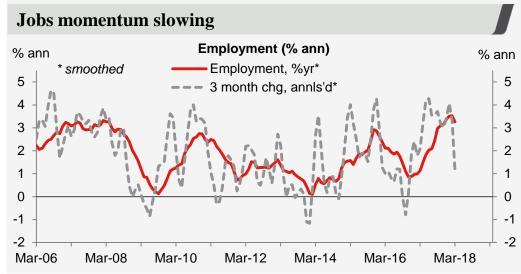


Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics

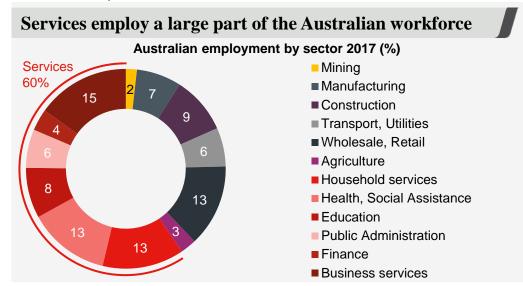


^{1.} Real, financial years, experimental estimates

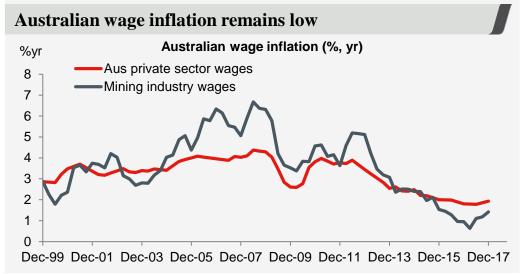
Jobs being created, although weak income growth remains a headwind



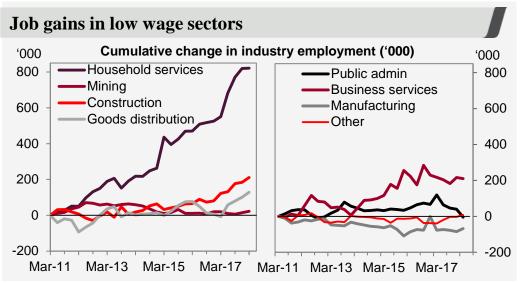
Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics.



Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics.



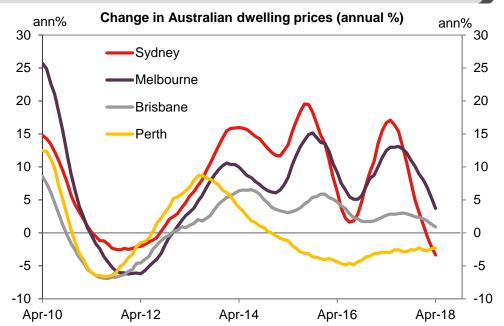
Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics.



Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics.



Dwelling prices cooling

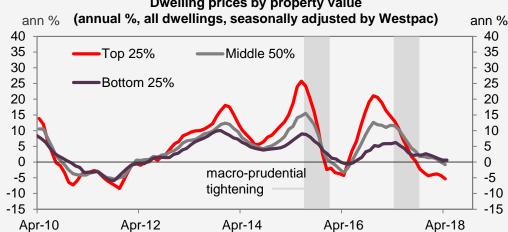


Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics. Dwelling prices are all dwellings, 6mth annualised growth.

		dwelling prices		
Capital city	Pop'n	% Change last 3mths (Apr-18)	% Change YoY (Apr-18)	Avg since 2007
Sydney	4.8m	Down 1.2%	Down 3.4%	Up 5.7%
Melbourne	4.5m	Down 0.7%	Up 3.7%	Up 5.5%
Brisbane	2.3m	Down 0.1%	Up 0.9%	Up 1.1%
Perth	1.9m	Up 0.1%	Down 2.3%	Down 0.6%

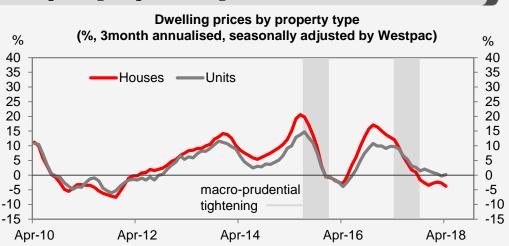
Sources: ABS, CoreLogic, Westpac Economics.

Price decline felt most in the top 25% of house prices Dwelling prices by property value



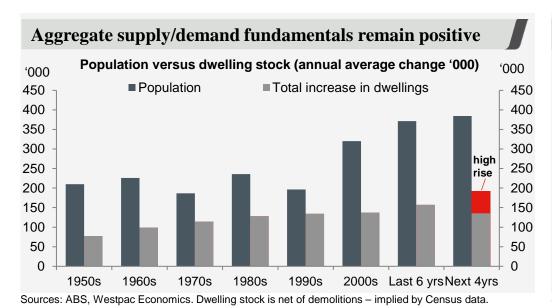
Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics.

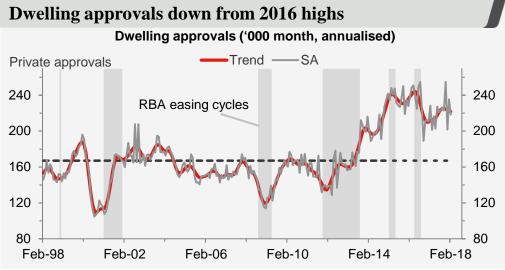
Unit pricing outperforming detached houses



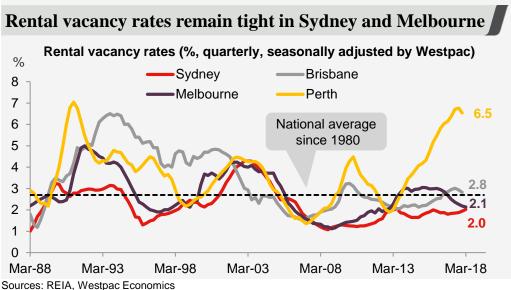
Sources: CoreLogic, Westpac Economics.

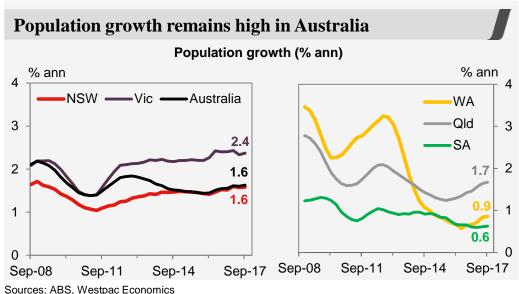




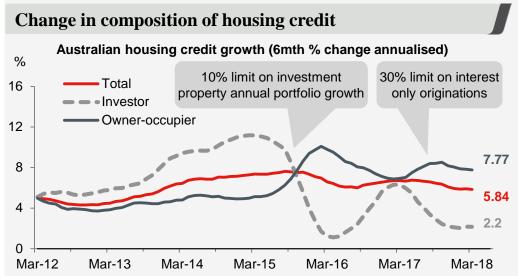


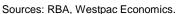


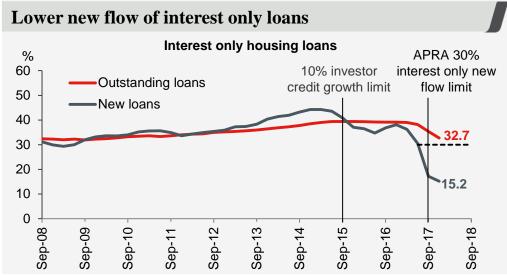




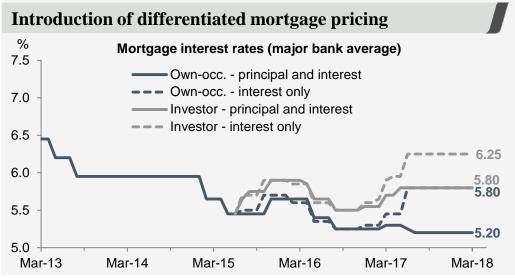
Impact of macro-prudential measures across Australian industry



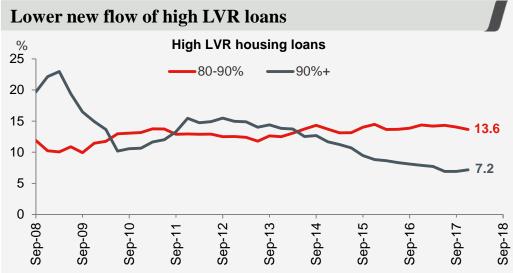






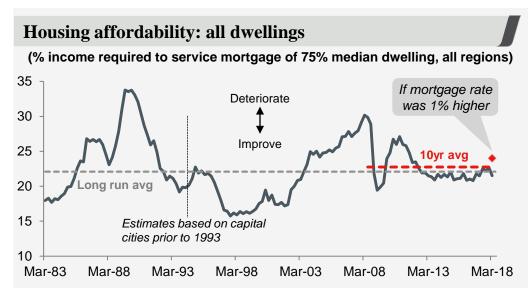


Source: APRA, RBA, Westpac Economics

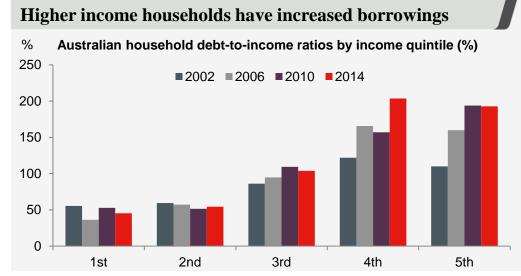


Sources: ABS, APRA, RBA, Westpac Economics

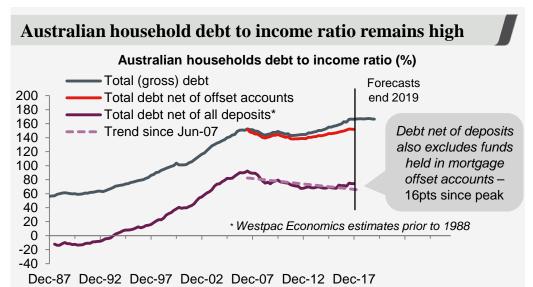




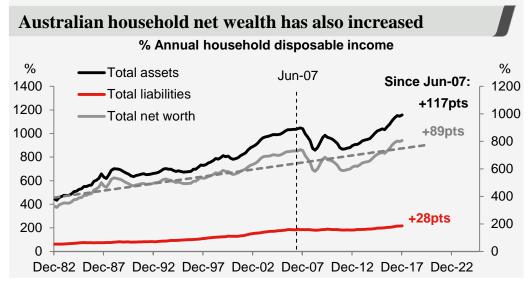
Sources: RBA, Westpac Economics.



Sources: ABS, RBA, Westpac Economics.



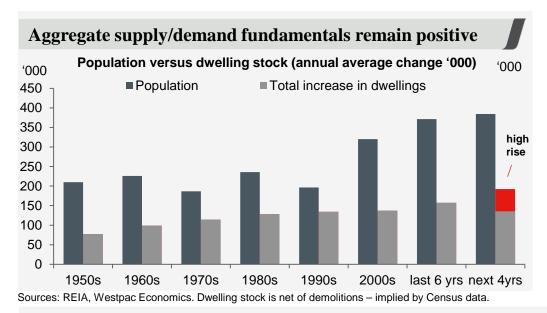
Sources: ABS, RBA, Westpac Economics

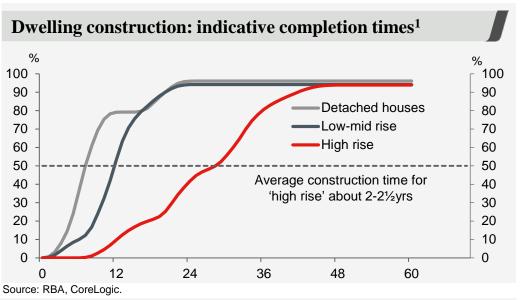


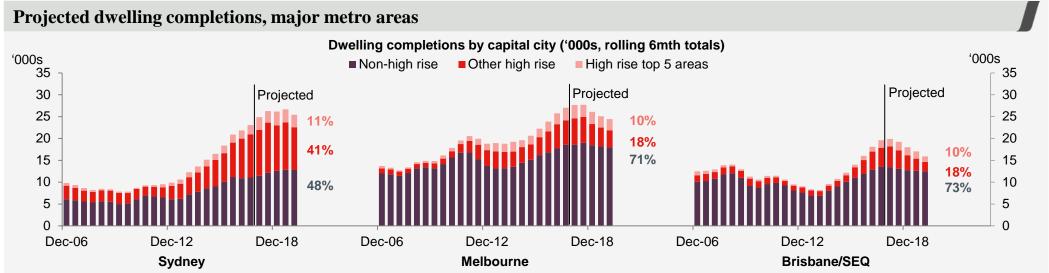
Sources: ABS, RBA, Westpac Economics.









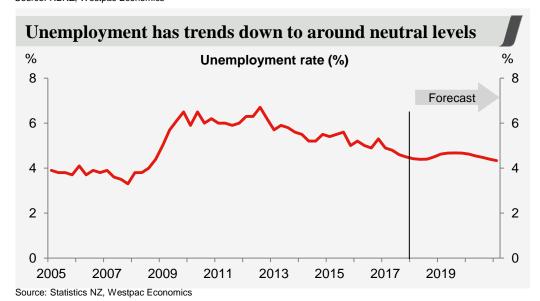


Sources: ABS, Westpac Economics

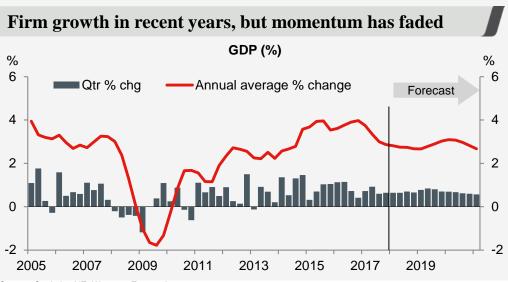
¹ Estimated proportion of approved dwellings completed by months after approval. Note that not all approved dwellings are completed, reflecting both cancellations and reductions in project size. Also, 'high rise' projects often have significant delays between approval and commencement.

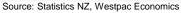
Key economic statistics	FY17	FY18f	Change
GDP annual average growth ¹	3.0%	2.7%	(30bps)
Inflation rate	1.9%	1.6%	(30 bps)
Official cash rate (OCR)	1.75%	1.75%	-
Unemployment rate	4.6%	4.4%	(20 bps)
Dairy payout (ex dividend) ²	\$6.12	\$6.55	\$0.43

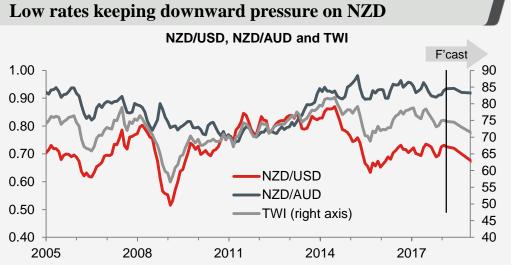




1 For year to September. 2 Seasons ended May.







Source: Statistics NZ, Westpac Economics



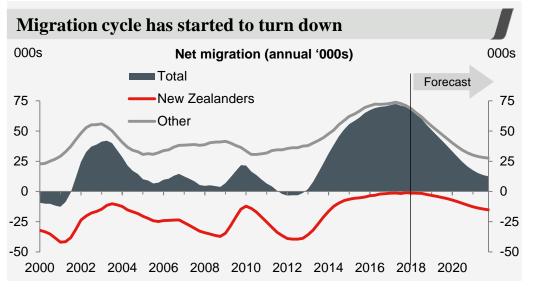
New Zealand economy: growth to slow

Drivers of GDP growth in recent years are dissipating

- After expanding at a firm pace in recent years, New Zealand GDP growth has cooled, and it is expected to soften further over the next few years
- The new Labour-led Government is planning an additional \$8.4bn of new operating spending over the next four years, the majority of which will be spent on health and education. This will require an additional \$7bn of net core Crown debt over the next four years
- The Government is also planning to introduce a range of regulatory changes targeting areas such as the housing and labour markets. These policies are likely to dampen economic activity, offsetting some of the boost from fiscal spending
- The Government is planning a suite of policy changes over the coming years aimed at cooling the housing market. This includes restrictions on foreign buyers, an extension of the 'bright line' test for capital gains, and the ring-fencing of losses on investment properties. These policies will weigh on house prices over the coming years, and will have a significant dampening effect on consumer spending
- Strong net migration has been a key driver of demand growth in recent years.
 Migration flows are still elevated, but have started to ease back. Net migration is set to fall further before the closer of the decade as earlier arrivals depart.
 Potential policy changes could reinforce this slowdown
- There is a large amount of residential and non-residential building work planned nationwide. However, construction activity has flattened off at a high level due to tighter credit conditions, limited availability of skilled labour and the softening housing market. The level of activity is expected to remain elevated for an extended period, but increases are expected to be gradual
- Post-earthquake reconstruction in the South Island is well advanced and has been gradually winding down
- There has been broad based strength in NZ's commodity prices. However, prices are expected to soften over the coming year. Tourist inflows remain strong
- · Borrowing rates are expected to remain low for an extended period

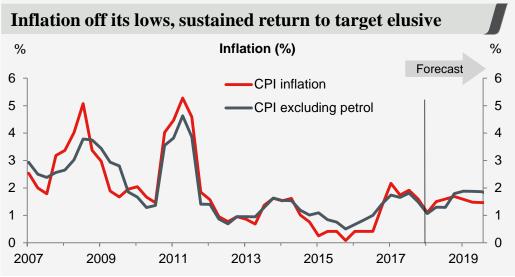


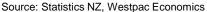
Source: Westpac Economics estimates

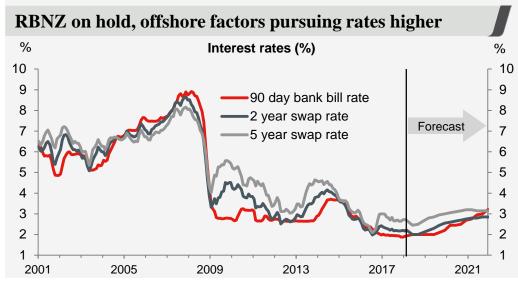


Source: Statistics NZ, Westpac Economics

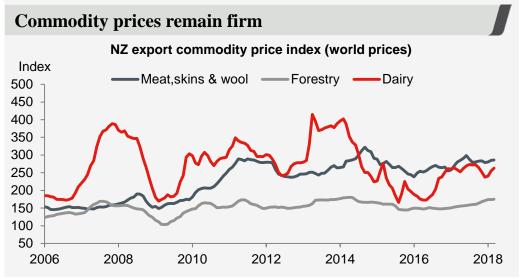




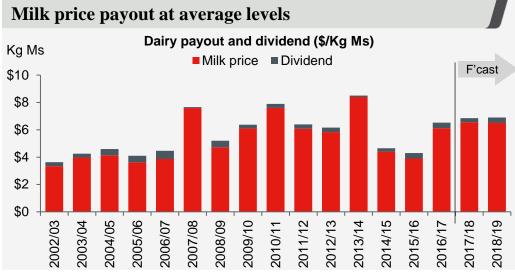




Source: RBNZ, Westpac Economics



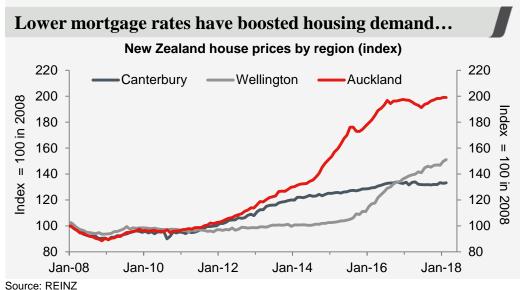
Source: ANZ, Westpac Economics

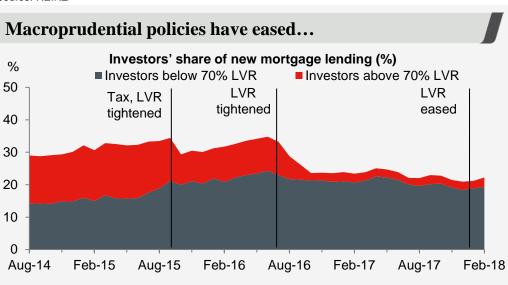


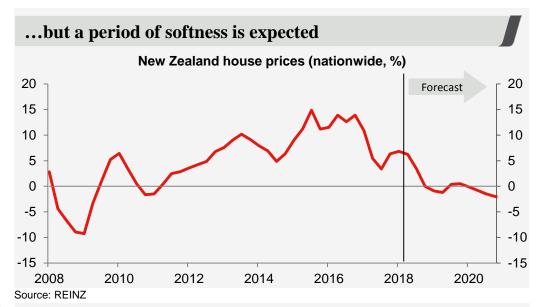
Source: Fonterra, Westpac Economics

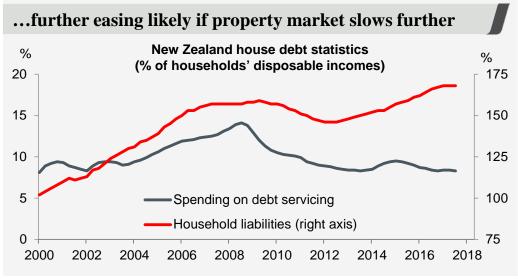








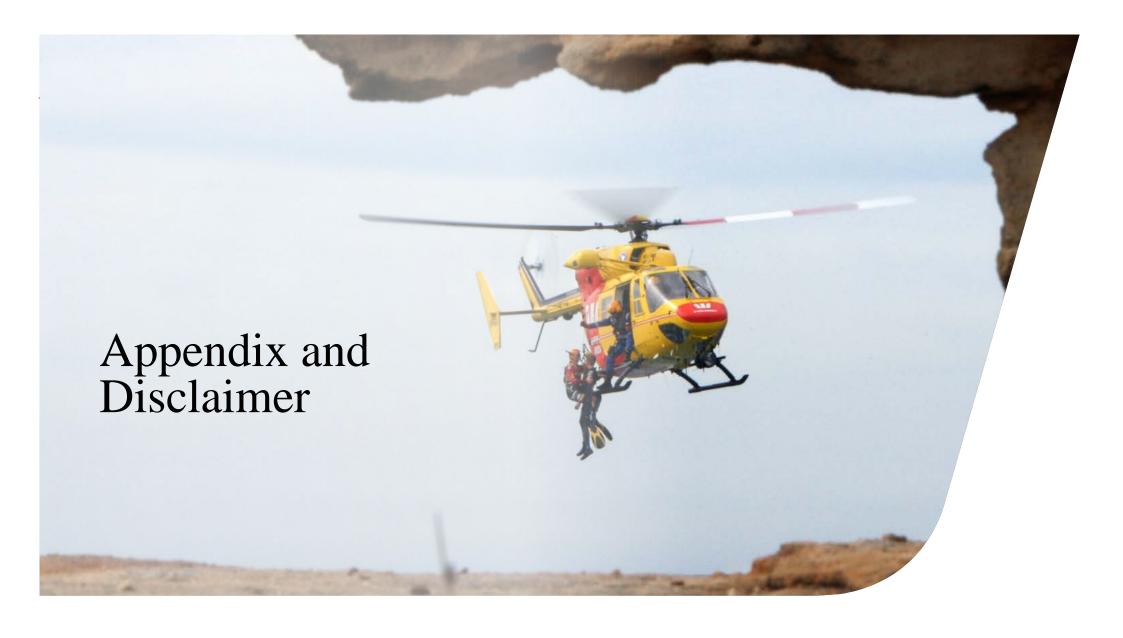




Source: REINZ, RBNZ, Westpac Economics



Source: RBNZ



Appendix 1: Cash earnings adjustments

Cash earnings adjustment	1H17 \$m	2H17 \$m	1H18 \$m	Description
Reported net profit	3,907	4,083	4,198	Net profit attributable to owners of Westpac Banking Corporation
Amortisation of intangible assets	73	64	17	Identifiable intangible assets arising from business acquisitions are amortised over their useful lives, ranging between four and twenty years. This amortisation (excluding capitalised software) is a cash earnings adjustment because it is a non-cash flow item and does not affect cash distributions available to shareholders. The last of these intangible assets were fully amortised in December 2017
Fair value (gain)/loss on economic hedges	7	62	37	The unrealised fair value (gain)/loss on FX hedges of future NZ earnings and accrual accounted term funding transactions are reversed in deriving cash earnings as they may create a material timing difference on reported results but they do not affect the Group's cash earnings over the life of the hedge
Ineffective hedges	(4)	20	9	The unrealised (gain)/loss on ineffective hedges is reversed in deriving cash earnings for the period because the gain or loss arising from the fair value movement in these hedges reverses over time and does not affect the Group's profits over time
Partial Sale of BTIM shares	-	(171)	-	During Second Half 2017 the Group recognised a gain, net of costs, associated with the partial sale of shares in BTIM. Consistent with the treatment of prior gains from sale, this gain has been treated as a cash earnings adjustment given its size and that it does not reflect ongoing operations. The Group has indicated that it may sell the remaining 10% shareholding in BTIM at some future date. Any future gain or loss on this shareholding will similarly be excluded from the calculation of cash earnings.
Treasury shares	34	(13)	(10)	Under AAS, Westpac shares held by the Group in the managed funds and life businesses are deemed to be Treasury shares and the results of holding these shares can not be recognised in the reported results. In deriving cash earnings, these results are included to ensure there is no asymmetrical impact on the Group's profits because the Treasury shares support policyholder liabilities and equity derivative transactions which are re-valued in determining income
Cash earnings	4,017	4,045	4,251	

Industry awards¹



Awarded Gold Class ranking in RobecoSAM's 2018 Sustainability Yearbook



Achieved highest "Leading" rating for the tenth consecutive year for disclosure of sustainability risks in 2017



Recognised in the 2017 CDP to achieve Leadership level for our response to climate change, announced in October 2017



Reconfirmed as a constituent of the Ethibel Sustainability Index (ESI) Excellence Global. announced March 2018



Achieved a Prime status rating and identified as a leading performer of sustainability since 2014

Sustainability indexes¹



Number one bank globally in 2017, for the 4th year in a row and the 10th time since the index was established



Included in the 2016 Global 100 Most Sustainable Corporations in the World, January 2016



FTSE4Good

Member of the FTSE4Good Index, of which Westpac has been a member for over 10 years, announced in April 2017



Member of the MSCI Global ESG Leaders index



Member of the STOXX 2016/2017 Global ESG Leaders Indices for the fourth consecutive year

Inclusion and diversity recognition¹



Included in the 2018 Bloomberg Gender Equality Index



#1 Bank in Top 10 Australian Network on Disability's Inaugural Access and Inclusion Index



Employer of Choice by The Workplace Gender Equality Agency for the 8th consecutive vear



Awarded Employer of the Year at the 2016 Women in Banking and Finance Awards



Named as Australia's 2016 Employer of the Year for LGBTI Inclusion in the Australian Workplace Equality Index Awards

¹ As at 31 December 2017.

Key commitments and partnerships¹



The Equator Principles Founding Adopter, First Australian Bank (2003)



Banking Environment Initiative Founding signatory (2012)



Climate Bonds Initiative Partner



Carbon Neutral Certification Since 2012



UN Environment Program Finance Initiative Founding Member (1991)



UN Sustainable Development Goals CEO Statement of Commitment (2015)



United Nations Global Compact Signatory (2002), Global Compact Network Australia Founding Member



Principles for **Responsible Investment** Signatory (2007)



Global Investor Coalition Statement on Climate Change Signatory (2014)



The Montreal Carbon Pledge Signatory (2014)



Carbon Markets Institute Corporate Member



We Mean Business Coalition Signatory (2015)



Climate Action 100+ Signatory (2018)



Supply Nation (for Indigenous owned businesses) Founding member (2016)



WeConnect International (for women owned businesses) (2014)

SOCIAL TRADERS

Social Traders (for social enterprises) Member of Connect (2016)

1 As at 31 December 2017.



Consumer Bank

Appendix 3: Definitions

Consumer Bank (CB) is responsible for sales and service to consumer customers in Australia under the Westpac, St.George, BankSA, Bank of Melbourne and RAMS brands. Activities are conducted through a dedicated team of specialist consumer relationship managers along with an extensive network of branches, call centres and ATMs. Customers are also supported by a range of internet and mobile banking solutions. CB also works in an integrated way with Business Bank, BTFG and WIB in the sales and service of certain financial services and products including in wealth and foreign exchange. The revenue from these products is mostly retained by the product originator

Business Bank

Business Bank (BB) is responsible for sales and service to micro. SME and commercial business customers in Australia for facilities up to approximately \$150 million. The division operates under the Westpac, St.George, BankSA and Bank of Melbourne brands, Customers are provided with a wide range of banking and financial products and services to support their borrowing, payments and transaction needs. In addition, specialist services are provided for cash flow finance, trade finance, automotive and equipment finance, property finance and treasury. The division is also responsible for consumer customers with auto finance loans. BB works in an integrated way with Consumer Bank, BTFG and WIB in the sales and service of select financial services and products including corporate superannuation, foreign exchange and interest rate hedging. The revenue from these products is mostly retained by the product originator

WIB

Westpac Institutional Bank (WIB) delivers a broad range of financial products and services to commercial, corporate, institutional and government customers with connections to Australia and New Zealand. WIB operates through dedicated industry relationship and specialist product teams, with expert knowledge in financing, transactional banking, and financial and debt capital markets. Customers are supported throughout Australia as well as via branches and subsidiaries located in New Zealand. the US, UK and Asia. WIB is also responsible for Westpac Pacific currently providing a range of banking services in Fiji and PNG. WIB works in an integrated way with all the Group's divisions in the provision of more complex financial needs including across foreign exchange and fixed interest solutions

BTFG

BT Financial Group (Australia) (BTFG) is the Australian wealth management and insurance arm of the Westpac Group providing a broad range of associated services. BTFG's funds management operations include the manufacturing and distribution of investment, superannuation and retirement products, wealth administration platforms, private wealth. margin lending and equities broking. BTFG's insurance business covers the manufacturing and distribution of life, general and lenders mortgage insurance. The division also uses third parties to manufacture certain general insurance products. In managing risk across all insurance classes the division reinsures certain risks using external providers. In addition to the BT brand, BTFG operates a range of financial service brands along with the banking brands of Westpac, St.George, Bank of Melbourne and BankSA for Private Wealth and Insurance.

Westpac NZ

Westpac New Zealand is responsible for sales and service of banking, wealth and insurance products for consumers, business and institutional customers in New Zealand. Westpac conducts its New Zealand banking business through two banks in New Zealand: Westpac New Zealand Limited, which is incorporated in New Zealand and Westpac Banking Corporation (New Zealand Branch), which is incorporated in Australia. Westpac New Zealand operates via an extensive network of branches and ATMs across both the North and South Islands. Business and institutional customers are also served through relationship and specialist product teams. Banking products are provided under the Westpac brand while insurance and wealth products are provided under Westpac Life and BT brands, respectively. New Zealand also maintains its own infrastructure, including technology, operations and treasury

Group **Businesses or** GBU

This segment provides centralised Group functions including Treasury, Technology and Core Support (finance, human resources etc.). Costs are partially allocated to other divisions in the Group, with costs attributed to enterprise activity retained in Group Businesses. This segment also reflects Group items including: earnings on capital not allocated to divisions, earnings from non-core asset sales, earnings and costs associated with the Group's fintech investments and certain other head office items such as centrally raised provisions



Appendix 3: Definitions

Capital ratios	As defined by APRA (unless stated otherwise)		The NSFR is defined as the ratio of the amount of available stable funding (ASF) to the amount of required stable funding (RSF) defined by APRA. The amount of ASF is the portion of an ADI's capital and liabilities expected to be a reliable source of funds over a one year time horizon. The amount of RSF is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of an ADI's assets and off-balance sheet activities. ADI's must maintain an NSFR of at least 100%			
Risk weighted assets or RWA	Assets (both on and off-balance sheet) are risk weighted according to each asset's inherent potential for default and what the likely losses would be in case of default. In the case of non-asset-backed risks (ie. market and operational risk), RWA is determined by multiplying the capital requirements for those risks by 12.5	Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)				
Leverage ratio	As defined by APRA (unless stated otherwise). Tier 1 capital divided by 'exposure measure' and expressed as a percentage. 'Exposure measure' is the sum of on-balance sheet exposures, derivative exposures, securities financing transaction exposures and other off-balance sheet exposures	90 days past due and not impaired	Includes facilities where: contractual payments of interest and / or principal are 90 or more calendar days overdue, including overdrafts or other revolving facilities			
Internationally comparable ratios	Internationally comparable regulatory capital ratios are Westpac's estimated ratios after adjusting the capital ratios determined under APRA Basel III regulations for various items. Analysis aligns with the APRA study titled "International capital comparison study" dated 13 July 2015		 that remain continuously outside approved limits by material amounts for 90 or more calendar days (including accounts for customers who have been granted hardship assistance); or an order has been sought for the customer's bankruptcy or similar legal action has been instituted which may avoid or delay repayment of its credit obligations; and 			
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR)	An APRA requirement to maintain an adequate level of unencumbered high quality liquid assets, to meet liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day period under an APRA-defined severe stress scenario. Absent a situation of financial stress, the value of the LCR must not be less than 100%, effective 1 January 2015. LCR is calculated as the percentage ratio of stock of HQLA and CLF over the total net cash out-flows in a modelled 30 day defined stressed scenario		 the estimated net realisable value of assets / security to which Westpac has recourse is sufficient to cover repayment of all principal and interest, or where there are otherwise reasonable grounds to expect payment in full and interest is being taken to profit on an accrual basis. These facilities, while in default, are not treated as impaired for accounting purposes 			
High quality liquid assets (HQLA)	Assets which meet APRA's criteria for inclusion as HQLA in the numerator of the LCR	Collectively assessed	Loans not found to be individually impaired or significant will be collectively assessed in pools of similar assets with similar risk characteristics. The size of the provision is an estimate of the losses already incurred and will be estimated on the basis of historical loss experience for assets with credit			
Committed liquidity (CLF)	The RBA makes available to Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions a CLF that, subject to qualifying conditions, can be accessed to meet LCR requirements under APS210 Liquidity	provisions or CAPs	characteristics similar to those in the collective pool. The historical loss experience will be adjusted based on current observable data. Included in the collectively assessed provision is an economic overlay provision which is calculated based on changes that occurred in sectors of the economy or in the economy as a whole			

Appendix 3: Definitions

Includes exposures that have deteriorated to the point where full collection of interest and principal is in doubt, based on an assessment of the customer's outlook, cashflow, and the net realisation of value of assets to which recourse is held and includes:

- facilities 90 days or more past due, and full recovery is in doubt: exposures where contractual payments are 90 or more days in arrears and the net realisable value of assets to which recourse is held may not be sufficient to allow full collection of interest and principal, including overdrafts or other revolving facilities that remain continuously outside approved limits by material amounts for 90 or more calendar days:
- non-accrual assets: exposures with individually assessed impairment provisions held against them, excluding restructured loans;
- restructured assets: exposures where the original contractual terms have been formally modified to provide for concessions of interest or principal for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer;
- other assets acquired through security enforcement (includes other real estate owned): includes the value of any other assets acquired as full or partial settlement of outstanding obligations through the enforcement of security arrangements; and
- any other assets where the full collection of interest and principal is in doubt

Individually assessed provisions or IAPs

Impaired

assets

Provisions raised for losses that have already been incurred on loans that are known to be impaired and are assessed on an individual basis. The estimated losses on these impaired loans is based on expected future cash flows discounted to their present value and, as this discount unwinds, interest will be recognised in the income statement

Stressed assets

Watchlist and substandard, 90 days past due and not impaired and impaired assets

Watchlist and substandard

Loan facilities where customers are experiencing operating weakness and financial difficulty but are not expected to incur loss of interest or principal

Total committed exposures (TCE)	Represents the sum of the committed portion of direct lending (including funds placement overall and deposits placed), contingent and presettlement risk plus the committed portion of secondary market trading and underwriting risk
Average interest-earning assets (AIEA)	The average balance of assets held by the Group that generate interest income. Where possible, daily balances are used to calculate the average balance for the period
Cash earnings per ordinary share	Cash earnings divided by the weighted average ordinary shares (cash earnings basis)
Core earnings	Net operating income less operating expenses
Full-time equivalent employees (FTE)	A calculation based on the number of hours worked by full and part-time employees as part of their normal duties. The full-time equivalent of one FTE is 76 hours paid work per fortnight
Net interest margin (NIM)	Calculated by dividing net interest income by average interest-earning assets
Net tangible assets per ordinary share	Net tangible assets (total equity less goodwill and other intangible assets less minority interests) divided by the number of ordinary shares on issue (reported)
Weighted average ordinary shares (cash earnings)	Weighted average number of fully paid ordinary shares listed on the ASX for the relevant period
Women in Leadership	Women in Leadership refers to the proportion of women (permanent and maximum term) in leadership roles across the Group. It includes the CEO, Group Executive, General Managers, senior leaders with significant influence on business outcomes, (direct reports to General Managers and their direct reports), large (3+) team people leaders three levels below general manager, and Bank and Assistant Bank Managers

Appendix 3: Definitions

Data based on DBM Consultants, Respondents aged 18+ and 12 month rolling. Wealth penetration is defined as the proportion of Australians who have a Deposit Product, Lending Product or Credit/Debit Card with a Banking Group and also have Managed Funds, Superannuation or Insurance with the same Banking Group. Note: Westpac and St.George use Managed Funds, Superannuation or Insurance with Westpac Group.	Net Promoter Score or NPS	Net Promoter Score measures the net likelihood of recommendation to others of the customer's main financial institution. Net Promoter Score SM is a trademark of Bain & Co Inc., Satmetrix Systems, Inc., and Mr Frederick Reichheld. Using a scale of 0 to 10 (0 means 'extremely unlikely' and 10 means 'extremely likely'), the 0-6 raters (detractors) are deducted from the 9-10 raters (promoters)	
Westpac includes Westpac and Challenge Bank. St.George includes	NPS – overall consumer	Source: DBM Consultants Consumer Atlas, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers	
Westpac Group includes Westpac, Challenge Bank, St.George, BankSA, Bank of Melbourne, RAMS, Dragondirect, Advance Asset	NPS – overall business	Source: DBM Consultants Business Financial Services Monitor, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers, all businesses	
Management, Asgard, Bankers Trust, BT, Rothschild and Sealcorp. Peers includes: ANZ Group, CBA Group and NAB Group.	NDS SME	Source: DBM Consultants Business Financial Services Monitor, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers, SME businesses. SME	
The Customer Satisfaction score is an average of customer satisfaction ratings of the customer's main financial institution for business banking	NPS – SME	businesses are those organisations with annual turnover under \$5 million (excluding Agribusinesses)	
on a scale of 0 to 10 (0 means 'extremely dissatisfied' and 10 means 'extremely satisfied')		Source: 3 month rolling Retail Market Monitor data (survey conducted by Camorra Research). Respondents are asked about likelihood to recommend their main bank to family and friends on a scale of 1	
Source: DBM Consultants Consumer Atlas, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers	(Westpac NZ)	(extremely unlikely) to 10 (extremely likely). Net Promoter Score is represents % of Promoters (recommend score of 9 or 10) minus % of Detractors (recommend score of 1 to 6)	
Source: DBM Consultants Business Financial Services Monitor, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers, all businesses	NPS Business	Source: 6 month rolling Business Finance Monitor data (survey conducted by Kantar TNS among businesses with an annual turnover o \$5 to \$150 million). Respondents are asked about likelihood to recommend their main business bank to business colleagues and	
3 month rolling Retail Market Monitor data (survey conducted by Camorra Research). Main bank customers are asked to rate the overall level of service they receive from their main bank on a scale of 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent). Results represent the % of customers who rate the	(Westpac NZ)	associates on a scale of 1 (extremely unlikely) to 10 (extremely likely). Net Promoter Score is represents % of Promoters (recommend score of 9 or 10) minus % of Detractors (recommend score of 1 to 6)	
service as either 4 (very good) or 5 (excellent), excluding "don't know"		6 month rolling Agri Market Monitor data (survey conducted by Key Research). Respondents are asked about likelihood to recommend their	
The ranking refers to Westpac Group's position relative to the other three major Australian banking groups (ANZ Group, CBA Group and NAB Group)	NPS Agri (Westpac NZ)	main business bank to business colleagues, friends or family on a scale of 1 (extremely unlikely) to 10 (extremely likely). Net Promoter Score is represents % of Promoters (recommend score of 9 or 10) minus % of Detractors (recommend score of 1 to 6)	
	rolling. Wealth penetration is defined as the proportion of Australians who have a Deposit Product, Lending Product or Credit/Debit Card with a Banking Group and also have Managed Funds, Superannuation or Insurance with the same Banking Group. Note: Westpac and St. George use Managed Funds, Superannuation or Insurance with Westpac Group. Westpac includes Westpac and Challenge Bank. St. George includes St. George, BankSA, Bank of Melbourne, RAMS and Dragondirect. Westpac Group includes Westpac, Challenge Bank, St. George, BankSA, Bank of Melbourne, RAMS, Dragondirect, Advance Asset Management, Asgard, Bankers Trust, BT, Rothschild and Sealcorp. Peers includes: ANZ Group, CBA Group and NAB Group. The Customer Satisfaction score is an average of customer satisfaction ratings of the customer's main financial institution for business banking on a scale of 0 to 10 (0 means 'extremely dissatisfied' and 10 means 'extremely satisfied') Source: DBM Consultants Consumer Atlas, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers Source: DBM Consultants Business Financial Services Monitor, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers, all businesses 3 month rolling Retail Market Monitor data (survey conducted by Camorra Research). Main bank customers are asked to rate the overall level of service they receive from their main bank on a scale of 1 (poor) to 5 (excellent). Results represent the % of customers who rate the service as either 4 (very good) or 5 (excellent), excluding "don't know" The ranking refers to Westpac Group's position relative to the other three major Australian banking groups (ANZ Group, CBA Group and	rolling. Wealth penetration is defined as the proportion of Australians who have a Deposit Product, Lending Product or Credit/Debit Card with a Banking Group and also have Managed Funds, Superannuation or Insurance with the same Banking Group. Note: Westpac and St.George use Managed Funds, Superannuation or Insurance with Westpac Group. Westpac includes Westpac and Challenge Bank. St.George includes St.George, BankSA, Bank of Melbourne, RAMS and Dragondirect. Westpac Group includes Westpac, Challenge Bank, St.George, BankSA, Bank of Melbourne, RAMS, Dragondirect, Advance Asset Management, Asgard, Bankers Trust, BT, Rothschild and Sealcorp. Peers includes: ANZ Group, CBA Group and NAB Group. The Customer Satisfaction score is an average of customer satisfaction ratings of the customer's main financial institution for business banking on a scale of 0 to 10 (0 means 'extremely dissatisfied' and 10 means 'extremely satisfied') Source: DBM Consultants Consumer Atlas, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers Source: DBM Consultants Business Financial Services Monitor, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers, all businesses Source: DBM Consultants Business Financial Services Monitor, March 2016 – March 2018, 6MMA. MFI customers, all businesses NPS Consumer (Westpac NZ) NPS Business (Westpac NZ) The ranking refers to Westpac Group's position relative to the other three major Australian banking groups (ANZ Group, CBA Group and	

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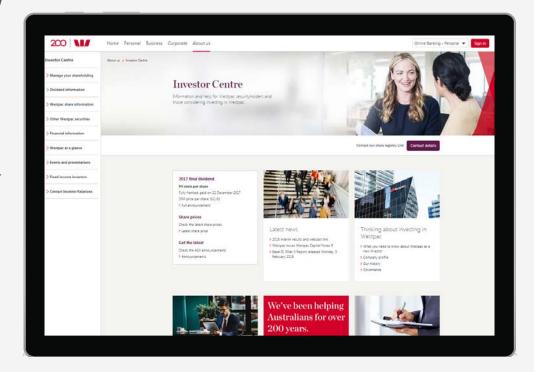
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