

3Q15 Capital & Asset Quality Update (Pillar 3)

### **AUGUST 2015**

This document should be read in conjunction with Westpac's Pillar 3 report for June 2015, incorporating the requirements of APS330. All comparisons in this document refer to 30 June 2015 compared to 31 March 2015 (unless otherwise stated)

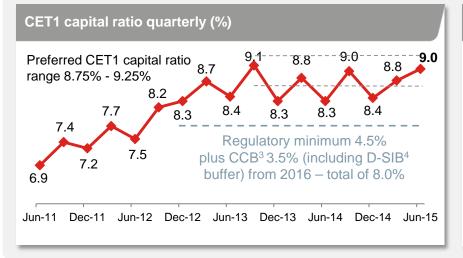


# Capital ratios strengthened

#### Key movements in CET1¹ capital ratio in 3Q15

- 1H15 DRP and partial DRP underwrite (+58bps)
- Sale of shares in BTIM<sup>2</sup> (Institutional Offer) (+11bps)
- Other items impacting capital included
  - 1H15 interim dividend (-83bps)
  - RWA growth (excluding FX translation impact) (-22bps)
  - FX translation impact (+10bps)
  - 3Q15 earnings partially offset by rise in capital deductions

Key capital ratios (%)			
	Jun-14	Mar-15	Jun-15
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio	8.3	8.8	9.0
Additional Tier 1 capital	1.7	1.5	1.5
Tier 1 capital ratio	10.0	10.3	10.5
Tier 2 capital	1.7	1.8	1.9
Total regulatory capital ratio	11.7	12.1	12.4
Risk weighted assets (RWA) (\$bn)	331	347	351



#### **Capital initiatives since June 2015**

Since June 2015 a number of initiatives have been implemented that would have increased total regulatory capital by 49bps

- Finalised BTIM Retail Offer. Increases CET1 capital ratio and total regulatory capital ratio by around 4bps
- New hybrid Westpac Capital Notes 3. Expected to raise around \$1.25bn in Additional Tier 1 capital (adds around 36bps to Tier 1 and total regulatory capital ratios)
- In August 2015 issued \$0.3bn of Tier 2 capital (adds around 9bps to Tier 2 capital and total regulatory capital ratios)

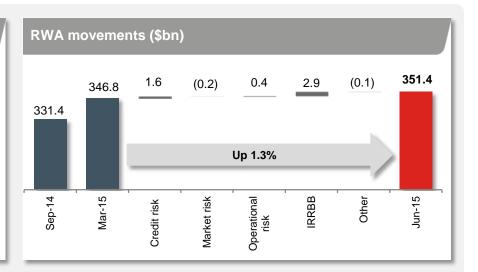


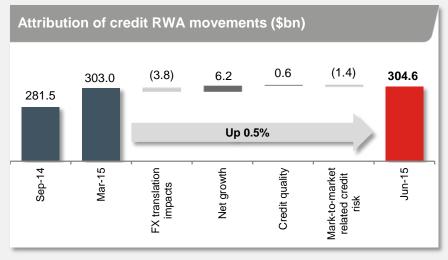
<sup>1</sup> CET1 is common equity Tier 1. 2 BTIM is BT Investment Management. 3 CCB is capital conservation buffer. 4 D-SIB Is domestic systemically important banks.

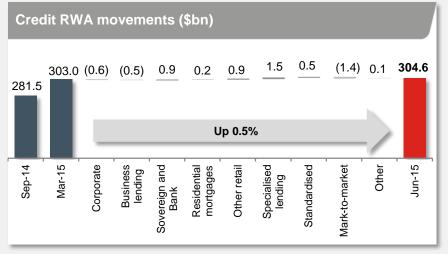
## **RWA** movements

#### **RWA** movements in 3Q15

- Total RWA increased 1.3%
- Credit RWA increased 0.5% or \$1.6bn
  - \$6.2bn reflecting business growth
  - \$0.6bn from changes in credit risk
  - \$3.8bn reduction from translation impacts of the lower NZD
  - \$1.4bn reduction from lower mark-to-market credit risk
- Higher interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB) as rising market interest rates contributed to a lower embedded gain
- Other RWA classes relatively stable over the quarter







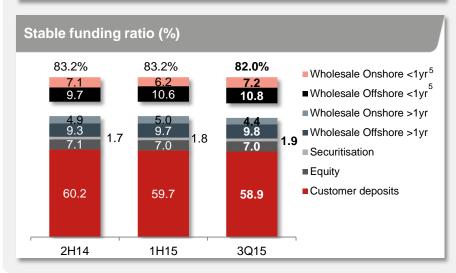


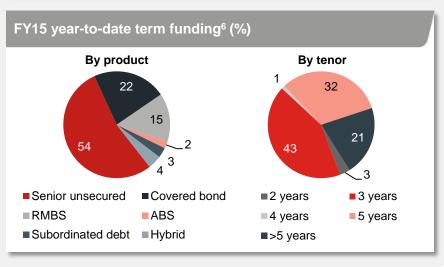
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# Strong funding and liquidity position maintained

- Strong funding and liquidity position maintained
- Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) 111% including
  - \$63bn of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)
  - APRA approved access to a Committed Liquidity Facility (CLF) of \$66bn for calendar year 2015
- \$141bn unencumbered liquid assets held as at 30 June 2015 (includes some liquids not qualifying for LCR and some liquids that are subject to haircut when included in LCR)
- Stable funding ratio 82.0%
  - \$30bn of term wholesale funding raised year to date, including \$2.2bn in capital securities. Weighted average term to maturity of 4.9 years

Liquidity coverage ratio (\$bn)		
	1H15	3Q15
High Quality Liquid Assets <sup>1</sup> (HQLA)	57	63
Committed Liquidity Facility <sup>2</sup> (CLF)	66	66
Total LCR liquid assets	123	129
Cash outflows in a 30-day defined stressed scenario		
Customer deposits	66	69
Wholesale funding	17	22
Other flows <sup>3</sup>	25	25
Total	108	116
LCR⁴	114%	111%



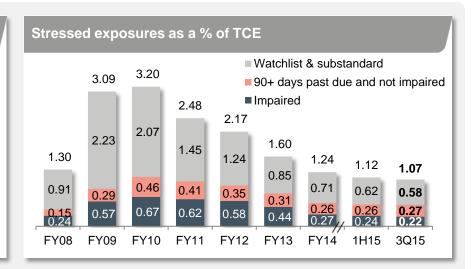


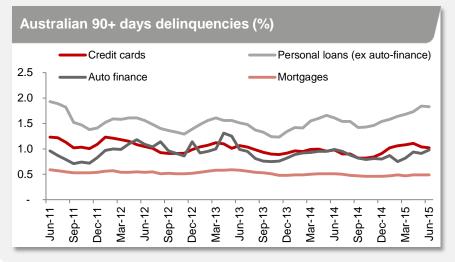
1 Includes HQLA as defined in APS 210, BS-13 qualifying liquids, less RBA open repos funding end of day exchange settlement account (ESA) balances with the RBA. 2 The RBA makes available to Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions a CLF that, subject to qualifying conditions, can be accessed to meet LCR requirements under APS210 – Liquidity. 3 Other flows include credit and liquidity facilities, collateral outflows and inflows from customers. 4 LCR is calculated as the percentage ratio of HQLA and CLF over the total net cash outflows in a modelled 30-day defined stressed s

# High quality credit portfolio

#### Key asset quality metrics

- Stressed assets down \$320m (3%) to \$9.85bn
- Australian mortgage 90+ days delinquencies up 2bps to 49bps with most of the rise due to higher delinquencies in WA and Vic
- Australian credit card 90+ days delinquencies down 6bps to 102bps in line with seasonal trends
- Auto finance 90+ days delinquencies a little higher
- · High quality New Zealand consumer portfolio maintained
  - 90+ days mortgage delinquencies down 4bps to 21bps
  - 90+ days credit card delinquencies down 10bps to 60bps
- Strong provisions and coverage
  - Total provisions \$3,458m
  - No change to economic overlays

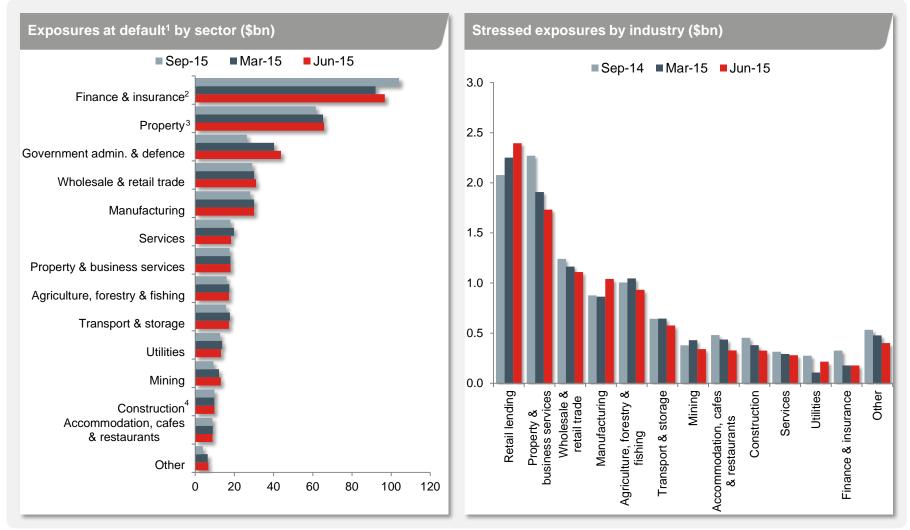




Provision coverage ratios				
	1H14	2H14	1H15	3Q15
Collectively assessed provisions to credit RWA	97bps	93bps	89bps	89bps
Collectively assessed provisions to performing non-housing loans	134bps	129bps	128bps	128bps
Impairment provisions to impaired assets	46%	45%	48%	47%
Total provisions to gross loans	67bps	60bps	58bps	56bps



# A well diversified portfolio across industries



<sup>1</sup> Exposures at default represents an estimate of the amount of committed exposure expected to be drawn by the customer at the time of default. Chart excludes consumer lending. 2 Finance and insurance includes banks, non-banks, includes companies and other firms providing services to the finance and insurance sectors. 3 Property includes both residential and non-residential property investors and developers, and excludes real estate agents. 4 Construction includes building and non-building construction, and industries serving the construction sector.

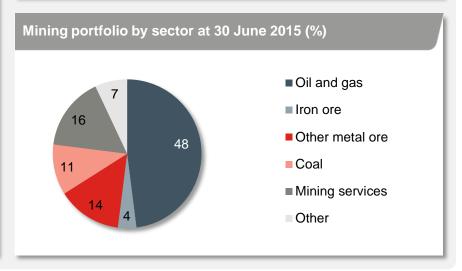


# Trends in key business portfolios

#### Trends in key business portfolios over 3Q15

- Asset quality continues to improve with most portfolios recording a reduction in stress
- Some portfolios experienced a rise in stress including retail, manufacturing and utilities
  - In retail, the rise aligns with the small increase in delinquencies
  - In manufacturing and utilities, the rise in stress is isolated to a small number of names
- Economic overlay provisions are maintained for the manufacturing and mining segments
- Stress in the commercial property portfolio continued to reduce, down from 1.8% at 1H15 to 1.6% at 3Q15
- High quality mining portfolio
  - Stress in mining reduced in 3Q15
  - Diversified by commodity, customers and region
  - Focused on quality operators with efficient, lower cost operating models
  - Well rated, with under 1% of exposures in default
  - Underwriting includes customer sensitivity to movements in commodity prices
  - Some increase in retail and manufacturing stress related to pressure in the commodity sector

Mining portfolio at 30 June 2015		
Exposure at default	\$13.0bn	
% of total portfolio	1.4%	
On balance sheet lending	\$7.6bn	
Average risk grade <sup>1</sup>	BBB equivalent	
% of mining portfolio graded as 'stressed'1	2.61%	
% of mining portfolio in default	0.82%	





<sup>1</sup> Includes impaired exposures in default.

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